This compilation is NOT meant to substitute official notifications issued from time to time. It has been prepared ONLY for the purpose of convenient reference for general public. While efforts are made to incorporate changes from time to time by the Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine & Storage, Faridabad, no claims/liabilities shall be entertained for any errors that might have crept in this compilation. For authentication, relevant notification issued may be referred to.



THIS IS AN UPDATED AND CONSOLIDATED VERSION OF THE PLANT QUARANTINE (REGULATION OF IMPORT INTO INDIA) ORDER, 2003, AND INCLUDES AMENDMENTS ISSUED THERETO FROM TIME TO TIME

Introductory Note

Plant Quarantine (Regulation of Import into India) Order, 2003 regulates import and prohibition of import of plants and plant products into India. The Order was published in the Gazette of India, vide, S.O.1322 (E), dated 18thNovember, 2003 and has been subsequently amended vide following notifications:

Sl. No.	Notifications	Sl. No.	Notifications
1.	S.O. 167 (E), dated 6 th February, 2004	36.	S.O. 2542 (E), dated 29 th September, 2014
2.	S.O. 427 (E), dated 29 th March, 2004	37.	S.O. 2879 (E), dated 11 th November, 2014
3.	S.O. 644 (E), dated 31 st May, 2004	38.	S.O. 3114 (E), dated 10 th December, 2014
4.	S.O. 203 (E), dated 14 th February, 2005	39.	S.O. 1413 (E), dated 26 th May, 2015
5.	S.O. 263 (E), dated 25 th February, 2005	40.	S.O. 2496 (E), dated 15 th September, 2015
6.	S.O. 462 (E), dated 31 st March, 2005	41.	S.O. 101(E), dated 13 th January, 2016
7.	S.O. 1121(E), dated 14 th July, 2006	42.	S.O.680 (E), dated 7 th March, 2016
8.	S.O. 1353, dated 31 st July, 2006	43.	S.O. 1873 (E), dated 25 th May, 2016
9.	S.O. 1873(E), dated 31st October, 2006	44.	S.O. 2192 (E), dated 23 rd June, 2016
10.	S.O. 2074(E), dated 6 th December, 2006	45.	S.O. 2248 (E), dated 29 th June, 2016
11.	S.O. 2069 (E), dated 3 rd December, 2007	46.	S.O. 2453 (E), dated 5 th July, 2016
12.	S.O. 3 (E), dated 31st December 2007	47.	S.O. 2614 (E), dated 5 th August, 2016
13.	S.O. 2847 (E), dated 8 th December, 2008	48.	S.O. 264 (E), dated 12 th January, 2017
14.	S.O. 2888(E), dated 15 th December, 2008	49.	S.O. 364 (E), dated 3 rd February, 2017
15.	S.O. 2286(E), dated 9 th September, 2009	50.	S.O. 1344 (E), dated 27 th April, 2017
16.	S.O. 2390(E), dated 16 th September, 2009	51.	S.O. 1475 (E), dated 8 th May, 2017
17.	S.O. 3269(E), dated 23 rd December, 2009	52.	S.O. 2019 (E), dated 21 st June, 2017
18.	S.O. 3298(E), dated 24 th December, 2009	53.	S.O. 2152 (E), dated 6 th July, 2017
19.	S.O. 907(E), dated 21 st April, 2010	54.	S.O. 2752 (E), dated 23 rd August, 2017
20.	S.O. 2095(E), dated 27 th August, 2010	55.	S.O.3293 (E), dated 6 th October, 2017
21.	S.O. 2284(E), dated 15 th September, 2010	56.	S.O. 3556 (E), dated 7 th November, 2017
22.	S.O. 2516(E), dated 11 th October, 2010	57.	S.O. 4082 (E), dated 27 th December, 2017
23.	S.O. 2711(E), dated 4 th November, 2010	58.	S.O. 1248 (E), dated 20 th March, 2018
24.	S.O. 3052(E), dated 28 th December, 2010	59.	S.O. 1873 (E), dated 10 th May, 2018
25.	S.O. 887(E), dated 28 th April, 2011	60.	S.O. 1930 (E), dated 15 th May, 2018
26.	S.O. 2845(E), dated 21 th December, 2011	61.	S.O. 2059 (E), dated 24 th May, 2018
27.	S.O. 296 (E), dated 17 th February, 2012	62.	S.O. 2286 (E), dated 4 th June, 2018
28.	S.O. 2775(E), dated 23 rd November, 2012	63.	S.O 3194 (E) dated 29 th June, 2018
29.	S.O. 799(E), dated 21 th March, 2013	64.	S.O. 3392 (E) dated 10 th July, 2018
30.	S.O. 1378 (E), dated 28 th May, 2013	65.	S.O. 3998 (E) dated 16 th August, 2018
31.	S.O. 1531 (E), dated 14 th June, 2013	66.	S.O.5158 (E) dated 3 rd October, 2018
32.	S.O. 2919 (E), dated 26 th September, 2013	67.	S.O.5830 (E) dated 22 nd November, 2018
33.	S.O. 1508 (E), dated 13 th June, 2014	68.	S.O.6224 (E) dated 18 th December, 2018
34.	S.O. 1632 (E), dated 27 th June, 2014	69.	S.O. 941(E) dated 19 th February, 2019
35.	S.O. 2320 (E), dated 12 th September, 2014	70.	S.O.1728 (E) dated 6 th May, 2019

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Sl. No.	Notifications	Sl. No.	Notifications
71.	S.O. 1817 (E), dated 24 th May, 2019		
72.	S.O. 1954 (E), dated 11 th June, 2019		
73.	S.O. 2525 (E) dated 15 th July, 2019 and its		
	corrigendum S.O. 2603 (E) dated 18 th July,		
	2019		
74.	S.O. 3141 (E), dated 29 th August, 2019		
75.	S.O. 3357 (E), dated 17 th September, 2019		
76.	S.O. 3594 (E), dated 1 st October, 2019		
77.	S. O. 3845 (E), dated 24 th October, 2019		
78.	S.O. 4083 (E) dated 8 th November, 2019		
79.	S.O. 4615 (E) dated 21 st December, 2019		
80.	S.O. 352 (E) dated 24 th January, 2020		
81.	S.O. 488 (E) dated 31 st January, 2020		
82.	S.O. 953 (E) dated 2 nd March, 2020		
83.	S.O. 1404(E) dated 27 th April, 2020		
84.	S.O. 2390(E) dated 20 th July, 2020		
85.	S.O. 3646(E) dated 14 th October, 2020		
86.	S.O.4243(E) dated 17 th November, 2020 &		
	Corrigendum issued vide S.O. 681(E) dated		
	10 th February, 2021		
87.	S.O. 1139(E) dated 9 th March, 2021		
88.	S.O. 1491(E) dated 7 th April, 2021		
89.	S.O. 2511(E) dated 10 th June, 2021		
90.	S.O. 2512(E) dated 10 th June, 2021		
91.	S.O. 3404(E) dated 13 th August, 2021		
92.	S.O. 3686 (E), dated 9 th September, 2021		
93.	S.O. 5103 (E), dated 2 nd November, 2021		
94.	S.O. 4870 (E), dated 25 th November, 2021		
95.	S.O. 5134 (E), dated 10 th December, 2021		

The Plant Quarantine Order has 15 clauses describing various aspects and conditions of import of agricultural articles (plants and plant products) into India. There are 16 forms for various plant quarantine regulatory functions. The Order has following Schedules:

- Schedule I Points of Entry for Imports of plants/plant materials and other articles
- Schedule II List of Inland Container Depots and Container Freight Stations for import of plants and plant products
- Schedule III List of Foreign Post Offices for import of plants and plant products
- Schedule IV List of plants/planting materials and countries from where import is prohibited along with justification
- Schedule V List of plants and plant materials imports of which are restricted and permissible only by authorized institutions with additional declarations and subject to special conditions
- Schedule VI List of plants/plant materials permitted import with additional declarations and special conditions
- Schedule VII List of plants/planting materials where imports are permissible on the basis of phytosanitary certificate issued by the exporting country, the inspection conducted by Inspection Authority and fumigation, if required, including all other general conditions
- Schedule VIII List of Quarantine Weed Species
- Schedule IX A- Inspection Fees; B- Fumigation/disinfection/disinfestation/supervision charges
- Schedule X List of Permit Issuing Authorities for Import of Seeds, Plants and Plant Products and other articles
- Schedule XI List of Inspection Authorities for Certification of Post-Entry Quarantine facilities and inspection of growing plants
- Schedule XII Quantities of seeds permitted for trial purpose/accession to gene bank of National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources

PLANT QUARANTINE (REGULATION OF IMPORT INTO INDIA) ORDER, 2003 (Updated and consolidated version)

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 (2 of 1914), the Central Government hereby makes the following Order, for the purpose of prohibiting and regulating the import into India of agricultural articles mentioned herein, namely:-

CHAPTER I Preliminary

1. Short title and commencement. –

- (1) This order may be called the Plant Quarantine (Regulation of Import into India) Order, 2003.
- (2) Sub-clause (22) of clause 3 shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 2004 and all other provisions of this Order shall come into force on the 1st day of January, 2004.
- 2. **Definitions.** –In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires.
 - (i) "additional declaration" means a statement that is required by an importing country to be entered in a phytosanitary certificate and which provides specific additional information pertinent to the phytosanitary condition of a consignment;
 - (ii) "bio-control agent" means any biological agent such as parasite, predator, parasitoid, microbial organism or self replicating entity that is used for control of pests;
 - (iii) "consignment"- means a quantity of seeds, plants and plant products or any regulated article consigned from one party to other at any one time shipment and covered by a phytosanitary certificate, bill of entry of customs, shipping/airway bill or invoice;
 - (iv) "cotton" includes ginned cotton, cotton linters and dropping, tripping, fly and other waste products of cotton mill other than yarn waste, but does not include cotton seed or un-ginned cotton;
 - (v) "form" means a form appended to this Order
 - (vi) "**fruit**" means any fleshy portion of the plant, that contains seeds, which is used for consumption, including seedless fruit both fresh and dry but does not include preserved or prickled or frozen fruits.
 - (vii) "grain" means seeds intended for processing or consumption and not for sowing or propagation.
 - (viii) "germplasm" means plants in whole or in parts and their propagules including seeds, vegetative parts, tissue cultures, cell cultures, genes and DNA based sequences that are held in a repository or collected from wild as the case may be and are utilized in genetic studies or plant breeding programmes for crop improvement;
 - (ix) "import" means an act of bringing into any part or place of territory of Republic of Indiaany kind of seed, plant or plant product and other regulated article from a place outside India either by sea, land, air or across any customs frontier;

- (x) "import permit" means an official document authorizing importation of a consignment in accordance with specified phytosanitary requirements;
- (xi) "Inspection Authority" means an authority specified in Part I of Schedule XI or an officer of the Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine and Storage duly authorized by the Plant Protection Adviser for the purpose of approval and certification of Post-entry quarantinefacilities and inspection of growing plants in such facilities in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Plant Protection Adviser and for any specified purpose, an authority specified in Part II of the said Schedule.
- (xii) "**Irradiation**" means the treatment of food or agricultural products with any type of processing of ionized radiation such as gamma irradiation or micro-electron acceleration processing.
- (xiii) "**issuing authority**" means an authority as envisaged under Schedule-IV of this order or duly notified by the Central Government from time to time either generally or specifically for issuance of import permit;
- (xiv) "**notification**" means a notification published in the official Gazette and the expression "notifies" shall be construed accordingly;
- (xv) "noxious weeds" mean any weed harmful or hazardous or unwholesome to human beings, animal life or parasitic on plant species;
- (xvi) "packing material" means any kind of material of plant origin used for packing of goods;
- (xvii) "pest" means any species, strain or biotype of plant, animal or pathogenic agent injurious to plants and plant products;
- (xviii) "**pest risk analysis**" means the process of evaluating biological or other scientific and economic evidence to determine whether a pest should be regulated and strength of any phytosanitary measures to be taken against it;
- (xix) "phytosanitary certificate" means a certificate issued in the model format prescribed under the International Plant Protection Convention of the Food & Agricultural Organization and issued by an authorized officer at the country of origin of consignment or re-export;
- (xx) "plant" means a living plants and parts thereof including seed and germplasm;
- (xxi) "plant product" means an un-manufactured material of plant origin including grain and those manufactured products that, by their nature or that of their processing, may create risk for the introduction and spread of a pest.
- (xxii) "Plant Protection Adviser" means the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India, Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine and Storage;
- (xxiii) "**point of entry**" means any sea port, airport, or land-border check-post or rail station, river port, foreign post office, courier terminal, container freight station or inland container depot notified as specified in Schedule-II or Schedule-II or Schedule-III as the case may be;

- (xxiv) "post-entry quarantine" means growing of imported plants in confinement for a specified period of time in a glass house, screen house, poly house or any other facility, or isolated field or an off-shore island that is established in accordance with guidelines/ standards and are duly approved and certified by an inspection authority notified under this order;
- (xxv) "quarantine pest" means a pest of potential economic importance to the area endangered thereby and not yet present there, or present but not widely distributed and being officially controlled;
- (xxix) "regulated article" means any article the import of which is regulated by this order;
- (xxvi) "**schedule**" means a Schedule to this Order;
- (xxx) "seeds" means seeds intended for sowing or propagating and not for consumption or processing;.
- (xxxi) "**soil**" means earth, sand, clay, silt, loam, compost, manure, peat or sphagnum moss, litter, leaf waste or any organic media that support plant life and shall include ship ballast or any organic medium used for growing plants.
- (xxxii) "timber" means a form of dead wood, log and lumber cut from plants, with or without bark or sawn and sized, which is used for manufacturing veneer, plywood, particle or chip board and making building material, furniture, packages, pallets, sports goods and handicrafts;
- (xxxiii)"tissue cultured plant" means any part of a plant or plant tissue or plantlet grown under aseptic or sterile conditions in flasks or other suitable container on appropriate media and shall include ex-agar washed plant lets;
- (xxxiv)"dunnage" means wood packing material used to secure or support a commodity but which does not remain associated with the commodity [FAO, 1009; revised ISPM Pub. No. 15, 2002]
- (xxxiii)"wood packing material" means wood or wood products (excluding paper products) used in supporting, protecting or carrying a commodity (includes dunnage) [ISPM Pub. No.15, 2002]
- (xxxiv)"article" means any kind of movable property including any goods and stores consigned from one party to another as a shipment and covered by a bill of entry of customs, shipping or airway bill and/or invoice in the course of international trade.
- (xxxv) **Animal Feed-** Kibbled-crushed seeds/ pellet/ dried cake form thereby denatured and free from weed seeds, bacterial and fungal pathogens.
- (xxxvi) "Commodity" A type of plant, plant product, or other article being moved for trade or other purpose (S.O.2286 (E), dated 04.06.2018).
- (xxxvii) "**Processed Items**" means processed to the point where the commodity does not remain capable of being infested with quarantine pests [viz. Cooking (boiling, heating, microwaving), Fermentation, Malting, Multi-Method processing (combination of heat, high pressure, etc.) Pasteurization, Preservation in liquid, Pureeing, Sterilization, Sugar infusing and Tenderizing] (S.O.3194 (E) dated 29.06.2018).

CHAPTER II General conditions for import

3. Permits for Import of plants, plant products etc.

- (1) No plants, plant products and other regulated articles (herein after referred to as "consignment") shall be imported into India without complying the phytosanitary conditions stipulated under this Order. The order shall regulate import of all plants, plant products and other articles including but not limited to seeds/grains, pods, nuts, fruits, bulbs, tubers, corms/cormlets, rhizomes, suckers, cuttings, grafts, saplings, bud woods, roots, rootstock, flowers, pollens, dry plant materials, timber, wood, logs, tissue culture plants, soil, earth, clay, sand, peat/moss, live insects, microbial culture, bio-control agents, transgenic plants and genetically modified organisms etc.,
- (2) No categories of plants/plant products in respect of the plant species or variety mentioned in Schedule-IV shall be allowed to be imported into India from the countries mentioned against each in column (4) of the said Schedule.
- (3) Every applications for a permit under this clause sha ll be made at least one month in advance to the Issuing Authority as listed in Schedule X, in Form PQ 01 for the import of plants and plant products for consumption and processing and in form PQ 02 for import of seeds and plants for propagation covered under Schedule-V, VI and VII (Deleted vide Sixth Amendment of 2016, vide S.O.2453 (E), dated 5th July, 2016).
- (4) Import of consignments of seeds of coarse cereals, pulses, oil seeds and fodder seeds and seeds/stock material of fruit plant species for propagation shall only be permitted based on the recommendations of EXIM Committee of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation & Farmers"
 - Welfare (DAC&FW), except the trial material of the same as specified in Schedule-XII of Plant Quarantine Order.
- (5) A fee of Rs.150/- shall be payable along with the application for the import of seeds, fruits and plants for consumption and Rs.300/- for application for the import of seeds and plants for sowing or planting and the fee shall be payable in the form of Demand Draft payable to the Competent Authority having jurisdiction (Deleted vide Sixth Amendment of 2016, vide S.O.2453 (E), dated 5th July, 2016).
- (6) No consignment of regulated articles as referred under Clause 4, 6 & 7 shall be allowed for import unless accompanied with an import permit issued by the authority as specified under Schedule X.
- (7) (i) The Plant Protection Adviser shall, after obtaining the approval of the Central Government in the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare and based on International Standards established by the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC) under Food and Agriculture Organization, issue the guidelines for carrying out Pest Risk Analysis (PRA). No import shall be permitted for the consignment other than those listed in Schedule-V, VI and VII unless the Pest Risk Analysis is carried out in accordance with such guidelines and subject to such restrictions and conditions as specified. For this purpose the importer or NPPO of exporting country shall submit an application for PRA for import of agricultural commodities into India in form PQ 23, including the technical information in form PQ 24 for conducting PRA to PPA or Joint Secretary (PP). The technical information must be updated, validated and provided by National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) of the exporting country. The process of PRA involves the categorization of pests associated with the commodity into quarantine pests; evaluation of their introduction potential; critical assessment of economic and environmental impact of their introduction and spread; and specification of risk mitigating measures against them. The completion of PRA process shall involve the visit of phytosanitary experts to the country of export to carry out pre-shipment inspections,

evaluate post-harvest treatment technologies and quarantine inspection and certification facilities. In the event of interception of a quarantine pest in imported consignment, further import of consignments shall be suspended until earlier PRA in respect of the consignment is reviewed and the risk mitigating measures are evaluated.

- (ii) The commodities with least phytosanitary risk which are processed to the point where the commodity does not remain capable of being infested with quarantine pests (processed items), shall not require Plant Quarantine clearance. (S.O.2286(E), dated 04.06.2018)
- (8) The issue of permit may be refused or withheld by the issuing authority after giving reasonable notice to the applicant and for reasons to be recorded in writing.
- (9) The Import Permit issued shall be valid for twelve months from the date of issue and valid for multiple port access and multiple part shipments in accordance with Clause 3(14) (i) provided the exporter, importer and country of origin are the same for the entire consignment. The issuing authority may, on request, extend the period of validity for a further period of twelve months after charging Rs. 500/provided such request for extension of validity is made to the issuing authority before the expiry of the permit with adequate reasons to be recorded in writing. Suppression of the facts or any material information while issue of import permit is liable to be cancelled or with drawn.
- (10) The import permit issued shall not be transferable and no amendments to the permit shall be issued except for change of point of entry subject to reasons to be recorded in writing.
- (11) An orange and green colour tag shall be issued in form PQ 05 in the case of permits issued for import of seeds and plants for sowing or planting so as to facilitate the identification of consignments at the time of their arrival at the point of entry (Deleted vide Sixth Amendment of 2016, vide S.O.2453 (E), dated 5th July, 2016).
- (12) No consignment of seed or grain shall be permitted to be imported with contamination of quarantine weeds, which are listed in Schedule-VIII unless the said consignment has been devitalized by the exporting country and a certificate to that effect has been endorsed in the phytosanitary certificate issued by the exporting country. Every application for quarantine inspection and clearance shall be made in Form PQ 15.
- (13) All the consignments of plants and plant products and other regulated articles shall be imported into India only through ports of entry as specified in Schedule-I and Inland Container Depots/Container Freight Stations and foreign post offices falling within the jurisdiction of concerned plant quarantine station operating here under or those notified by the Government from time to time in this behalf.
- (14) Points of entry for all consignments of seeds and plants for propagation and regulated articles-(S.O.2286(E), dated 04.06.2018)
 - (i) (a) All consignments of seeds and plants for propagation and regulated articles such as live insects, microbial cultures, bio-control agents, soil, growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials) and peat or sphagnum moss shall only be imported into India through Regional Plant Quarantine Stations, Amritsar, Chennai, Kolkata, Mumbai, New Delhi, Bengaluru or through any other points of entry as may be notified from time to time for this purpose, provided that import of germplasm/ transgenic plant material and genetically modified organisms shall be permitted only through New Delhi Airport.
 - (b) National Plant Quarantine Station, New Delhi is renamed as Regional Plant Quarantine Station, New Delhi.
 - (e) Plant Quarantine Station, Bengaluru is renamed as Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Bengaluru for import of seeds, consumption and propagating material.
 - (d) Plant Quarantine Station, Kandla is renamed as Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Kandla for import of consumption materials.

- (ii) All consignments of sand in any form for industrial and non-agricultural purpose shall be imported into India through notified sea ports under Schedule-I.
- (iii) All consignments of stone (aggregated/dust) for non-agricultural purposes shall be permitted trhough the seaport, Port Blair, Andaman and Nicobar Island from Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippinees, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam. (S.O. 1728(E) dated 6th May, 2019)
- (iii) All consignments of stone (aggregated/dust) for non-agricultural purposes shall be permitted trhough the seaport, Port Blair, Nancowry (Kamorta), Port Meadow of Andaman and Nicobar Island from Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Laos, Malaysia, Myanmar, Philippinees, Singapore, Thailand and Vietnam. (S.O. 2390(E) dated 20th July, 2020)
- (15) On arrival, at the first point of entry the consignment shall be inspected by the Plant Protection Adviser or any other officer duly authorized by him in this behalf and appropriate samples shall be drawn for laboratory testing, in accordance with the guidelines issued by Plant Protection Adviser from time to time.
- (16) The Plant Protection Adviser or the officer authorized by him may, after inspection and laboratory testing, fumigation, irradiation, disinfection or disinfestation, as may be considered necessary by him, accord quarantine clearance for the entry of a consignment or grant provisional clearance for growing under post-entry quarantine, as the case may be in form PQ 16 and or order deportation or destruction of the consignment in form PQ 17 in the event of non-compliance with the restrictions and conditions specified in this Order.
- (17) Where fumigation or disinfestation or disinfection is considered necessary in respect of a consignment of plants, seeds and fruits the importer shall on his own and at his cost arrange for the fumigation, disinfection or disinfestation of the consignment, through an agency approved by the Plant Protection Adviser under the supervision of an officer duly authorized by the Plant Protection Adviser in that behalf.

"Provided that where irradiation is necessary in respect of any consignment of fresh fruits or vegetables or other plant products, the same shall be carried out by the importer at his own cost, at an irradiation facility, established as per the regulations of the "Atomic Energy Regulatory Board" and duly approved by the "Plant Protection Adviser" to the Government of India (PPA) under the International Standards established under the "International Plant Protection Convention" and at the scheduled dosage approved by the Plant Protection Adviser under supervision of an officer authorized by him, where necessary"

- (18) It shall be the responsibility of the importer or his authorized agent
 - (i) to file an application for the quarantine inspection of imported seeds, plants and plant products or other regulated articles in the form PQ 15 along with copies of relevant documents and fees as prescribed under Schedule-IX payable by a demand draft to the competent authority
 - (ii) to provide information on any plant and plant product and other articles covered under this Order and which are imported by him/her or are in his/her possession, to Plant Protection Adviser or any officer duly 9uthorized by him;
 - (iii)to bring the consignments to the concerned plant quarantine station or to place of inspection, fumigation or treatment as directed by Plant Protection Adviser or any officer duly 9uthorized by him;.
 - (iv) to permit drawing of appropriate samples for inspection and laboratory investigation and extend necessary facilities towards the same;
 - (v) to open, repack and load into or unload from the fumigation chamber and seal the consignment;

- (vi) to remove them after inspection and treatment according to the directions issued by the Plant Protection Adviser or any officer 10uthorized by him;
- (19) to arrange deportation or destruction of the consignment at the cost of importer as may be deemed necessary by Plant Protection Adviser or an officer authorized by him
- (20) No consignment or container carrying plants and plant products intended for other countries shall be allowed transit through or transshipment at air or sea ports or land customs stations, unless they are packed in such a manner so as not to permit spillage of material or contamination with soil or escape of any pest, and subject to the condition that the package or container shall not be opened or seals are broken any where in India
- (21) No consignment shall be permitted import unless accompanied by an original Phytosanitary Certificate issued by an authorized officer at the country of origin in PQ Form 21 or at the country of re-export in PQ Form 22;

Provided that cut flowers, garlands, bouquets, dry fruits/nuts etc., weighing not more than two kilograms imported for personal consumption may be allowed to be imported without a Phytosanitary Certificate or an import permit.

Provided that all consignments of Similar material: Inorganic soil additives, Leonardite, Lignite, Pure sand (Silica, Zircon, Quartz, etc.,) Pure clay like kaolin etc., Rock aggregates and Gravel, Volcanic pumice, Chalk, Rock salt, Diatomaceous earth, All kinds of ore, Vermiculite, Perlite, Gypsum, Zeolite etc., may be allowed to be imported in any form, for industrial and non agricultural purpose, without a Phytosanitary Certificate or an import permit.

(20A) No article, packed with raw / solid wood packing material shall be released by the proper officer of Customs unless the wood packaging material has been appropriately treated and marked as per ISPM-15 or is accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate with the treatment endorsed.

The treatment of raw / solid wood packing material prior to export shall include either Methyl bromide (MB) @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or any equivalent thereof or heat treatment (HT) at 56°C for 30 min (core temperature of wood) or Kiln Drying (KD) or Chemical Pressure Impregnation (CPI) or any other treatments provided that these meet the HT specification of the ISPM-15.

Any, article, if found packed with raw / solid wood packaging material without specified treatment and without marking as per ISPM-15 or if not accompanied by Phytosanitry Certificate with treatment endorsed, as the case may be, shall be considered untreated and shall be referred by the proper officer of the Customs to Plant Quarantine Officer. The proper officer or Customs shall grant release of such articles packed with untreated wood packaging material only after ensuring that the wood packaging material has been appropriately treated at the poing of entry under the supervision of Plant Quarantien Officer.

Provided that above conditions shall not be applicable to wood packaging material wholly made of processed wood products such as ply wood, particle board, oriental strand board or veneer that have been created using glue, heat and pressure or combination thereof. Also the above conditions shall not be applicable to wood packaging material such as veneer peeler cores, saw dust, wood wool and shavings and thin wood pieces (less than 6 mm thickness), unless they are found to be harboring any regulated pests specified in this order.

Provided further that nothing contained in this clause shall be applicable to wood packaging materials used for packaging of bona-fide passenger baggage containing goods other than plant and plant products.

- (20 B) No article packed with hay or straw shall be allowed to be imported unless such hay or straw, as the case may be is treated prior to export and the article shall accompany the treatment certificate.
 - **Explanation**: In this sub-clause, the word "treated" shall mean treated by Methyl bromidefumigation @ 48 gm/m³ for 24 hours at normal atmospheric pressure at 21°C or above or equivalent thereof; or steam sterilization under pressure 56°C for 30 minutes; or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
- (21) No consignment packed with the packaging material specified in clause 2(xiii) of this order shall be permitted import unless appropriately treated. The treatments shall include heat kiln treatment at 56°C for a minimum of 30 hrs or Methyl Bromide fumigation at 48 g/cum for 32 hours or chemical impregnation of wood with wood preservatives such as copper chrome arsenic or any other approved treatment as per international standards and the treatment shall be endorsed in phytosanitary certificate (Deleted vide Third Amendment of 2004, vide S.O. 644(E), dated 31st May, 2004).
- (22) No article packed with packaging materials shall be released by the proper officers of customs unless the consignment is accompanied by a phytosanitary certificate in respect of said packing material;

Provided that if no phytosanitary certificate is furnished in respect of said packaging material, the proper officer of customs shall grant out of charge only after clearance is obtained from local plant quarantine authorities, who shall grant clearance from the quarantine angle and may, if deemed fit, subject the said packaging material to treatment at the expense of importer.

Provided further nothing contained in this clause shall be applicable to packaging materials in respect of bonafide passenger baggage containing goods other than plants and plant products (Deleted vide Third Amendment of 2004, vide S.O. 644(E), dated 31st May, 2004).

- 4. Import of soil, sand and similar material and stone shall be permitted except under the following conditions, namely:- (revised vide S.O.2511(E), dated 10.06.2021)
 - (i) The consignments of soil in any form for research purpose, sand, similar materials and stone shall be permitted through specified air or sea ports or land customs station, on application made for that purpose. Provided an import permit shall be required for consignment of soil in any form for research purpose, sand, similar materials and stone.
 - (ii) The application or online application for the purpose referred to in (i) above shall be made to the Issuing Authority as listed in Schedule-X, at least 10 days in advance, in PQ Form 06
 - (iii) A fee of Rs. 1000/- shall be payable along with the application. The fee shall be payable online or in the form of Demand Draft payable to the Competent Authority having jurisdiction.
 - (iv) The Competent Authority may, after scrutiny of the application, and if satisfied of the purpose, for which such consignment is being imported, issue special permit in Form PQ 07. The import permit shall be issued subject to such restrictions and conditions prescribed under Schedule-VI.
- 5. Fees for inspection, fumigation, etc. –The importer of the consignment or his agent shall pay (e) Plant Protection Adviser or any other officer duly authorized by him in this behalf, the fees prescribed in Schedule-IX towards inspection, fumigation, disinfestation, disinfection of consignment.

6. Permits required for import of Germplasm, Transgenic or Genetically Modified Organisms

(1) No consignment of germplasm/transgenics/Genetically Modified Organisms (GMOs) shall be imported into India for the purpose of agricultural research or experimentation purpose without valid permit issued by the Director, National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, New Delhi - 110012.

Explanation: In this sub-clause, "purpose of agricultural research or the purpose of experimentation" shall not include commercial imports which are governed by separate guidelines issued by the Genetic Engineering Approval Committee, or as the case may be by the Review Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM)".

- (2) Every application for import of plant germplasm/ transgenics/genetically modified organisms for research/experimental purpose by the public/private organizations will be made to the Director, National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, New Delhi in form PQ 08 and the permit shall be issued in form PQ 09 in triplicate and a red/green tag in PQ 10 for germplasm and a Red/White tag in PQ 11 for transgenic/Genetically Modified Organisms. Such permits for import of transgenic/Genetically Modified Organisms shall be issued subject to the approval of Genetic Engineering Approval Committee (GEAC) or as the case my be, the Review Committee on Genetic Manipulation (RCGM) set- up by Department of Biotechnology under the provisions of sub-rule (2) of rule 4 of the Rules for the manufacture, use, import, export and storage of hazardous micro-organisms, Genetically engineered organisms or cells made under Sections 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) and subject to such restrictions and conditions prescribed thereof.
- (3) No imported consignments of plant germplasm/ transgenics/ genetically modified pests shall be opened at the point of entry and it shall be forwarded to the Director, National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, New Delhi.

7. Import of live insects and other arthropods/nematodes/microbial cultures including algae/biocontrol agents –

- (1) No consignment of live insects and other arthropods/nematodes/microbial cultures including algae/bio-control agents shall be permitted into India without valid import permit issued by competent authority as specified under Schedule-X.
- (2) Every application or online application for permit to import live insects and other arthropods/nematodes/microbial cultures including algae/bio-control agents, shall be made in the PQ Form 12 at least thirty days in advance to Plant Protection Adviser along with a fee of Rs. 1000/- towards registration in the form of bank draft issued in favour of the Accounts Officer, Directorate of Plant Protection Quarantine and Storage, Faridabad-121001.
- (3) The competent authority shall issue the permit in PQ Form 13 in triplicate, if satisfied of the purpose for which import is made and subject to such conditions imposed thereon.
- (4) All the consignments of live insects and other arthropods/nematodes/microbial cultures including algae/bio-control agents shall be permitted only through points of entry specified under Clause 3(14). The consignment of beneficial insects shall be accompanied by a certificate issued by National Plant Protection Organisation at the country of origin with additional declarations for freedom from specified parasites and parasitoids and the bio-control agents free from hyper-parasites. The consignment of beneficial insects/bio-control agents shall be subjected to Post-entry quarantineas may be prescribed by the Plant Protection Adviser.

(5) Nothing contained in the clause shall apply to import of live insects and other arthropods/nematodes/microbial cultures including algae/bio-control agents having no relevance in agriculture.

8. Permit required for import of plants and plant products –

- (1) No consignment of plants and plant products, if found infested or infected with a quarantine pest or contaminated with noxious weed species shall be permitted to be imported.
- (2) Every vessel carrying out bulk shipment of grains shall be inspected on board by an officer duly authorized by Plant Protection Adviser before the same accorded permission to off-load the grain at the notified port of entry. On inspection, if found free from quarantine pests and noxious weed species, permission shall be accorded to off-load the grain at the port or order fumigation/treatment of grain on board or immediately upon unloading at the port, as the case may be, before such permission is granted for movement outside the port and subject to such conditions as imposed thereon.
- (3) The bulk shipment (s) of transgenic plants or plant products or genetically modified organisms shall be dealt as per the provisions of the Rules for manufacture, use, import, export and storage of hazardous micro-organisms, Genetically engineered organisms or cells made under Sections 6, 8 and 25 of the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986 (29 of 1986) or under the mechanism established as per the provisions of Biosafety Protocol by the Ministry of Environment and Forests.

9. Requirement of Import of Wood and Timber:

- (1) No consignment of timber and wood/bamboo products shall be brought into India unless such consignment fulfils the following conditions, namely: (S.O.2286(E), dated 04.06.2018)-
 - (i) No consignment of timber and wood/bamboo species other than those listed under Schedule-VI & VII shall be imported into India unless the provisions of Clause 3(7) are fulfilled.
 - (ii) The timber/wood with or without bark and bamboo shall be fumigated prior to export with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C or above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate issued thereof at the country of export or re-export;
 - (iii) The timber or sawn or sized wood with or without bark prior to export shall be either fumigated as per Clause 9(2)(ii) or kiln dried at 56°C for 30 minutes (core temperature of wood) or heat treated at 56°C for 30 minutes (core temperature of wood) and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate issued thereof at the country of export or reexport.
 - (iv) Wood/Bamboo based products such as manufactured/ finished/ handicrafts/ furniture/ joinery and articles from carpentry (windows/doors/shutters/photo frames/ curtain rods/boxes/ thatch etc)/ conveyances (row boats, vehicle decks, trailers etc)/ garden items/house hold articles/ musical instruments/ sporting equipments/ tools/toys/flower vase/ wood fiber/ woody dry branches without bark/ cones/baskets etc/., shall be fumigated/treated prior to manufacturing/crafting/ finishing process etc., with methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or kiln dried or heat treated at 56°C for 30 minutes (core temperature of wood) or Gamma irradiation at 25 kGray or equivalent thereof or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate issued thereof at the country of export or re-export;
 - (v) All the consignments of timber shall be inspected on board prior to unloading at the port of arrival by an officer duly authorized by Plant Protection Adviser and, if necessary, fumigated or treated on board before unloading:

Provided that no such inspection shall be necessary in case of containerized cargo.

- (3) The containerized cargo of timber or sawn/sized wood without bark and wood/bamboo based products shall be inspected by an authorized Plant Quarantine Officer after unloading of the containers from the ship at the port of Container Freight Station or Inland Container Depots under the jurisdiction of concerned Plant Quarantine Station.'
- (4) The provision of this Order shall not apply to consignments of processed wood material such as plywood, particleboard, oriental strand board or veneer that have been manufactured by using glue, heat and pressure or combination thereof.

CHAPTER III Special conditions of Import

10. Special conditions for import of plant species –

- (1) In addition to the general conditions listed above in Chapter-II, the plant species herein after mentioned in Schedule-V, VI and VII shall be permitted to be imported subject to such restrictions and conditions specified in this Chapter.
- (2) Every consignment of plant species herein specified in Schedule-V, VI and VII shall be accompanied by an original Phytosanitary Certificate issued by the authorized officer at country of origin or Phytosanitary Certificate for re-export issued by the country of re-export along with attested copy of phytosanitary certificate from country of origin, as the case may be, with the additional declarations being free from pests mentioned under Schedule-V and VI of this order or that the pests as specified do not occur in the country or state of origin.
- (3) The special conditions as specified under Schedule V and VI including treatment and freedom from soil and/ or weed shall be endorsed on such Phytosanitary certificate wherever applicable. (S.O.2286(E), dated 04.06.2018)
- (4) The consignment of plants and planting material shall be imported subject to the conditions stipulated under Clause 3(4). (S.O.2286(E), dated 04.06.2018)

CHAPTER IV Post-entry Quarantine

11. Post-entry quarantine (Replaced vide S.O.2286(E), dated 04.06.2018)

- (1) Plants and seeds, which require post-entry quarantine as laid down in Schedule V and VI of this Order, shall be grown in Post-Entry Quarantine (PEQ) facilities duly established by importer at his cost, approved and certified by the Inspection Authority (IA) as per the guidelines prescribed by the Plant Protection Adviser.
- (2) Nothing contained in Sub-clause (1) shall apply to the import of tissue-cultured plants that are certified virus-free as per Schedule-V and VI, but such plants, shall be subjected to inspection at the point of entry to ensure that the phytosanitary requirements are met with.
- (3) Every application for certification of PEQ facilities shall be submitted to the Inspection Authority in Form PQ 18. The Inspection Authority if satisfied after necessary inspection and verification of facilities shall issue a certificate in Form PQ 19.
- (4) Directorate of Plant Protection Quarantine and Storage (DPPQ&S) shall carry out audit of PEQ facilities jointly with concerned IA for its approval. The inspection will be carried out to establish the compliance of the facility with the relevant SOP.
- (5) At the time of arrival of the consignment, the importer shall produce this certificate before the Officer-in-Charge of the Plant Quarantine (PQ) Station at the entry point along with an undertaking in Form PQ 20.
- (6) Where the Officer-in-Charge of the Regional Plant Quarantine Station, after inspection of the consignment is satisfied, shall accord provisional clearance under PEQ on the production, by an importer, of a certificate from the Inspection Authority with the stipulation that the plants shall be grown in such PEQ facility for the period specified in the PQ Order.
- (7) After according provisional release under post-entry quarantine, the Officer-in-Charge of the Regional Plant Quarantine Station at the entry point shall inform the Inspection Authority, having jurisdiction over the post-entry quarantine facility, of their arrival at the location where such plants would be grown by the importer.
- (8) Consignment or part thereof shall not be removed from the designated PEQ facility by way of donation/ distribution/ sale etc. until such time the consignment is granted final clearance by Plant Protection Adviser or the officer authorized by him.
- (9) It shall be the responsibility of the importer or his agent
 - (i) to intimate the Inspection Authority in advance about the date of planting of the imported plant or seed.
 - (ii) not to transfer or part with or dispose the consignment during the pendency of PEQ except in accordance with a written approval of Inspection Authority.
 - (iii) to permit the Inspection Authority complete access to the PEQ facility at all times and abide by the instructions of such Inspection Authority.
 - (iv) to maintain an inspection kit containing all requisite items to facilitate nursery inspection and ensure proper plant protection and upkeep of nursery records.

- (v) to extend necessary facilities to the Inspection Authority during his visit to the nursery and arrange destruction of any part or whole of plant population when ordered by him in the event of infection or infestation by a quarantine pest, in a manner specified by him.
- (10) The Inspection of the consignment in PEQ facility shall be carried out at frequent interval by IA jointly with the nominated Officers of DPPQS. The frequency of the inspections shall be decided considering the growing period of the consignment subject to a minimum of two inspections out of which one inspection shall invariably at the end of PEQ period of the plant species concerned in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Plant Protection Adviser, with a view to detect any pests and advise necessary phytosanitary measures to contain the pests.
- (11) Where the plants in the PEQ are found to be affected by pests and diseases during the specified period the inspection authority shall: -
 - (i) Order the destruction of the affected consignment of whole or a part of the plant population in the PEQ if the pest or disease is exotic, or
 - (ii) Advise the importer about the curative measures to be taken to the extent necessary, if the pest or disease is not exotic and permit the release of the affected population from the PEQ only after curative measures have been observed to be successful. Otherwise, the plants shall be ordered to be destroyed.
- (12) Where destruction of any plant population is ordered by the Inspection Authority, the importer shall destroy the same in the manner as shall be directed by the IA and under his supervision.
- (13) At the end of final inspection, the Inspection Authority shall forward a copy of the report of PEQ inspection duly signed by him to the Plant Protection Adviser under intimation to officer-in-charge of concerned PQ station.
- (14) Final decision regarding release of the consignments shall be granted only by Plant Protection Adviser or the officer authorized by him taking into consideration of inspection report.
- (15) Proper record of each inspection visit shall be maintained by IA.
- (16) The importer shall be liable to pay the prescribed fee for inspection of plants in the PEQ facility as laid down in Schedule-IX.

CHAPTER V Appeal and Revision

12. Appeal

- (1) If an importer is aggrieved by the decision of the inspection authority regarding the destruction of any plant population, he may appeal to the Plant Protection Adviser within 7 days from the date of communication of the decision giving the grounds of appeal.
- (2) It shall be lawful for the Plant Protection Adviser to rely on the observations of the inspection authority and such other expert opinion, as he may deem necessary, for deciding the appeal.
- (3) The memorandum of appeal under sub-clause (1) shall set out the grounds in successive paragraphs on which the decision is challenged and shall be accompanied by a bank draft in favour of the Plant Protection Adviser and payable at Faridabad, evidencing the payment of fee of Rs. 100/-

13. Revision –

The Plant Protection Adviser may, at any time, call for the records relating to any case pending before the inspection authority for the purpose of satisfying itself as to the legality or propriety of any decision passed by that authority and may pass such order in relation thereto, as it thinks fit:

Provided that no such order shall be passed after the expiry of three months from the date of the decision;

Provided further that the Plant Protection Adviser shall not pass any order prejudicial to any person, without giving him a reasonable opportunity of being heard.

CHAPTER VI Power of Relaxation

14. Relaxation conditions of Import Permit and Phytosanitary Certificate in certain cases –

- (1) The Central Government may, in public interest, relax any of the conditions of this Order relating to the import of any consignment. The Joint Secretary in-charge of Plant Protection in the Department of Agriculture & Cooperation shall be the competent authority for according the relaxation. Further the powers of relaxation has been delegated (vide DAC lt. No. 8-5/2004-PPI(pt) dated 2nd February 2005) to officers in charge of the Plant Quarantine Stations for relaxing the conditions of Import permit and phytosanitary certificate required as per Plant Quarantine (Regulation of Import into India) Order, 2003 as a one-time exception in favour of a single party and not for repeated violations by that party. All second or subsequent cases of violation of requirement of Import Permit and Phytosanitary certificate by any party shall be forwarded to Joint Secretary (Plant Protection), Department of Agriculture & Cooperaton.
- (2) In the event of grant of relaxation by competent authority, the consignment shall be released after charging the fee for import permit and fee for plant quarantine inspection at five times of normal rates.
- (3) The provisions of this Order shall apply without prejudice to the Customs Act, 1962 (52 of 1962) or any other Acts or Order related to imports.

Chapter VII Repeal and Savings

15. Repeals and Savings –

- (1) The following orders and notifications are hereby repealed, namely: -
 - (i) Rules for regulating the import of insects into India notified under F-193/40A dated 3.2.1941.
 - (ii) Rules for regulating the import of fungi into India notified under F.16-5(I)/43A dated 10.5.43.
 - (iii) Import of cotton into India Regulations, 1972.
 - (iv) Plants, Fruits & Seeds (Regulation of Import into India) Order, 1989.

- (v) Not with standing such repeal, an import permit issued by any competent authority, which is in force immediately before the commencement of this Order and shall continue in force till the 31st day of March, 2004 and all appointments made and fees levied under the repealed Rules, Regulations and Orders, and in force immediately before such commencement shall likewise continue in force and be deemed to be made or levied in pursuance of this Order until revoked.
- * PQ Forms 01, 02, 03, 04, 05, 10, 11 and 14 have been deleted vide Sixth Amendment of 2016, S.O. 2453 (E), dated 5th July, 2016.
- PQ Forms 01 (Application for permit to import plants/plant products for consumption or processing),
- PQ Forms 02 (Application for permit to import plants/plant materials for sowing/planting /propagation),
- PQ Forms 03 (Permit for Import of Plants/Plant products for Consumption/Processing),
- PQ Forms 04 (Permit for Import of Plants/Plant materials for Sowing/Planting/Propagation),
- PQ Forms 05 (Orange/Green colour tag),
- PQ Forms 10 (Face of the Tag or Label),
- PQ Forms 11 (Face of Label, Reverse of the Label) and
- PQ Forms 14 (Face of label, Reverse of the Label).

Application for Permit to Import soil, sand, similar materials and stone

То				
(Issuing Authority)				
11			visions of clause 4 (ii) of the Plant	
			under Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of	
stone as detailed below:	14 (2 of 1914)	for permission in	mport soil, sand, similar materials and	
		2 . N	11	
1. Name & Address of the importer	•	2. Name and ac	ddress of exporter	
3. Country of origin		4. Foreign port	of shinment	
3. Country of origin		i. Toroign port	of simplificate	
5. Approximate date of import				
6. Point of entry		7. Means of conveyance		
8. Description of consignment	9. Quantity	10 .No of	11. Mode of packing	
		packages		
12 S				
12. Specific purpose of import				
Declaration				
	to an officer d	ulv authorized by	the Plant Protection Adviser the	
prescribed fees towards inspection of				
instructions/guidelines issued by hir		C	-	
Date				
Place:				
			(Signature & Name of the	
			Importer or his authorized agent)	

Government of India Ministry of Agriculture (Department of Agriculture & Cooperation) Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine & Storage NH-IV, Faridabad (Harvana) – 121001.

Directorate of	Plant Protection, Qu Faridabad (Haryana	arantine & Storage,	
Permit for impo	rt of soil/ sand/ sim	ilar materials/ stone	,
In accordance with the provisions India) Order, 2003 issued under Sub-s 1914 (2 of 1914), I hereby grant permi materials/ stone as detailed below:	ection (1) of Section	Valid up to lant Quarantine (Reg 3 of the Destructive)	gulation of Import into e Insects & Pests Act,
Name and address of importer	2. Name and addre	ss of exporter	
3. Country of origin	4. Point of entry		
5. Description of consignment	6. Quantity (Wt./vol.)	7. No. of packages	8. Mode of packing
9. The above permission is granted s (1) The imported consignment shall be issued by an authorized officer in the (a)	be accompanied by a e country of origin st	n official phytosanita ating that	ary certificate
(e) (2) The permit is not transferable and			e of issue and valid for

- (2) The permit is not transferable and shall be valid for one year from the date of issue and valid for multiple port access and multiple part shipments provided the exporter, importer and country of origin of the same for the entire consignment. The permit number shall be quoted on the phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export, as the case may be.
- (3) The imported consignment of soil/effluents shall be disposed after laboratory investigation in a manner prescribed by an officer duly authorized by the Plant Protection Adviser in this regard.

Date:	(Seal)	Name
		Signature
Place:		Designation
		of Issuing Authority

PQ Form 08 Application for Permit to Import Germplasm/Transgenics/Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO's) for Research Purpose

To, The Director, National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, Pusa Campus, New Delhi-110012 I hereby apply for a permit in accordance with provisions of clause 6 (2) of the Plant Quarantine (Regulation of Import into India) Order, 2003 issued under the Sub-section (1) of Section (3) of the Destructive Insects & Pests Act, 1914 (2 of 1914), authorizing the import of plants/planting materials for research purposes as per details given below: 1. Name and address of the applicant 2. Exact description of Seeds/Planting Material s to be imported (a) Common and botanical name: (b) Germplasm/variety/hybrid/composite/synthetic provenance/clone/others (c) Form of material required (seed/rooted plants/ scions/ tubers/cuttings/bulbs in vitro cultures (d) Parentage, if known 3. Place of collection/origin of material to be imported (country/state) 4. Whether transgenic/GMO or not? [If yes, attach the approval letter issued by RCGM (DBT) in original] 5. Name and address of the organization/ institution producing the material 6. Number of samples to be imported 7. Quantity to be imported (separately for each accession/variety/.hybrid/transgenic/GMO)
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(b) Germplasm/variety/hybrid/composite/synthetic provenance/clone/others (c) Form of material required (seed/rooted plants/ scions/ tubers/cuttings/bulbs in vitro cultures (d) Parentage, if known 3. Place of collection/origin of material to be imported (country/state) 4. Whether transgenic/GMO or not? [If yes, attach the approval letter issued by RCGM (DBT) in original] 5. Name and address of the organization/ institution producing the material 6. Number of samples to be imported 7. Quantity to be imported (separately for each
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material 6. Number of samples to be imported 7. Quantity to be imported (separately for each
material 6. Number of samples to be imported 7. Quantity to be imported (separately for each
7. Quantity to be imported (separately for each
8. Suggested source of availability of material including published
reference, if known.
9. (a) Whether the aforesaid germplasm/variety/hybrid was
imported by you earlier? If so, details thereof (year,
quantity, source, etc.)
(b) Was the material shared with other scientists/National
Gene Bank at NBPGR?
10. Expected date and arrival in India
11. Mode of shipment (Airmail/Air freight/accompanied
baggage)
12. Place where imported seeds/planting material will be
grown and scientists under whose supervision the seeds
/ planting materials will be grow
<u>Declaration</u>
I hereby declare that the germplasm under import has no commercial value/exclusive
ownership and may be shared freely for research purposes.
Place:
Date: Signature of the Applicant & Address For further information contact Tel No 91/11/5783697 5732375) or Fax 91 11/5731495 or

For further information contact Tel.No.91/11/5783697, 5732375) or Fax. 91 11/5731495 or $E-Mail-\underline{director@nbpgr.delhi.nic.in}, and Web \ Address-\underline{http://nbpgr.delhi.nic.in}$

National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources (ICAR) New Delhi 110012

D 1/2 1 1000			1 35 100 10		
Permit For Import Of (ransgenic/Genetical earch Purpose.	ly Modified Or	ganisms For	
Permit No Date of issue					
		Valid up	o to		
In accordance with the provisions of	clause 6 (2) o	f the Plant Quarantine	(Regulation of	Import into	
India) Order 2003 issued under Sub-					
I hereby grant permission to import	of germplasm/	transgenic/genetically	modified organ	isms herein	
specified		2 N1-11			
1. Name and address of importer		2. Name and addre	ess of exporter		
3. Country of origin		4. Point of Entry			
5. Description of germplasm/	6. Variety to		8. No of	9. Mode of	
transgenic/Genetically modified	be imported	(Weight/Nos.)	Pakages	Packing	
organism (Botanical name)					
10. The above permission is grante	d subject to fo	lowing conditions:-			
(1) The consignment of germplast	n/tranggania d	nall ha frag from sail	wood species or	d plant dabris	
(2) (i) The consignment shall be a	-		-	-	
(re-export issued by an authori					
casemay be with additional de			ountry of te ex	porty as the	
(a)					
(b)					
or that the above specified					
(ii) Certified that the germplass					
which were inspected on re	gular intervals	by an appropriate aut	thority in the co	untry of origin	
and found free from:					
(2) The consignment shall be grown	in on opprove	1 Doct ontry quarantin	a faaility astabli	shad by the	
(3) The consignment shall be grown importer at					
importer at (name of location of PEQ facility) under the supervision of for a period of					
(days/months) (Name & Address of Inspection Authority)					
(4) The permit is not transferable and				l be quoted	
on the phytosanitary certificate i	ssued at the co	untry of origin or re-e	xport as the case	e may be.	
n v p v l c	1 13.7				
Place: New Delhi Sea		-			
Date:	_	ature			
Director National Bureau of Plant Genetics Resources				ces	

Application for Permit to import live insects and other arthropods/nematodes/microbial cultures including algae/bio-control agents

To, The Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India, Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine & Storage, NMV-IV, Faridabad (Haryana)-121001)	
Quarantine Regulation of Import Order, 2003, ma Destructive Insects & Pests Act, 1914 (2 of 191	cordance with provisions of Clause 7 of Plant nade under Sub-section (1) of the Section 3 of the 114) for a permission to import of following live obial cultures including algae/bio-control agents blow:
1. Description of insects/mites/nematodes/ micro	obial
cultures/ biocontrol agents intended to import	
(common /scientific names)	
2. Taxon (Class/order/family/ sub-family tribe/ ra	races or
strains)	
3. Stages of the organism	
4. Number of specimens or units	
5. Host species, if any	
6. (Common/Scientific Name)	
7. Mode of packing & no. of packages and	
distinguishing marks, if any	
8. Country of origin & foreign port of shipment	
9. Mode of shipment & point of entry	
10. Name and address of importer	
11. Name & address of exporter	
12. Approximate date of import	
13. Purpose of import	
	e instructions/guidelines issued by the Plant ne to time in this regard. Date:
Place	(Seal) (Signature of Applicant)

(Emblem) Government of India Ministry of Agriculture

Department of Agriculture & Cooperation Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine & Storage NH-IV, Faridabad (Haryana-121001)

Permit for import of live insects and other arthropods/nematodes/microbial cultures including algae/bio-control agents

•	cultures inc	luding algae/bio-o	control agents		
Permit No.		Date o	f issue		
		d up to			
In accordance with printo India) Order, 2003 issued Act, 1914 (2 of 1914), I herel arthropods/ nematodes/ micro	d under Sub-section by grant permission bial cultures incl	on (1) of Section 3 on for import of fouding algae/bio-co	of the Destructive llowing live insect ontrol agents as de	e Insects & Pests and other	
1. Name & Address of Impor	ter	2. Name & Addre	ess of Exporter		
3. Country of origin	4. Point of Entry				
5. Description of organism (Common/Scientific Name)	6. Taxon (Class/family order etc.)	7. Stage of organism, host species, if any	8. No. of specimens/units	9. Mode of packing and distinguishing marks, if any	
10. The above permission is(1) No substitute is permitted(2) The consignment shall be the country of origin for f(a)	for the kind or or accompanied by reedom from:	rganism permitted an official certific	for import under t ate issued by an ap	ppropriate authority in	
(b)					
Institute/Organisation) for a period of before release for field trials. (4) The permittee shall intimate the Plant Protection Adviser of any change of address and comply with his instructions.					
Date:		Name &			
Place:		(Signature of issue Stamp of Organiza			

Application for Quarantine Inspection and Clearance of Imported Plants/Plant Products and Others (Cargo).

	For PQ Office's use:		
То	Receipt No.	Regist	tration No.
	Date of Receipt Date o		of Registration.
of Import into India) Order, 200	03 issued under Destructive	Insect	
1914), I/We, file herewith an clearance of the imported plants/			
Description of Consignment:	plant products and others as	o ucscii	bed below.
1. Name & address of importer	2. Name & address of Exp	orter	[] Import Permit
1. I value & dadress of importer	2. I tuille & dudiess of Exp	701101	No: dt
			[] Phytosanitary Certificate
3. Consignment	4. Quantity (Wt./vol.)		No:dt [] Fumigation Certificate, if any
(Common/botanical name)			[] Fumigation Certificate, if any
5. No. of pieces/ packages/ containers	6. Distinguishing marks		[] Certificate of origin, if any
Containers			[] Bill of Entry
			No:dt
7. Nature of packing material	8. Country of origin & por	t of	[] Shipping/Airway bill
	shipment		[] Invoice/packing list
9. Means of conveyance & date of arrival	10. Point of entry		N.B.: Tick out the documents
or arrivar			enclosed.
11. Date and place of inspection	12. Shipping/Airway Bill	No.	For PQ Office Use:
	& Date		The above documents submitted
			to this office have been
			authorized and found in
12 Wales of the Comment Live	14 D		order/not in order
13. Value of the Commodity	14. Purpose of import		Date:
	Sowing/ planting/		
	consumption		Signature of PQ staff
	<u>Declaration</u>		
1 \ /	the best of the knowledge an	d belief	f, the particular given above are
true and correct. (2) I/We abide by the provision	ns of the Plant Overantine (F	Pagulati	ion of Import into India) Order
	ssued by the officer authoriz		
Date:	souce by the officer authoriz	cu oy 1	Taile 1 Total Colon 7 Taviser
Place:	(Si	ignature	e of Importer/Authorised Agent)

N.B: Application should be submitted by the importer/his 25authorized agent in duplicate duly filled and completed.; Duplicate copy to be returned to the importer/his 25authorized agent after endorsing the quarantine order and receipt of payment; Payments should be made by bank draft or pay order drawn in favour of the concerned Pay & Accounts Officer.

For P Q Offi	ice Use:		
	Assessment of		Receipt of payment:
	Wt. (Kg)/	Particulars of fees	Received from M/s
	No. of pieces	(in Rs)	an amount of Rs.
		1. PEQ fees:	
			(Rs)
		2. Inspection: Fees	(In Words)
		rees	by cash /DD /BC /PO /T.R.No.
		3. Others:	Dt:
		J. Others.	drawn on
			drawn on (Name of the bank & branch)
			towards inspection fees.
Commodity		TOTAL I	
(D		TOTAL:	
(Rupees	(In words))	Date:
Date:	Assessed by	Checked	Date.
bute.	1155 c 55 cu 0 y	Checked	Sign. Of Cashier Sign. Of DDO/
	Sign. Of staff	Sign. Of S/O	Accountant
	\mathcal{E}	C	
forwarded	s listed on this Pla I to this office und	der escort by Customs	form are ordered into Quarantine and are to be for inspection/treatment and further orders. r is hereby directed to present the
			•
goods/coi	ntainers/vessel ly	ving at	for
inspection	n/sampling on	and	at by the following
designate	d staff/officers v	iz	and arrange necessary
facilities	for the above pur	rpose.	
(3) The impo	rter/authorized a	gent of the importer	is advised to produce original copy of IP/PSC on
or before		to this office for reco	ord.
(4) The impo	orter/authorized	agent of importer i	s advised to contact this office after
		day(s) for further or	ders.
Date:			
			(Sign. And Designation of Authority)

(Emblem) Government of India Ministry of Agriculture Department of Agriculture & Cooperation

Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine & Storage RELEASE ORDER Ref. No. Date of issue In accordance with provisions of Clause 3 (16) of the Plant Quarantine (Regulation of Import into India) Order, 2003, issued under Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Destructive Insects & Pests Act 1914 (2 of 1914), the following consignment of plants/plant products referred to this station has been inspected/fumigated or treated and the same has been accorded quarantine clearance/ provisional quarantine clearance* for growing in an approved post entry quarantine facility, as detailed below: **Description of Consignment** 1. Name of the consignment (Common/botanical name) 2. Quantity (Wt./nos.) 3. Number of packages/containers and mode of packing 4. Country of origin/re-export and foreign port of shipment 5. Distinguishing marks 6. Means of conveyance & date of arrival 7. Point of entry 8. Name and address of importer 9. Bill of entry no./shipping or airway bill no. and date 10. Date of sampling/inspection/ fumigation or treatment Date: Name: Place : _____ Signature: (PQ Authority): Copy to: Collector of Customs: (i) Inspection Authority (ii)

- *Strike out not applicable

(Emblem) Government of India Ministry of Agriculture Department of Agriculture & Cooperation Directorate of Plant Protection, Quarantine & Storage DEPORTATION/DESTRUCTION ORDER Dated In accordance with the provisions of Clause 3 (16) of the Plant Quarantine (Regulation of Import into India) Order, 2003 issued under the Sub-section (1) of Section 3 of the Destructive Insects & Pests Act, 1914 (2 of 1914), the following consignment of plants/plant products has been ordered for deportation/ destruction as the same was imported in violation of the provisions of the above said Order. The details are as under: **Description of Consignment** 1. Name of the Commodity (Common/botanical name) 2. Quantity (Wt./nos.) 3. Number of packages/containers 4. Country of origin and foreign port of shipment 5. Distinguishing marks, if any 6. Means of conveyance & date of arrival 7. Point of entry 8. Bill of entry no./shipping or airway bill no. 9. Date of sampling/inspection/ fumigation or treatment **Nature of Non-Compliance** () Consignment has been imported without valid Import Permit or Phytosanitary Certificate (Clause 3 (1)/3 (20) of the PQ Order, 2002 or both. () Consignment on inspection found to be infested/infected with a quarantine pest notified under Schedule-V and VI, viz. () Consignment on inspection found to be contaminated with quarantine weed species specified in ScheduleVIII, viz. Consignment is prohibited entry as per item no. of Schedule –IV. () Consignment found to be substantially contaminated with soil. () Consignment found packed with objectionable package material () Any other reason (specify): Note: Tick-out, which ever applicable.

Action to be taken by the importer or his authorized Agent
The above stated consignment/container shall be deported within days from the date of issue of this order for which the importer or his 29authorized agent shall submit the reshipping bills for necessary endorsement failing which the same shall be arranged for destruction at his own cost in manner prescribed by plant quarantine authority.
Date: Place: (PQ authority) Name & Designation (Seal)
Copy to:
1. Commissioner of
(Address of Commissionerate of Customs)
2. Port Trust Authority/Airport Authority of

Application for Certificate of approval of post-entry quarantine facility

To,	
(Inspection Authority)	
I/We hereby make an application, in accord Quarantine (Regulations of Import into India) Ord of the Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 (2 quarantine facility established by me for growing hereunder	of 1914) for certification of following post-entry
Description of Consignment	
1. Name & Address of the Importer	
2. Location of PEQ facility	
(i.e. City/Village/Taluka/Distt.)	
3. Type & description of facility (Diagrammatic	
sketch to be attached)	
4. No. of units & size	
5. Total capacity of the PEQ facility (No. of	
propagating units/potting space)	
6. Type of imported planting material to be grown	
7. Particulars of Registration of nursery with	
State Deptt. Of Horticulture/Agriculture	
8. Additional information, if any	
<u>Declar</u>	<u>ration</u>
(i) I/We hereby declare that the information furnish knowledge and belief.(ii) I/we shall abide by the instructions and guideling	•
any Inspection Authority duly notified for this p	
(iii)I/We hereby undertake to provide necessary fac growing plants under Post entry quarantineto an 30authorized by Plant Protection Adviser	ilities during inspection of the facility or by of the Inspection Authority or any officer duly
Date:	
Place:	
	(Signature of importer)

(Emblem) (Name of Organisation)

(Name of Or	rganisation)
Certificate of Approval of Pos	st Entry Quarantine Facility.
Date of Issue Valid up to	
In accordance with the provisions of Claus import into India) Order, 2003 issued under Sub-Insects & Pests Act, 1914, I hereby certify that t been inspected and approved for growing of import described below, under post-entry quarantine, in a in this regard.	the following Post entry quarantine facility has rted consignment of plants/planting materials as
1. Name & address of the importer	
2. Location (City/Village/Taluk) of PEQ Facility	
3. Type of facility, structure & design	
4. No. of units & size of each Unit	
5. Total capacity (no. of propagating Units/potting space)	
6. Name of plant species intended to be grown	
7. Any other facility available	
Date: Place:	Name
	Signature Seal of Inspecting Authority

Undertaking To Grow Imported Plants In An Approved Post-Entry Quarantine Facility Under The Supervision of Inspection Authority

Froi	m: To:
	e M/s
furn	hish the following undertaking in respect of a consignment of
to b	e imported vide IP No dt to
grov	w in an approved post-entry quarantine facility under the supervision of inspection
auth	nority/officer duly 32authorized by the Plant Protection Adviser. I/ we also undertake that:
(1)	I/we shall grow the entire consignment of imported plant material (as described above) in an approved post-entry quarantine facility/isolated nursery located at the village of taluk of Dist of State.
(2)	To intimate the inspection authority/officer of plant quarantine about the date of sowing/planting of seeds/propagating plant material, percentage of germination, seedling mortality and plant protection measures if adopted etc., within one month of sowing/planting and thereafter at regular intervals.
(3)	To provide all the facilities to inspection authority/officers of plant quarantine for undertaking post-entry quarantine inspection of seedlings/plants.
(4)	To maintain the nursery records/registers relating to the receipt of seed/plant material, germination/planting records, plant protection measures undertaken, etc. and produce the same before inspecting team for necessary scrutiny.
(5)	To undertake necessary plant protection measures as advised by the inspecting team from time to time.
(6)	Not to give/donate/distribute any part of consignment without the written clearance from the inspection authority/ officer duly 32uthorized by him in this behalf.
(7)	To abide by the decision of inspection authority/officers of plant quarantine to destroy whole or part of consignment or any seedlings/plant material, found infected/infested or contaminated by a quarantine pest/pathogen. In an appropriate manner measures for decontamination of tools and garden equipment, soil, etc., thereof on emergency basis.
(8)	To bear the cost of destruction of affected plant material under the supervision of inspection authority/officers of plant quarantine.
(9)	To maintain basic inspection tools like hand lance field lance or illuminated magnified, surgical spirit, dissection box, absorbent cotton, screw caped glass vials, labels, etc., for the purpose of carrying out inspection.
(10)	To abide the decision of inspection authority/ officer of the PQ about destruction etc.
	Not to lie any liability with inspection authority/officers of plant quarantine towards loss/damage caused to any material/destruction of the same in the event of infection/infestation by a quarantine pest/pathogen.
Date	e:
Plac	e: Name & Signature of Importer/Agent)
Add	dress:

 $N.B.\ The\ importer/agent\ is\ required\ to\ submit\ the\ above\ undertaking\ in\ duplicate,\ the\ duplicate\ copy\ which\ will\ be\ forwarded\ to\ respective\ Inspection\ Authority\ (IA):$

PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE

(To be typed or printed in block letters)

No.			
INO.			

From	To:		
Plant Protection Organisation	Plan	t Protection Organisation(s)	
of	of		
Description of Consignment			
Name and address of exporter			
Declared name and address of consignee			
Number and description of packages			
Distinguishing marks			
Place of Origin			
Declared means of conveyance			
Declared point of entry			
Name of produce and quantity declared			
Botanical name of plants			
This is to certify that the plants or plant pr	oducts	s described above have been inspected according	
to appropriate procedures and are consider	red to	be free from quarantine pests and practically free	
from the injurious pests and that they are of	consid	ered to conform to the current phytosanitary	
regulations at the importing country			
Desinfestation a		r Disinfection Treatment	
Date	Tem	perature:	
Duration:	Temperature: Chemical (active ingredient)		
Treatment		Concentration	
Additional			
information:			
Additional declarations:			
Place of issue: Stamp of		Name &	
Organization			
Date of issue		Signature of authorized officer Overlighted shall attack to (Name of Plant Protection)	

No financial liability with respect to this certificate shall attach to....... (Name of Plant Protection Organisation) or to any of its officers or representatives*.*Optional clause

MODEL PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE FOR RE-EXPORT

No.

Plant Protection Organisation	To: Plant Protection Organisation(s)	
of	of	
(Country of import)	(Country(ies) of re-export)	
Description of Consignment		
Name and address of exporter		
Declared name and address of consignee		
Number and description of packages		
Distinguishing marks		
Place of Origin		
Declared means of conveyance		
Declared point of entry		
Name of produce and quantity declared		
Botanical name of plants		
This is to certify that the plants or plant products described above were imported into(country of re-export) from (country of origin)covered by Phytosanitary Certificate no*Original [] certified true copy [] of which is attached to this Certificate. That they are* packed {} repacked [] in original [] new [] container, that based on the original Phytosanitary Certificate [] and additional; inspection [], they are considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the importing country, and that during storage in(country of re-export)the consignment has not been subjected to the risk of infestation or infection. *Insert tick in appropriate boxes		
Disinfestation and/or Disinfection Treatment		
Date Treatment Chemical active ingredients	Duration and temperature Concentration Additional information	
Additional declarations:		
Place of issue	Name & Signature of authorized officer	
Date of issue (Stamp of Organisatio	n) (Name of Plant Protection	

No financial liability with respect to this certificate shall attach to...... (Name of Plant Protection Organisation) Or to any of its officers or representatives*.

^{*} Optional clause

Application for Pest Risk Analysis for Import of agricultural commodities into India

1.	Details of Applicant 1.1 Name/ Organisation			
	C	Postcode		
		E-mail		
2.	2.2 Country/ countries of origin	pt		
3.	Product Type (circle one or more)			
	3.1 Processed/ Non-processed3.3 Plant/ Animal3.5 Seed/ plant/ soil	3.2 Living/ non- living3.4 Genetically modified/ non-genetically modified3.6 Culture / non-culture		
4.	Product Processing (if applicable)			
	4.1 If seed:	ground/ kibbled/ whole/ preserved		
	4.2 If plant:	fresh/ dried/ freeze dried/ preserved		
	4.3 Processing refinement:	cooked/ frozen/ pulped/ steamed		
	1 ,			
5.	Product Origins (please state if question	,		
	5.2 Production method, Certification schen	ocality)ne and / or accreditation type?		
6.	 End Use (circle one or more) 6.1 Human consumption / Processing/ Stock feed/ Pet food/ Fish food/ Seeds for sowing/ Nursery stock/ Multiplication/ Post-entry Quarantine/ Therapeutic/ Fertilisers/ <i>In-vivo / Invitro</i> 6.2 Other 			
7.	End Destination (circle &/or specify)	7.2 M. Wints 1		
	7.1Rural/ urban 7.3Specify Country, State & / or region (PI	7.2 Multiple locations/ single RA defined area)		
8.	Entry (circle one or more) Ship/ Air/ Ground transport/ Rail/Other.			
9.	General Comments (any further general comment or notes that need to be made, please make here)			

PRA request form may be submitted to:
Plant Protection Adviser, DPPQS, Faridabad-121001(Haryana) or
Joint Secretary (PP), DAC & FW, Krishi Bhavan, New Delhi -110001

Technical Information Requirement for Pest Risk Analysis (PRA)

1. Plant and Plant Product

- 1.1 Common name;
- 1.2 Scientific (genus & species/strain/variety/cultivar) name;
- 1.3 Resistant or non-resistant varieties;
- 1.4 Countries that have already imported;
- 1.5 Plant part to be imported (whole plant/seed/cutting/sapling/ budwood/bulb/fruit etc.);

2. Production Area

- 2.1 Place of production on map (country and province);
- 2.2 Production and Export (tons/year);

3. Cultivation practices

- 3.1 Harvest method and time;
- 3.2 Plant protection measures (to control and eradicate the pests);

4. Pest List (separately for all the pests)

- 4.1 Scientific & Common name;
- 4.2 Pest biology;
- 4.3 Plant parts affected;
- 4.4 Symptoms;
- 4.5 Distribution and pest free areas;
- 4.6 Pest status (prevalence);
- 4.7 Management practices;
- 4.7.1 Cultural practices;
- 4.7.2 Biological (use of biological control agents, resistant varieties, crop skipping...);
- 4.7.3 Chemical (type, method, time and number of pesticide use...)
- 4.8 Database and reference

5. Packaging

- 5.1 Method of packaging;
- 5.2 Inspection procedure;
- 5.3 Post harvest treatment;
- 5.4 Conditions and security of storage place.

6. Export program (policy/activity)

- 6.1 Trading partners;
- 6.2 Existing procedure for issuing phytosanitary certificates (including additional declaration).

7. Copies of relevant supporting documents.

Schedule-I

[See clauses 2 (xxi), 3 (13) and 3 (14)
Points of Entry for Import of plants/plant materials and other Articles

	Points of Entry for Import of plants/plant materials and other Articles						
	Seaports		Airports		Land Frontier Stations		
1.	Alleppey (Kerala)	1.	Amritsar (Punjab)	1.	Agartala (Tripura)		
2.	Bhavnagar (Gujarat)	2.	Bangalore (Karnataka)	2.	Amritsar Rly. Stn. (Punjab)		
3.	Kolkata (West Bengal)	3.	Kolkata (West Bengal)	3.	Attari Rly. Stn.(Punjab)		
4.	Calicut (Kerala)	4.	Chennai (Tamil Nadu)	4.	Attari Wagha Border		
					Check post (Punjab)		
5.	Chennai (Tamil Nadu)	5.	Hyderabad (Telangana)	5.	Bongaon (West Bengal)		
6.	Cochin (Kerala)	6.	Mumbai (Maharashtra)	6.	Gede Road Rly. Stn. (West		
					Bengal)		
7.	Cuddalore (Tamil Nadu)	7.	New Delhi (Delhi)	7.	Jogbani (Bihar)		
8.	Goa (Goa)	8.	Patna (Bihar)	8.	Moreh (Manipur)		
9.	Gopalpur (Orissa)	9.	Tiruchirapalli (Tamil Nadu)	9.	Panitanki (West Bengal)		
	Haldia (West Bengal)*	10.	Trivandrum (Kerala)	10.	Raxual (Bihar)		
	`		` /		` ′		
	Jamnagar (Gujarat)	11.	Varanasi (Uttar Pradesh)	11.	Rupadiha (Uttar Pradesh)		
	Beypore (Kerala)	12.	Guwahati (Assam)	12.	Sonauli (Uttar Pradesh)		
	Kakinada (Andhra Pradesh)	13.	Calicut (Kerala)	13.	Banbasa (Uttaranchal)		
	Kandla (Gujarat)	14.	Coimbatore (Tamil Nadu)	14.	Zokhwathar (Mizoram)		
	Karwar (Karnataka)	15.	Bagdogra (West Bangal)	15.	Changrabandha (West Bengal)		
16.	Krishnapatnam (Andhra Pradesh)	16.	Cochin(Kerala)	16.	Ghozadanga (West Bengal)		
17.	Machlipatnam (Andhra Pradesh)	17.	Indore (Madhya Pradesh)	17.	Mehadipur (West Bengal)		
18.	Mandvi (Gujarat)	18.	Goa (Goa)	18.	Gauriphanta (Uttar Pradesh)		
19.	Mangalore (Karnataka)	19.	Tirupati (Andhra Pradesh)	19.	Vittamod (Bihar)		
20.	Mumbai (Maharashtra)	20.	Port Blair (Andaman & Nicobar	20.	Jaigaon (West Bengal)		
			Islands)				
	Mundra (Gujarat)	21.	Nashik (Maharashtra)	21.	Chamurchi (West Bengal)		
22.	Nagapatnam (Tamil Nadu)	22.	Madurai (Tamil Nadu)	22.	Hatisar (Dadgiri) (Assam)		
23.	Nova Shiva (Maharashtra)	23.	Bhubaneswar (Odisha)	23.	Darranga (Assam)		
24.	Navlakhi (Gujarat)	24.	Kannur (Kerala)	24.	Barhni (Uttar Pradesh)		
25.	Okha (Gujarat)	25.	Ahmedabad (Gujarat)				
26.	Paradeep (Orissa)*						
27.	Pondicherry						
28.	Porbander (Gujarat)						
	Rameshwram ((Tamil Nadu)						
	Tiruvananthapuram (Kerala)						
	Tuticorin (Tamil Nadu)						
	Veraval (Gujarat)						
	Visakhapatnam (Andhra Pradesh)						
	Vizhinjam (Kerala)						
	Kollam (Quilon) (Kerala)						
	Karaikal (Puducherry)						
	Pipavav (Gujarat)			1			
	Hazira (Gujarat)			1			
	Jaigarh (Maharashtra)			-			
	Kattupalli (Tamil Nadu)			1			
41.	Port Blair (Andaman & Nicobar Islands)			1			
42.	Dahej Port (Gujarat) Dhamra Port (Orissa)			1			
44.	Kamarajar Port, Chennai (Tamil Nadu)			-			
	Nancowry (Kamorta) (Andaman & Nicob	ar Island)		+			
	Port Meadow (Andaman & Nicobar Island			1			
	Gangavaram Port Limited (Andhra Prades	/		1			
т/.	Cangavaram i ori Emmed (Amuma Made)	,11 <i>j</i>	1	1			

For import of food grains by Food Corporation of India only

SCHEDULE-II

[See clause 2 (xxi)] List of Inland Container Depots and Container Freight Stations for Import of Plants and Plant Products

Place	State	Status	Jurisdiction of PQ Station
1. Tughlakabad	Delhi	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
		Depot	Rangpuri, New Delhi
2. Patparganj	Delhi	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
		Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
3. Ballabhgarh	Haryana	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
		Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
4. Gurgaon	Haryana	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
		Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
5. Rewari	Haryana	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
		Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
6. Panipat	Haryana	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
F		Depot	Amritsar
7. Jallandhar	Punjab	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
7.001101101	1 unique	Freight Station	Amritsar
8. Amritsar	Punjab	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
0.11111110001	1 unique	Freight Station	Amritsar
9. Bhatinda	Punjab	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
). Bliatiliau	Tunjuo	Freight Station	Amritsar
10. Ludhiana	Punjab	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
(Dhandari Kalan)	Tunguo	Depot	Amritsar
` ′	Littan Duadaala	-	
11. Moradabad	Uttar Pradesh	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
10 17	II. D 1 1	Depot	Rangpuri, New Delhi
12. Kanpur	Uttar Pradesh	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
12 D 1	II. D 1 1	Depot	Rangpuri, New Delhi
13. Rudarpur	Uttar Pradesh	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
1.4. A	II. D 1 1	Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
14. Agra	Uttar Pradesh	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
15 D 1: (C N :1)	TTU D 1 1	Depot	Rangpuri, New Delhi
15. Dadri (G. Noida)	Uttar Pradesh	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
1.6.01	77 D. 1.1	Depot	Rangpuri, New Delhi
16. Sharanpur	Uttar Pradesh	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
1=		Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
17. Varanasi	Uttar Pradesh	Container	Plant Quarantine Cell,
		Freight Station	Central Integrated Pest
10.5			Management Centre, Gorakhpur
18. Meerut	Uttar Pradesh	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
		Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
19. Sabarmati	Gujarat	Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station, Kandla
Ahmedabad		Depot	
20. Ahmedabad	Gujarat	Container	Plant Quarantine Station, Kandla
		Freight Station	
21. Surat	Guiorat	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
	Gujarat	mana Container	1
	Gujarat	Depot	Mumbai
22. Kandla	Gujarat		1

23. Jodhpur	Rajasthan	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
		Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
24. Jaipur	Rajasthan	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
F	3	Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
25. Bhiwadi	Rajasthan	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
20. 2111, ww	l	Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
26. Kota	Rajasthan	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
20.11010	ragastrari	Freight Station	Rangpuri, New Delhi
27. Sanathnagar	Telangana	Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station,
(Hyderabad)	Totaligalia	Depot	Hyderabad
28. Guntur	Andhra	Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station,
20. Guntar	Pradesh	Depot	Visakhapattnam
29. Chirala	Andhra	Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station,
2). Cilifala	Pradesh	Depot	Visakhapattnam
30. Anaparti	Andhra	Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station,
30. Aliaparti	Pradesh	Depot	Visakhapattnam
31. Kakinada		1	1
31. Kakinada	Andhra	Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station,
22.77.1.11	Pradesh	Depot	Visakhapattnam
32.Vishakhapattanam		Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station,
	Pradesh	Depot	Visakhapattnam
33. Wadibunder	Maharashtra	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
(Mumbai)		Depot	Mumbai
34. Chinchwad	Maharashtra	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
(Pune)		Depot	Mumbai
35. Bhandup	Maharashtra	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
(Mumbai)		Freight Station	Mumbai
36. J.N. Port	Maharashtra	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
(Mumbai)		Freight Station	Mumbai
37. Muland	Maharashtra	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
(Mumbai)		Depot	Mumbai
38. Nava Seva	Maharashtra	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
(Mumbai)		Freight Station	Mumbai
39. Jalgaon	Maharashtra	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
37. 04184011	1 Turiur usiri u	Freight Station	Mumbai
40. Aurangabad	Maharashtra	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
10. Harangaoaa	1vianarasina	Freight Station	Mumbai
41. Nagpur	Maharashtra	Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station, Nagpur
Tr. Magpur	Ivianarasinia	Depot	(Maharashtra)
42. Dronagiri	Maharashtra	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
72. Dionagni	ivianaiasillia	Freight Station	Mumbai
43. Miraj	Maharashtra	Inland Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
43. Milaj	Ivialiaiasillia		Mumbai
44 3371 1 6 1 1	TZ . 1	Depot	
44.Whitefield	Karnataka	Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station,
(Bengaluru)		Depot	Bengaluru
45. Coimbatore	Tamilnadu	Inland Container	Plant Quarantine Station,
		Depot	Tiruchirapalli
46. Minjur	Tamilnadu	Container	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
(Chennai)	1	Freight Station	Chennai

47. Virugambakkam (Chennnai)	Tamilnadu	Container Freight Station	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Chennai
48. Numbal (Chennai)	Tamilnadu	Container Freight Station	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Chennai
49. Tiruvottiyur (Chennai)	Tamilnadu	Container Freight Station	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Chennai
50. Manali (Chennai)	Tamilnadu	Container Freight Station	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Chennai
51. Tirupur	Tamilnadu	Container Freight Station	Plant Quarantine Station, Tiruchirapalli
52. Tuticorin	Tamilnadu	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Tuticorin
53. Salem	Tamilnadu	Container Freight Station	Plant Quarantine Station, Tiruchirapalli
54. Singanallur	Tamilnadu	Container Freight Station	Plant Quarantine Station, Tiruchirapalli
55. Kolkata	West Bengal	Inland Container Depot	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Kolkata
56. Siliguri	West Bengal	Container Freight Station	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Kolkata
57. Malanpur (Gwaliar)	Madhya Pradesh	Container Freight Station	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Rangpuri, New Delhi
58. Indore	Madhya Pradesh	Container Freight Station	Plant Quarantine Station, Indore (Madhya Pradesh)
59. Cochin	Kerala	Container Freight Station	Plant Quarantine Station, Cochin
60. Raxaul	Bihar	Container Freight Station	Plant Quarantine Cell, Central Integrated Pest Management Centre, Patna
61. Surajpur	Uttar Pradesh	Inland Container Depot	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Rangpuri, New Delhi
62. The Thar Dry Port, ICD Sanand, Ahmedabad	Gujarat	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Kandla.
63. ICD, Loni	New Delhi	Inland Container Depot	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Rangpuri, New Delhi
64. Kattupalli	Tamil Nadu	Container Freight Station	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Chennai
65. Panchi Gujaran, Sonepat	Haryana	Inland Container Depot	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Rangpuri, New Delhi
66. Dhannad, Indore	Madhya Pradesh	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Indore (Madhya Pradesh)
67. Kheda, Dhar	Madhya Pradesh	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Indore (Madhya Pradesh)

68. Pithampur, Dhar	Madhya Pradesh	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Indore (Madhya Pradesh)
69. Ratlam	Madhya Pradesh	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Indore (Madhya Pradesh)
70. Mandideep, Raisen	Madhya Pradesh	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Indore (Madhya Pradesh)
71. Borkhedi, Nagpur	Maharashtra	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Nagpur (Maharashtra)
72. Tumb (Tal- Umbergaon)	Gujarat	Inland Container Depot	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Mumbai
73. Jhattipur, Tehsil Samalkha (Panipat)	Haryana	Inland Container Depot	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Rangpuri, New Delhi
74. Wardha	Maharashtra	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Nagpur (Maharashtra)
75. KERN ICD Madurai	Tamil Nadu	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Madurai (vide S.O. 6224(E) dt. 18 th Dec. 2018)
76. Palwal	Haryana	Inland Container Depot	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Rangpuri, New Delhi (vide S.O. 4615(E) dt. 21 st Dec. 2019)
77. Janori, Nashik	Maharashtra	Inland Container Depot	Plant Quarantine Station, Nashik (vide S.O. 953(E) dt. 2 nd March, 2020)
78. Thar Dry Port, Jodhpur	Rajasthan	Inland Container Depot	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, New Delhi (vide S.O.4243(E), dated 17.11.2020 & Corrigendum vide S.O.681(E), dated 10.02.2021)
79. Kathuwas, Alwar	Rajasthan	Inland Container Depot	Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Rangpuri, New Delhi (vide S.O. 5103(E) dt. 2 nd Nov. 2021)

SCHEDULE-III [See clause 2(xxi)] List of Foreign Post Offices for Import of Plants and Plant Products

S. No.	Place	Status	Jurisdiction PQ Station
1.	New Delhi	Foreign Post Office	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
	(Delhi)		Rangpuri, New Delhi
2.	Mumbai	Foreign Post Office	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
	(Maharashtra)		Mumbai
3.	Chennai	Foreign Post Office	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,,
	(Tamil Nadu)		Chennai
4.	Kolkata	Foreign Post Office	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,,
	(West Bengal)		Kolkata
5.	Cochin (Kerala)	Foreign Post Office	Plant Quarantine Station, Cochin
6.	Ahmedabad (Gujarat)	Sub Foreign Post Office	Plant Quarantine Station, Kandla
7.	Bangalore	Sub Foreign Post Office	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
	(Karnataka)		Chennai
8.	Jaipur	Sub Foreign Post Office	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
	(Rajasthan)		Rangpuri, New Delhi

9.	Ludhiana (Punjab)	Sub Foreign Post Office	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
			Amritsar
10.	Agra (U.P.)	Sub Foreign Post Office	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
			Rangpuri, New Delhi
11.	Guwahati	Sub Foreign Post Office	Regional Plant Quarantine Station,
	(Assam)	_	Kolkata

SCHEDULE-IV [See clause 3 (2), 10(2) and 11(1)] List of plants/planting materials and countries from where import is prohibited along with justifications

S. No.	Plant species/variety	Categories of plant material	Prohibited from the countries	Justification for Prohibition
1.	Banana, Plantain and Abaca (Musa spp.)	Rhizomes/Suckers	Central & South America, Hawaii, Philippines and Cameroon	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as Moko wilt (<i>Burkholderia solanacearum</i>) race 2 and Cameroon marbling (phytoplasmas)
2.	Cassava or tapioca (Manihot esculenta)	Seed/Stem cuttings	Africa & South America	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as: Super elongation (Sphaceloma manihoticola), Cassava bacterial blight (Xanthomonas campestris pv. manihotis) - American strains, Cassava witches "broom (phytoplasma) and several cassava viruses.
3.	Cocoa (<i>Theobroma cacao</i>) and plants species belong to Sterculiaceae, Bombacaceae and Tiliaceae.	Freshbeans/Pods/Bud wood/Grafts Rootstock/ Saplings	West Africa, Tropical America and Sri Lanka.	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as: Swollen shoot virus and related virus strains of cocoa, Witches broom (Crinipellis (Marasmius) perniciosa Watery pod rot (Monilia (Moniliopthora) roreri), Mealy pod (Trachysphaera fructigena), Mirids (Sahlbergia singularis & Distantiella theobroma), Cocoa moth (Acorocercops cramerella), Cocoa capsid (Sahlbergiella theobroma), Cocoa beetle (Steirastoma brevi), Seedling damping-off (Phytophthora cactorum), Chestnut downy mildew (Phytophthora katsurae) and Blackpod of cocoa (Phytophthora megakarya).
4.	Cocoyam or Dasheen or Taro (Arvi) (Colocasia esculenta) and other edible aeroids	Plants/Corms/Cormlets /Suckers		Due to incidence of destructive pests such as Alomae land Bobone (Rhabdo viruses), Dasheen mosaic virus (South Pacific strains) and Bacterial blight (Xanthomonas campestric pv. dieffenbachiae).

5.	Coconut (Cocos nucifera) and related species of Cocoideae	Seed nuts/ Seedlings/ Pollen/Tissue cultures etc.	Africa (Cameroon, Ghana, Nigeria, Togo and Tanzania), North America (Florida in USA, Mexico); Central America and Caribbean (Cayman Islands, Bahmas, Cuba, Dominican Republic, Haiti, Jamaica) Philippines and Gaum Brazil (Atlantic Coast), Trinidad, Tobago, Greneda, St. Vincent, Barbados, Belize, Honduras, Costa Rica, El Salvador, Panama, Columbia, Venezuela and Ecuador, Surinam (Dutch Guyana), Sri Lanka.	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as: Palm lethal yellowing (phytoplasma) andrelated strains, Cadang cadang & Tinangaja (viroid), Lethal boll rot (Marasmiellus cocophilus), Red ring (Rhadinaphelenchus cocophilus (palmarum), South American Palm weevil (Rhyncophorus palmarum), Leaf minor (Promecotheca cumingi) and Palm kernel borer (Pachymerus spp).
6.	Coffee (Coffea spp.) and related species of Rubiaceae	Beans (seeds) /Berries (freshly harvested)/ Grafts/ Budwood/ Seedlings/ Rooted cuttingsetc.	Africa and South America	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as American leaf spot (Mycena citricolor, syn. Omphalia flavida), Coffee berry disease (Colletotrichum coffeanum var. virulens), Tracheomycosis (Gibberella xylariodes, syn Fusarium xylarioids), Powdery rust (Hemeleia coffeicola), Phloem necrosis (Phytomonas leptovasorum) and Coffee viruses (coffee ringspot, leaf rugosity, leaf curl, leaf crinkle and mosaic viruses), Coffee berry borer (Hypothenemus hampei, Sophronica ventralis) and Coffee thrips (Diarthrothrips coffeae).
7.	Date palm (Phoenix dactylifera)	Seeds/Off-shoots (suckers)	Algeria and Morocco USA (Florida)	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as: Bayood (Fusarium oysporum f.sp. albedinis) and Palm lethal yellowing (Phytoplasmas)
8.	Forest plant species: (i) Chestnut (Castanea spp.)	Seeds/ Fruits/ Grafts and other planting material	North America (USA and Canada)	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as: Chestnut blight or canker (<i>Cryphonectria</i> (<i>Endothia</i>) parasitica)-American strain.
	(ii) Elm (Ulmus spp.)	Plants/planting material	North America (USA and Canada) and Europe and Russia	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as: Dutch elm disease (<i>Ceratocystis ulmi</i>) -American and European strains, Elm mottle virus, Elm bark beetles (Scolytidae), Elm phloem necrosis (Phytoplasmas) and White -banded elm leaf hopper (<i>Scaphoidousluteolus</i>) -vector of Elm phloem necrosis.
	(iii) Oak (Quercus spp.)	Seeds/ Root grafts	United States of America	Due to incidence of destructive Oak wilt (<i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i>) and Oak bark beetles (<i>Pseudopityophthorus</i> spp.)

	(iv) Pine (<i>Pinus spp.</i>) and other coniferous species	(a) Seeds/Saplings	North America (Canada, USA and Mexico)	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as Pine rusts [Stalactiform blister rust (<i>Cronartium coleosporioides</i>), Comandra blister rust (<i>C. comandrae</i>), sweet fern blister rust (<i>C. comptoniae</i>), Southern fusiform rust (<i>C. fusiforme</i>), Western gall rust (<i>Endocronartium harknessii</i>), Brown spotneedle blight (<i>Mycosphaerella dearnesii</i> , syn. <i>Scirrhia acicola</i>), Seedling die-back and pitch canker (<i>Fusarium moniliforme</i> f.sp. <i>subglutinans</i>) and Needle cast (<i>Lophodermium</i> spp.)
		(b) Woodwith bark	North America (Canada &USA), Asia (China, Hong Kong, Japan, Korea, Republic of Taiwan)	
9.	Oil palm (<i>Elaeis guineensis</i>) and related species	Seeds/Pollen/seed sprouts	Philippines and Guam	Due to incidence of Cadang cadang & Tinangaja (viroid)
10.	Potato (Solanum tuberosum) and other tuber bearing species of Solanaceae	Tubers and other planting material	South America	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as Potato smut [<i>Thecaphora (Angiosorus) solani</i>], Potato viruses <i>viz.</i> Andean potato latent, Andean potato mottle, Arracacha Bvirus, Potato deforming mosaic, Potato T (capillo virus), Potato yellow dwarf, Potato yellow vein, Potato calico strain of Tobacco ring spot virus and Andean potato weevil (<i>Premnotrypes</i> spp.)
11.	Rubber (Hevea spp.)	Seeds/plants/budwood and any other plant material	Tropical America (Area extending 23 ^{1/2} degrees North land 23 ^{1/2} degrees South of the equator (Tropics of Capricorn and Cancer) and includes adjacent islands and longitude 30 degree West land 120 degrees East including part of Mexico, North of the Tropic of Cancer)	
12.	Sugarcane (Saccharum spp.)	Cuttings or setts of planting	Fiji, Papua New Guinea, Australia, Philippines and Indonesia	Due to incidence of destructive Fiji virus

13.	Sweet potato (Ipomoea spp.)	Stem (Vine) cuttings rooted or unrooted/tubers	South Africa, East Africa, New Zealand, Nigeria, USA, Argentina and Israel.	Due to incidence of destructive pests such as: Scab (Elsinoe batatas), Scurf (Moniliochaetes infuscans), Foot rot (Plenodomus destruens), Soil rot (Streptomyces ipomoeae), Bacteria wilt (Pseudomonas batatae), Sweet potato viruses viz. Russet crack; feathery mottle; internal cork; chlorotic leaf spot; vein mosaic; mild mottle and yellow dwarf, vein clearing; chlorotic stunt; Sheffied"s virus A and B etc., Sweet potato witches" broom (phytoplasmas) and seed bruchid (Mimosestes mimosae)
14	Yam (Dioscorea spp.)	Tubers for planting or propagation	West Africa and Caribbean Region	Due to incidence of destructive Yam mosaic virus/ green banding virus
15.	Triticum spp. (Wheat)	(i) Seeds/grains	Latin American countries and Bangladesh	Due to incidence of destructive <i>Magnaporthe oryzae sub. sp. triticum</i> (Wheat blast).

SCHEDULE-V

[See clause 3 (3) (6) (7) and 10 and 11 (3)] List of plants and plant materials restricted import permissible only with the recommendation of authorized institutions with additional declarations and special conditions

S. No.	Plant species/ variety	Category of plants & plant material	Additional declarations required to be incorporated into PSC	Special conditions of import	Responsibility of authorized Institutions
1.	Banana, Plantain and Abaca (<i>Musa</i> spp.).	(i) Rhizomes/ Suckers	Freedom from: (a) Moko wilt (Burkholderia solanacearum Race-2) (b) Black leaf streak (Mycosphaerella fijiensis var. difformis) (c) Cameroon marbling (Phytoplasmas) (d) Rhizome rot (Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. paradisiaca) (e) Banana weevil (Hawaii) (Cosmopolites pruinosus), (f) Cane weevil (West Indies) (Metamasius hemipterus), (g) Banana weevil (East African), (Temnoschoita nigroplagiata).	 (i) Growing of imported consignment under postentry quarantine for a period of 9-12 months. (ii) Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture. 	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, National Research Center on Banana, Tiruchirappalli (Tamil Nadu).
2.	Cassava or tapioca (Manihot esculenta)	(i) Stem Cuttings	Freedom from: (a) Super elongation (Sphaceloma manihoticola) (b) Bacterial leaf spot (Xanthomonascampestris.pv. cassavae) (c) Cassava bacterial blight (Xanthomonas campestris pv. manihotis) - American strains. (d) Cassava viruses (viz. common mosaic, brown streak, leaf vein mosaic, red mottle and yellow vein banding (e) Cassava witches" broom (phytoplasma) (f) Shoot fly (Carpolonchaea chalybea) (g) Mite (Mononychellus spp.) (h) Thrip (Frankliniella willamsi)	 (i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year. (ii) Hot water dipping of cuttings at 50^oC for 30 min. before planting. 	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Central Tuber Crops Research Institute, Sreekaryam (Kerala).

		(ii) Seeds	As stated above at (b) and (c)	The above conditions shall not apply.	Same as above.
		(iii) Tissue cultured plants	Certified that the tissue cultured plants tested and found virus-free.	Same as above.	Same as above.
3.	Citrus spp. (lemon, lime, orange, grape fruit, mandarins etc.) and other Rutaceous hosts	(i) Grafts/Bud wood/ Plants	Freedom from: (a) Mal secco (Deuterophoma tracheiphila) (b) Stubborn or little leaf (Spiroplasma citri) (c) Cancrosis B (Xanthomonas campestris pv. aurantifolii) (d) Citrus tatter leaf (Capillo virus) (e) Satsuma dwarf virus (f) Sweet orange scab (Elsinoe australis) and Tryon"s scab (Sphaceloma fawcettii var. scabiosa) (g) Citrus burrowing nematode (Radopholus citrophilus) (h) Florida red scale (Chrysomphalus aonidium) (i) Citrus bud mite (Eriophyes sheldoni) (j) Citrus rust mite (Phyllocoptruta oleivora)		Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, National Research Centre on Citrus, Nagpur (Maharashtra).
		(ii) Seeds for propagation	As stated above at (c)	The above condition shall not apply.	Same as above.
		(iii) Tissue cultured plants	obtained from mother-stock indexed or tested and maintained virus-free.	Same as above.	Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation & Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture
4.	Theobroma cacao (Cocoa) and related species.	(i) Seeds (beans)/ pods/bud wood/ rootstock	Freedom from: (a) Swollen shoot virus and related strains (b) Witches" broom (<i>Crinipellis</i>	Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by the Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod, Kerala

			 (h) Cocoa beetle (Steirastoma brevi) (i) Seedling damping-off (Phytophthora cactorum) (j) Chestnut downy mildew (Phytophthora katsurae) (k) Black pod of cocoa (Phytophthoramegakarya) 		
		(ii) Tissue- cultured plants	Certified that the tissue cultured plants produced in vitro are obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from cocoa viruses by appropriate authority at the country of origin.	The above conditions shall not apply	
5.	Coconut (Cocos nucifera) & related species of Cocoidae		Freedom from: a) Palm lethal yellowing (phytoplasma) and related strains b) Cadang cadang & Tinangaja (viroid) c) Lethal boll rot (Marasmiellus cocophilus) d)Red ring (Rhadinaphelenchus cocophilus (palmarum) e)South American Palm weevil (Rhyncophorus palmarum) f) Leaf minor (Promecotheca cumingi) g) Palm kernel borer (Pachymerus spp)	(i) The Seed nuts shall be fumigated with methyl bromide @ 16 g/m³ for 12 hrs at 21°C under NAP at the port of entry or any other fumigant/ substance in the manner approved by Plant Protection Adviser. (ii) Post-entry quarantine in offshore island facility at Andaman & Nicobar Islands for one reproductive cycle or five years period.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, CPCRI, Kasaragod, Kerala
		(ii) Embryo-cultures	Certified that the embryo cultures are obtained from seed nuts collected from mother trees tested and found free from viroids.		Same as above.
6.	Coffee (Coffea spp.) and related species of Rubiaceae	(i) Seeds (beans) & berries (freshly harvested)/ Grafts / Bud wood / Seedlings/ Rooted cuttings.	Freedom from: (a) American leaf spot (<i>Mycena citricolor</i> , syn. <i>Omphalia flavida</i>) (b) Coffee berry disease (<i>Colletotrichum coffeanum</i> var. <i>virulens</i>) (c) Tracheomycosis (<i>Gibberella xylariodes</i> , syn <i>Fusarium xylarioids</i>) (d) Powdery rust (<i>Hemeleia coffeicola</i>) (e) Halo blight (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>garcae</i>)	Post-entry quarantine for One year period.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by the Director, Central Coffee Research Institute, Balehonnur, Chikmagalur (Karnataka).

		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(f) Leaf spot (<i>Pseudomonas cichorii</i>) (g) Phloem necrosis (<i>Phytomonas leptovasorum</i>) (h) Coffee viruses (coffee ringspot, leaf rugosity, leaf curl, leaf crinkle and mosaic viruses) (i) Coffee berry borers (<i>Hypothenemus hampei</i> , <i>Sophronica ventralis</i>) (j) Coffee thrips (<i>Diarthrothrips coffeae</i>) Certified that the tissue cultured plants tested virus-free	The above condition shall not apply.	Same as above.
7.	Cotton (Gossypium spp.)	Seeds for sowing	Freedom from: (a) Witches broom (Collectotrichum gossypii var. cephalosporioides) (b) Bacterial blight (Xanthomonas campestris pv. malvacearum (African strain) (c) (Anthonomus grandis& other Anthonomus spp.) (d) Seed bruchids (Amblycerus spp., Megacerus spp., Spermophagus spp.)	(i) The seed shall be given acid delinting treatment at the country of origin prior to shipment (ii) The seed shall be fumigated with suitable fumigant at the country of origin and treatment to be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Central Cotton Research Institute, Nagpur (Maharashtra).
8.			Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Forest Research Institute, Dehradun or any other research institute under Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education.	
	(ii) Elm (<i>Ulmus</i> spp.)	(i) Seeds/Plants	Freedom from: (a) Dutch elm disease (<i>Ceratocystis ulmi</i>) - American and European strains (b) Elm mottle virus, (c) Elm bark beetles (Scolytidae) (d) White -banded elm leaf hopper (<i>Scaphoidous luteolus</i>)-Vector of Elm phloem necrosis (e) Seed Bruchid (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp.)	 (i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year. (ii) Fumigation of planting material prior to dispatch at the country of origin and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary certificate. 	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Forest Research Institute, Dehradun or any other research institute under Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education

(iii) Oak (Quercus spp.)	(i) Seeds/ Plants	Freedom from: (a) Oak wilt (<i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i>) (b) Oak bark beetles (<i>Pseudopityophthorus</i> spp.) (c) Seed Bruchids (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp.)	 (i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year. (ii) Fumigation of planting material prior to dispatch at the country of origin and the treatment shall be endorsed on the phytosaniary certificate 	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Forest Research Institute, Dehradun or any other research institute under Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education.
(iv) Pine (<i>Pinus</i> spp.) and other coniferous species	(i) Seeds/ Plants	Freedom from: (a) Pine rusts (Stalactiform blister rust (Cronartium coleosporioides), Comandra blister rust (C. comandrae), sweet fern blister rust (C. comptoniae); Southern fusiform rust (C. fusiforme)) (b) Western gall rust (Endocronartium harknessii) (c) Brown spot needle blight (Mycosphaerella dearnesii, syn. Scirrhia acicola) (d) Seedling die-back and pitch canker (Fusarium moniliforme f.sp. subglutinans). (e) Needle cast (Lophodermium spp.) (f) Pine wood nematode (Bursaphelenchus xylophilus) (g) Seed chalcid (Eurytoma sciromatis) (h) Seed Bruchids (Bruchidius spp.)	i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year. ii) Fumigation of planting material prior to dispatch at the country of origin and the treatment shall be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Forest Research Institute, Dehradun or any other research institute under Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education.
(v) Poplar Populus spp.)	(i) Stem cuttings/ Plants	Freedom from: (a) Hypoxylon canker (Hypoxylon mammatum) (b) Poplar rust (Melampsora medusae) (c) Septoria canker of poplar (Mycosphaerella populorum, syn. Septoria musiva) (d) Gummosis (Euitypa armeniacae) (e) Poplar mosaic virus	Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Forest Research Institute, Dehradun or any other research institute under Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education.
(vi) Walnut (Juglans spp.)	(i) Seeds (nuts)/ Plants	Freedom from: (a) Bacterial blight (<i>Xanthomonas juglandis</i>) (b) Bark canker (<i>Erwinia nigrifluens</i>) (c) Gummosis (<i>Euitypa armeniacae</i>) (d) Codling moth (<i>Carpocapsa pomonella</i>)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year	Subject to recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Forest Research Institute, Dehradun or any other research institute under Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education.

9.	Groundnut (Arachis spp.)	Seeds/ Stem Cuttings/Plants	Free from (a) Scab (Sphaceloma arachidis) (b) Bacterial wilt (Burkholderia solanacearum) (African strains) (c) Peanut stripe virus (d) Peanut stunt virus (e) Tobacco streak virus (f) Seed Bruchid (Stator pruininus) (g) Testa Nematode (Aphelenchoides arachidis)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 6 weeks(ii) Permitted to import only as decorticated seeds.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, National Research Center on Groundnut, Junagadh, Gujarat State and Director General, International Crops Research Institute for Semi-Aried Tropics, Patancheru, Andhra Pradesh State.
10.	Potato (Solanum tuberosum) and other tuber bearing species of Solanaceae	(i) Tubers and other planting material	Freedom from: (a) Potato tuber nematode (Ditylenchus destructor) (b) Stem and bulb nematode (Ditylenchus dipsaci) (c) Potato cyst nematodes [Globodera (Heterodera) rostochiensis & Globodera pallida] (d) Gangrene (Phoma exigua var. foveata) (e) Potato wart (Synchytrium endobioticum) (f) Potato smut [Thecaphora (Angiosorus) solani] (g) Bacterial ring rot (Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. sepedonicus) (h) Potato purple-top wilt & stolbur phytoplasmas (i) Potato viruses viz. Andean potato latent, Andean potato mottle, Arracacha B virus, Potato deforming mosaic, Potato T (capillo virus), Potato yellow dwarf, Potato yellow vein, Potato calico strain of Tobacco ring spot virus, Potato strain of Tobacco streak virus (j) Colarado potato beetle (Leptinotarsa decemlineata) (k) Andean potato weevil (Premnotrypes spp.)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of two growth seasons.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Central Potato Research Institute, Simla, (Himachal Pradesh).

		(ii) True seed/ micro tubers (in vitro) of potato/ tissue- cultured plants	The true seed/micro-tubers (in vitro) of potato are obtained from plants tested and certified free from viruses and viroids of potato and other tuber bearing Solanaceous plant species.	The above condition shall not apply.	Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture.
11.	Rice (Oryza sativa)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Freedom from: (a) Granary weevil (Sitophilus granarius) (b) Sheath brown rot (Pseudomonas fuscovaginae) (c) Seedling rot (Pseudomonas glumae) (d) Bacterial halo blight (Pseudomonas syringae pv. Oryzae (e) Quarantine Weed Seeds	Seed soaking overnight and hot water treatment at 52°C for 10 minutes.	 (a) Approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare, Ministry of Agriculture as per provisions of New Policy on Seed Development (NPSD), 1988. (b) Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, NBPGR, New Delhi/Director, Directorate of Rice Research, Hyderabad.
12.	Rubber (Hevea spp.)	Seed/ Saplings/ Bud wood.	(i) Freedom from: (a) South American leaf blight (SALB) (Microcyclus ulei syn. Dothidella ulei) (b) Shot hole borer (Xyleborus ferrugineus)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year. (ii) The consignment of seed and other planting material shall be treated with suitable systemic fungicide prior to dispatch of the consignment at the country of origin and the treatment shall be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by the Director, Rubber Institute, Kottayam, (Kerala).
13.	Sugarcane (Saccharum spp.)	(i) Cuttings of setts for planting	Freedom from: (a) Fiji virus of sugarcane (b) Gummosis (Xanthomonas vasculorum) (c) Sugarcane white leaf (phytoplasmas) (d) Sereh (e) Sugarcane downy mildew (Peronosclerospora sacchari) (f) Mottled stripe (Pseudomonas rubrisubalbicans) (g) Sugarcane viruses viz. bacilliform, mild mosaic, mosaic & streak (h) American sugarcane borer (Diatraea saccharalis)	(i) Growing of consignment under Post entry quarantine for a period of one year. (ii) Hot water treatment of dormant sets at 52°C for 20 min. followed by dipping in systemic fungicide solutions viz. Benlate at 0.2% just prior to planting. (iii) All packages and packing material shall be disposed off by burning.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Sugarcane Breeding Institute, Coimbatore (Tamil Nadu).

		(ii) True seed or fuzz	As stated above at (b) and (e) Certified that the tissue cultured plants tested and found virus-free	(iv) Hot water treatment of fuzz at 58°C for 5 min. in water with 50 ppm Tween-20 followed by a short dip in a 10 ppm solution of suitable fungicide just before sowing. The above conditions (i) to	As above.
1.1	<u> </u>	plants		(iv) shall not apply	
14.	Sweet potato (Ipomoea spp.)	(i) Stem (vine) cuttings rooted or un-rooted/ tubers	Freedom from: (a) Scab (Elsinoe batatas) (b) Scurf (Moniliochaetes infuscans) (c) Foot rot (Plenodomus destruens) (d) Soil rot (Streptomyces ipomoeae) (e) Bacteria wilt (Pseudomonas batatae) (f) Sweet potato viruses viz. Russet crack; feathery mottle; internal cork; chlorotic leaf spot; vein mosaic; mild mottle and yellow dwarf, vein clearing; chlorotic stunt; Sheffied"s virus A and B etc. (g) Sweet potato witches" broom (phytoplasmas) (h) Seed bruchid (Mimosestes mimosae)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season. (ii) Free from soil.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Central Tuber Crops Research Institute, Sreekaryam (Kerala).
		(ii) True seed/ Tissue-cultured plants	Certified that the true seed / tissue-cultured plants are obtained from mother stock indexed or tested and maintained free from viruses and viroids of potato and other tuber bearing Solanaceous plant species.	The above conditions shall not apply.	Same as above.
15.	Tobacco (Nicotiana spp.)	(i) Seed for sowing	Freedom from: (a) Blue mould (<i>Peronospora tabacina</i>) (b) Broomrape (<i>Orobanche cumana</i>) (c) Tobacco cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera tabacum</i>)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of one growth season.	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Central Tobacco Research Institute, Rajahmundry (AP).

16.	Wheat (Triticum spp.)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Freedom from: (a) Dwarf bunt (<i>Tilletia contraversa</i>) (b) Ergot (<i>Claviceps purpurea</i>) (c) Spike rot (<i>Pseudomonas atrofaciens</i>) (d) Granary weevil (<i>Sitophilus granarius</i>) (e) Quarantine Weed Seeds	Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.	 (a) Approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare, Ministry of Agriculture as per provisions of New Policy on Seed Development (NPSD), 1988. (b) Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, NBPGR, New Delhi/ Director, Directorate of Wheat Research, Karnal.
17.	Yam (Dioscorea spp)	(i) Tubers for planting or propagation (ii) Tissue cultured plants	 (i)Freedom from: (a) Yam mosaic virus/ green banding virus (b) Crown gall (Agrobacterium tumefaciens) (c) Weevil (Palaeopus spp.) (ii) Certified that the tissue cultured plants produced from virus-free mother stock. 	followed by chemical dip in fensulphathion at 0.125% for 10-15 min. before planting. The above conditions shall not	Subject to the recommendation, supervision, monitoring and testing by Director, Central Tuber Crops Research Institute, Sreekaryam (Kerala).

SCHEDULE - VI [See clauses 3(3) & (6), 10(i), (ii) & (iii) and 11(3)] List of plants/plant materials permitted to be imported with additional declarations and special conditions (Consolidated upto SeventhAmendment 2017, dated 24th August, 2017)

Sl. No.	Plant species	Category of plant	Country of	Additional declarations required to be	Special conditions of import
		Material	Origin	incorporated into Phytosanitary Certificate	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
1.	Abelmoschus esculentus (Okra)	Seeds for sowing	(i) China (ii) Italy (iii) Philippines (iv) Thailand (v) Japan (vi) Bangladesh (vii) Malaysia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(viii) France (ix) Taiwan	Free from <i>Phomopsis longicolla</i> (phomopsis seed decay)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(x) USA	Free from: (a) Phomopsis longicolla (b) Helicoverpa zea (c) Cercospora abelmoschi	 (i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds (ii) Free from soil contamination (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (a) by a competent authority at the country of origin.
2.	Abies spp. (Firwood)	(i) Wood with/ without bark	Europe (except Portugal)	Free from: (a) <i>Ips typographus</i> (Spruce bark beetle) (b) <i>Pityogenes chalcographus</i> (Bark beetle, six dentated) (c) <i>Tomicus piniperda</i> (Pine beetle)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin or re-export.

		(ii) Wood with/ without bark	North America	Free from: (a) Dendroctonus rufipennis (Spruce beetle) (b) Dioryctria abietivorella (Fir cone worm) (c) Dryocoetes confuses (Western balsam bark beetle) (d) Pityokteines sparsus (Balsam fir bark beetle) (e) Polygraphus rufipennis (Foureyed spruce bark beetle (f) Tomicus piniperda (Beetle, pine) (g) Bursaphenchus xylophilus (Pine wood nematode) (h) Adelges piceae (Balsam woolly adelgid) (i) Choristoneura fumiferana (spruce budworm) (j) Choristoneura freemani (Western spruce budworm) (k) Choristoneura lambertiana (Sugar pine tortrix) (l) Gilpinia hercyniae (Spruce sawfly) (m) Heterobasidion annosum (n) Heterobasidion parviporum (o) Hylurgops palliatus (Lesser spruce shoot beetle) (p) Lambdina fiscellaria (Eastern hemlock looper) (q) Melanophila drummondi (Flat headed fir borer) (r) Monochamus obtusus (Obtuse sawyer) (s) Neonectria fuckeliana (Flute canker of radiata pine) (t) Orgyia pseudotsugata (Douglas-fir tussock moth) (u) Otiorhynchus singularis (Clay coloured weevil) (v) Phellinus weirii (Laminated root rot) (w) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot) (x) Scolytus ventralis (Fir engraver) (y) Sirococcus conigenus (Sirococcus blight of conifers) (z) Leptographium procerum (White pine root decline) (aa) Phytophthora ramorum [Sudden oak death (SOD)] (bb) Rhizobium rhizogenes (Gall)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
3.	Abutilon hybridum	Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia (ii) Europe (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
4.	Acacia spp. (Wattles)	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Free from: (a) Pantomorus cervinus (rose beetle) (b) Atelocauda digitata (c) Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. passiflorae	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
5.	Acacia auriculiformis	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
6.	Acacia mangium	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
7.	Acer spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Canada	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) <i>Xylella fastidiosa</i> (Pierce's disease of grapevines) (b) Sowbane mosaic virus	Nil

8.	Achillea spp.	Seeds for sowing	Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
9.	Achillea millefolium	Dry flowers for decoration	Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
10.	Aconitum hetrophyllum (Atees)	Dried roots for consumption	Pakistan	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris
11.	Aconitum napellus	Dry plant material (All plant parts) for medicinal purpose	China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
12.	Actea spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
13.	Actinida spp. (Kiwi fruit)	Budwoods/ plants for propagation	USA	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Epiphyas postvittana (apple moth) (c) Platynota stultana (leaf roller) (d) Armillaria mellea (armillaria root rot) (e) Calonectria crotalaria (f) Phaeoacremonium aleophilum (g) Phytophthora cryptogea (foot rot) (h) Pseudomonas viridiflava (i) Rhizobium rhizogenes (bacterial gall)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month.
14.	Actinida arguta (Kiwi berrry)	Fresh fruits for consumption	New Zealand	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Paracoccus caraticus (mealy bug) (c) Pseudococcus calseolariae (Citrophilus mealybug) (d) Botryosphaeria dothidea (Dothierella rot) (e) Diaporthe actinidae (Phomopsis rot) (f) Diaporthe perniciosa (phomopsis canker) (g) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot).	Nil
15.	Actinidia chinensis and A. deliciosa (Kiwi)	(i) Fruits for consumption	(i) Italy	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) Pseudomonas syringae pv. Actinidiae (bacterial canker of kiwi fruit) (d) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	(i)Pest-free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (ii) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 3 ½ hrs at 21°C or above or equivalent thereof or (iii) Pre-shipment/ In-transit cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly.

	ii) Iran	Free from:	
	11) 11 a11	(a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	
		(b) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of	Nil
		tomato	
	··· N. 7 . 1 1		
	iii) New Zealand	Free from:	
		(a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	
		(b) Paracoccus cavaticus (mealy bug)	
		(c) Pseudococcus calceolariae (citrophilus mealy bug)	Nil
		(d) Botryosphaeria dothidea (Dothierella rot)	INII
		(e) Diaporthe actinidae (Phomopsis rot)	
		(f) Diaporthe perniciosa (Phomopsis canker)	
		(g) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	
	iv) Chile	Free from:	
''	iv) Ciliic	(a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	
		(b) <i>Trialeurodes vaporariorum</i> (glasshouse whitefly)	
			Nil
		(c) Brevipalpus chilensis	
		(d) Pseudomonas syringae pv. actinidiae (bacterial	
<u> </u>		canker of Kiwi fruit)	
	v) France	Free from:	Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32
		(a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	g/m ³ for 3 ½ hrs at 21°C or above or
		(b) Ceroplastes rusci (fig wax scale)	equivalent thereof or pre-shipment
		(c) Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth)	cold treatment at 1.11°C to 4.44°C
		(d) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of	for 4 days or 5.0°C to 8.33°C for 6
		tomato)	days against grape berry moth.
		(e) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	
	vi) Australia	Free from:	
	vi) riustiuliu	(a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	
		(b) Helix aspersa (common snail)	
		(c) Phaeoacremonium aleophilum	
		(Petri disease)	Nil
		(d) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	
		(e) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf	
) G	blight of tomato)	
	vii)Greece	Free from:	Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or
		a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	below for 13 days or above; 0.55°C or
		b) Botryosphaeria dothidea (canker of almond)	below for 14days or above; 1.1°C or
		c) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly)	below for 18 days or above plus in-
		d) Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth)	transit refrigeration or Methyl bromide
		e) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	fumigation @ 32 g/m ³ for 3 ½ hrs at
		f) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato	21°C orabove or equivalent thereof.
		(USA))	The treatment should be endorsed on
			Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the
			countryof origin/re-export.

		(ii) Plant for propagation (iii) Budwoods/plants for propagation	Thailand	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Epiphyas postvittana (apple moth) (c) Platynota stultana (leaf roller)	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (ii) Free from soil (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and
				 (d) Armillaria mellea (armillaria root rot) (e) Calonectria crotalaria (f) Phaeoacremonium aleophilum (g) Phytophthora cryptogea (foot rot) (h) Pseudomonas viridiflava (i) Rhizobium rhizogenes (bacterial gall) 	Farmers Welfare. (iv)Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 6-9 month.
16.	Adiantum spp. (Adiantum)	Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days period.
17.	Adonis vernalis	(i) Seeds for sowing	Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
18.	Aeschynomene falcata/ Aeschynomene americana (Joint vetch)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
19.	Agapanthus spp.	(i) Plants for propagation	Netherlands	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days period.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Italy (ii) New Zealand (iii) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from nerine X potexvirus	Nil
			(iv) France	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Odontoglossum ring spot virus (c) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (d) Cacao yellow mosaic virus (f) Arabis mosaic virus	Nil
			(v) Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil
			(vi) Any country except Italy, New Zealand, UK, France, Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil

20.	O. Agastache spp. (i) Tissue culture plants (i) Australia Certified that the tissue culture plants were from mother stock tested and maintained from Nerine latent virus.		Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from Nerine latent virus.	Nil	
			(ii) Costa Rica (iii) USA	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
21.	Agave spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Finland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from cactus X virus.	Nil
			(ii) Any country except Finland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
22.	Agave sisalana (Sisal)	(i) Suckers/ Plants for propagation	USA	Free from (a) Siphophorus acupunctatus (b) Cactus virus X	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month
		(ii) Seeds for sowing	(i) Brazil (ii) Mexico	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
23.	Ageratum spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia (ii) Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
24.	Agropyron cristatum (Crested wheat grass)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from Pseudomonas syringae pv. atropurpurea	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
25.	Agrostis stolonifera (Creeping bentgrass)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from: (a) Anguina agrostis (bentgrass nematode) (b) Monographella nivalis (foot rot: cereals) (c) Sclerotinia homoeocarpa (dollar spot: grasses)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
26.	Ajuga spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
27.	Albizia lebbeck (Acacia)	Plants for propagation	(i) Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days period.
			(ii) USA	Free from <i>Pleiochaeta setosa</i> (lupin leaf spot)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
28.	Alcea spp. (Hollyhock)	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) Europe (iii) Asia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
29.	Alchemilla spp. (Lady"s mantle)	Seeds for sowing	Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
30.	Allamanda spp. (Allamanda)	Plants for propagation	Any Country	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days period.

31.	Allium species (Onion, garlic, leek, shallot, etc.)	(i) Seeds/bulbs for sowing or planting	Any Country	Free from: (a) Smut (<i>Urocystis cepulae</i>) (b) Slippery skin (<i>Pseudomonas cepacia</i>) (c) Dry rot (<i>Embellisia allii</i>) (d) Marginal necrosis (<i>Pseudomonas arginalis</i> pv. marginalis) (e) Pod and stem blight (<i>Phomopsis longicolla</i>) (f) Stem and bulbs nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (g) Onion maggot (<i>Hylemia antiqua</i>)	Free from soil.
		(ii) Bulbs for consumption	Any Country	Free from: (a) Smut (<i>Urocystis cepulae</i>) (b) Dry rot (<i>Embellisia allii</i>) (c) Stem and bulbs nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (d) Onion maggot (<i>Hylemia antiqua</i>)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 16 g/m³ for 12 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
		(iii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Israel (ii) USA (iii) Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from Iris yellow spot virus	Nil
			(iv) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from leek white stripe virus	Nil
			(v) Argentina (vi) Australia (vii) New Zealand (viii) Germany		Nil
			(ix) Any country except Israel, USA, Netherlands, Italy, Argentina, Australia, New Zealand, Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
32.	Allium schoenoprasum (Chive)	Seeds for sowing	France	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.

33.	Alnus spp. (Alder)	Wood with/without bark	(i) USA	Free from Rosalia funebris (Alder banded borer)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment duly approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
			(ii) Europe	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
34.	Alocasia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Cook Island, (ii) Fiji, (iii) Solomon Islands, (iv) Vanuatu (v) Western Samoa	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from taro bacilliform virus	Nil
			(vi) Any country except Cook Island, Fiji, Solomon Islands, Vanuatu and Western Samoa	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
35.	Aloe vera	(i) Plants for propagation	(i) USA (ii) Europe	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free fromviruses.	Nil
36.	Alpinia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Taiwan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from alpinia mosaic virus.	Nil
			(ii) Any country except Taiwan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
37.	Alpinia galangal (Galanga)	Vegetable for consumption	Thailand	Free from <i>Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi</i> (Jack beardsley mealybug)	Nil

38.	Alpinia katsumadai	Dried fruits for consumption	(i) China (ii) South-Korea	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
39.	Alstromeria spp.	(i) Plants for propagation	The Netherlands	Free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare-bine) (b) Freesia mosaic virus (c) Tobacco rattle virus (spraing of potato)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tomato spotted wilt virus.	Nil
			(ii) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (b) Tobacco rattle virus	Nil
			(iii) Any country except UK, Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
			(iv) The Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare-bine) (b) Freesia mosaic virus (c) Tobacco rattle virus (spraing of potato)	Nil
40.	Alternanthera ocipus	(i) Plants for propagation	Japan	Nil	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 60 days.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Japan	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
41.	Althaea spp.	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
42.	Alyssum spp. (Alyssum)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia (ii) Europe (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
43.	Amaranthus spp.	Seeds for sowing	Japan	Free from tobacco rattle virus (spraing of potato)	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from tobacco rattle virus.
44.	Amaranthus caudatus (Amaranthus)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Australia	Free from Strawberry latent ring spot-Naphovirus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from strawberry latent ring spot virus.
			(iv) Asia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

45.	Amaryllis spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Narcissus mosaic virus (c) Hippeastrum mosaic virus	Nil
			(ii) Thailand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from hippeastrum mosaic virus	Nil
			(iii) Any country except Netherlands, Thailand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
		(ii) Bulbs for propagation purpose	Netherlands	Free from: (a) <i>Opogona sacchari</i> (Banana moth) (b) <i>Pectobacterium rhapontici</i> (rhapontici crown rot)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.(ii) Free from soil.
46.	Anacardium spp. (Cashew)	Grafts/ budwoods/ plants for propagation	Brazil	Free from: (a) Aleurodicus cocoas (whitefly) (b) Bemisia tabaci (whitefly) (c) Selenaspidus articulatus (red scale)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
47.	Ananas comosus (Pine apple)	(i) Plants (suckers) for propagation	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Hercinothrips femoralis (banded greenhouse thrips) (c) Opogona sacchari (banana moth) (d) Protaetia fusca (mango flower beetle) (e) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (f) Pyroderces rileyi (corn, worm, pink) (g) Thecla basilides (fruit-borer ceterpillar) (h) Unaspis citri (citrus snow scale) Free from: Opogona sacchari (banana moth)	 (i) Commercial imports permitted subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
			(ii) Europe	Free nom. Opogona sacchari (banana moth)	

			(iii) Mexico	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Diaspis boisduvalii (scale) (c) Euetheola bidentata (d) Metamasius hemipterus (cane weevil) (e) Paracoccus marginatus (mealybug) (f) Phenacoccus madeirensis (g) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (h) Rhizoecus americanus (i) Rhynchophorus palmarum (j) Thecla basilides (fruit-borer) (k) Tmolus echion (l) Unaspis citri (citrus snow scale)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 3-4 month except for research.
			(iv) Philippines	Free from: (a) Exomala orientalis (oriental beetle) (b) Metamasius hemipterus (cane weevil) (c) Acetobacter aceti (d) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (e) Pseudomonas ananas (leaf spot)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 3-4 month except for research.
			(v) Thailand	Free from: (a) Dysmicoccus neobrevipes (pineapple mealybug) (b) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (c) Pyrodersus rileyi (pink worm)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 3-4 month except for research.
			(vi) Sri Lanka	Free from: (a) Hoplolaimus pararobustus (lance nematode) (b) Xiphinema ifacolum (dagger nematode)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 3-4 month except for research
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses.	Commercial impors permitted subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
48.	Anarthria spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
49.	Anchusa spp.	Seeds for sowing	Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.

50.	Anemone spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Europe	Free from tobacco rattle virus (spraing of potato)	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from tobacco rattle virus.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Israel	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
51.	Anigozanthos sp.	(i) Plants for propagation	(i) Australia, (ii) Germany (iii) The Netherlands	Nil	Free from soil.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Australia, (ii) Germany (iii) The Netherlands (iv) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
		(iii) Plants/cutting for propagation	Italy	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10 months.(ii) Free from soil.
52.	Annona sp. (Sugarapple)	Grafts/ budwoods/ plants for	(i) Sri Lanka	Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to
	(Sugarappic)	propagation	(ii) Mexico	Free from: (a) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (b) Paracoccus marginatus (papaya mealybug)	prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entryquarantine growing for 6 month except for research
53.	Annona cherimola (Cherimoyer)	Grafts/ budwoods/ plants for propagation	Australia	Free from Aleurodicus destructor (coconut whitefly)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6 month except for research
54.	Anogeissus leiocarpus	Dry plant material for medicinal/ processing purpose	Costa Rica, Senegal, Burkano Faso	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil.
55.	Anethum graveolens (Dill)		(i) Denmark	Nil	Nil
			(ii) France	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

		(ii) Seeds for consumption	Egypt	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(iii) Stalk (dried) for consumption	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
56.	Anthriscus spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) France	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
57.	Anthurium spp. and other aroids (Anthurium, Dieffenbachia, Caladium,	(i) Cuttings/ saplings for planting	Any Country	Free from Bacterial blight (<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>dieffenbachiae</i>)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45-60 days.
	Syngonium, Aglaonema, Spathiphyllum, Monstera	(ii) Cut flowers	Any Country	Free from Bacterial blight (<i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>dieffenbachiae</i>)	Nil
	Phylodendron)	(iii) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants produced from stock tested and maintained virus-free.	Nil
	(i) Philodendron spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Egypt	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
			(ii) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from konjak mosaic virus	Nil
			(iii) Denmark	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tobacco necrosis virus	Nil
			(iv) Czech Republic	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from impatiens necrotic spot tospovirus	Nil
			(v) Any country except Czech Republic, Denmark, Japan, Egypt	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
	(ii) Spathiphyllum spp.	yllum spp. Tissue cultured plants	(i) Slovenia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	Nil
			(ii) Italy (iii) Czech Republic	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from impatiens necrotic spot virus	Nil
			(iv) Any country except Italy, Czech Republic, Slovenia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil

	(iii) Syngonium spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA (ii) Europe	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (b) Tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil
			(iii) Any country except USA, Europe	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
58.	Antidesma bunius (Bignay)	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
59.	Antirrhinum spp.	Seeds for sowing	Japan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
	Antirrhinum majus (Antirrhinum)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia	Free from: (a) Colletotrichum antirrhini (Anthracnose) (b) Puccinia antirrhini (Rust)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Europe (except UK)	Free from Colletotrichum antirrhini (Anthracnose)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iii) Guatemala	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iv) U.K.	Free from: (a) Heteropatella antirrhini (Leaf spot) (b) Phyllosticta antirrhini (Stem root) (c) Pseudomonas ananas (Bacterial leaf spot).	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(v) USA	Free from: (a) Colletotrichum antirrhini (Anthracnose) (b) Heteropatella antirrhini (Leaf spot) (c) Phyllosticta antirrhini (Stem root) (d) Puccinia antirrhini (Rust)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
60.	Anubias barteri	(i) Plants for propagation	Thailand	Nil	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris.(ii) Post entry quarantine for a period of 60 days.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Thailand	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
61.	Aphelandra squarrosa	Plants for propagation	USA	Free from <i>Phytonemus pallidus</i> (strawberry mite)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.

62.	Apium graveolens (Celery)	(i) Seeds for consumption	Any country	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds
		(ii) Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (stem and bulb nematode)	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(ii) France	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (c) Arabis mosaic virus (d) Peanut stunt virus (e) Strawberry latent ringspot virus	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from Arabis mosaic virus, Peanut stunt virus and Strawberry latent ringspot virus
			(iii) Italy	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (b) Sclerotinia minor (Sclerotinia disease of lettuce) (c) Pseudomonas viridiflava (d) Arabis mosaic virus (e) Celery latent virus (f) Celery mosaic virus (g) Chicory yellow mottle virus (h) Peanut stunt virus (i) Strawberry latent ringspot virus	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (d) to (i) by a competent authority at the country of origin
		(iv) Japan	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (c) Arabis mosaic virus (d) Celery mosaic virus (e) Peanut stunt virus	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (c) to (e) by a competent authority at the country of origin	
			(v) Korea DPR	Free from Peanut stunt virus	Seed crop inspection and certification for free from Peanut stunt virus by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(vi) Korea ROK	Free from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (b) Peanut stunt virus	Seed crop inspection and certification for (b).

			(viii) Netherlands (viii) Thailand	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (c) Arabis mosaic virus (d) Celery latent virus (e) Strawberry latent ringspot virus Nil	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (c) to (e) by a competent authority at the country of origin Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ix) USA	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (b) Cercospora apii (Cercospora blight) (c) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. apii (basal rot) (d) Sclerotinia minor (Sclerotinia disease of lettuce) (e) Pseudomonas viridiflava (f) Arabis mosaic virus (g) Peanut stunt virus (h) Strawberry latent ringspot virus	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (f) to (h) by a competent authority at the country of origin
63.	Aralia spp. (Aralia)	Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days period.
64.	Arabidopsis thaliana	(i) Seeds for sowing/ Seedlings for propagation	USA	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds
65.	Araucaria spp. (Christmas tree)	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) South Africa	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
66.	Archonthophoenix spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing (ii) Plants for propagation	Any Country Any country	Nil Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds. (i) Free from soil (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months
67.	Chimaphilla umbellata (Arctostaphylos)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Canada	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
68.	Areca spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	(Except Philippines and Soloman Island)	Free from cadang-cadang viroid	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country (Except from Africa, America, Philippines, Caribbean, and Soloman Island countries)	Free from: (a) Coconut cadang -cadang viroid (b) Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma (c) Rhabdoscelus obscurus (Sugarcane weevilborer)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.
	(i) Areca catechu (Areca nut)	(iii) Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) Bhutan (S.O. 3646(E) dated 14.10.2020)	Nil	Nil

69.	Arenga spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any country (Except Philippines and Soloman Island)	Free from cadang - cadang viroid	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country (Except Philippines and Soloman Island)	Free from:- (a) Artona catoxantha (coconut leaf moth) (b) Coconut cadang-cadang viroid (c) Rhynchophorus vulneratus (Asiatic palm weevil) (d) Darna diducta (nettle caterpillar)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.
70.	Armoracia rusticana (Nasturtium)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
71.	Artemisia spp.	Plants for propagation	Israel	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
72.	Artemisia annua	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) Europe (iii) Africa	Free from: (a) <i>Sclerotinia minor</i> (Sclerotinia disease) (b) Tobacco rattle virus (Spraing of potato)	(i) Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from tobacco rattle virus.
73.	Artemisia dracunculus	Tissue culture plants	Canada	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
74.	Artocarpus spp.	(i) Plants forpropagation	Thailand	Free from Coptotermes curvignathus (rubber termite)	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and farmers Welfare
75.	Arundo donax	Tissue culture plants	(i) Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
			(ii) Honduras	a. Certified that the tissue-cultured plants are obtained from motherstock indexed or tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
				b. Plant tissue or plantlet shall be kept under aseptic or sterile condition in flasks or other suitable container on synthetic media.	
76.	Asimina triloba (Paw paw)	(i) Rooted plants for propagation	USA	Free from Orgyia leucostigma (tussock moth)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 2-3 months except for research.

		(ii) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subjectto prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
77.	Asparagus officinalis (Asparagus)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark	Free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (b) Asparagus virus-2	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (a) and (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(ii) Japan	Free from: (a) Phytophthora cryptogea (foot rot) (b) Arabis mosaic virus (c) Asparagus virus-1	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (b) and (c) by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iv) Russia (v) The Netherlands		(i) Free from quarantine weed
			(vi) France	(a) Arabis mosaic virus (b) Strawberry latent ring spot virus	seeds (ii) Free from soil contamination (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (a) and (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(vii) UK (viii) Italy (ix) Germany	Free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (b) Strawberry latentringspot virus (c) Asparagus virus 1 (d) Asparagus virus 2	 (i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds (ii) Free from soil contamination (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (a), (b), (c) and (d) by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(x) Spain	Free from: (a) Strawberry latentringspot virus (b) Acremonium strictum	 (i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds (ii) Free from soil contamination (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification free from (a) by a competent authority at the country of origin.

		(ii) Plants for propagation	(i) Asia (except Japan)	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
			(ii) Japan	Free from: (a) <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> (tomato foot rot) (b) <i>Rhizobium rhizogenes</i> (bacterial gall) (c) Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare-bine) (d) Asparagus virus 1	Post-entry quarantine for aperiod of 45 days.
		(iii) USA	Free from: (a) Chrysodeixis includens (Soybean looper) (b) Frankliniella tritici (Eastern flower thrips) (c) Lygus lineolaris (Tarnished plant bug) (d) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth) (e) Spodoptera frugiperda (Fall armyworm) (f) Acremonium strictum (Black bundle disease: maize) (g) Cercospora asparagi (leaf spot: Asparagus spp.) (h) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. asparagi (Foot rot: Asparagus spp.) (i) Fusarium proliferatum (j) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (k) Pleospora herbarum (leaf blight of onion) (l) Pyrenochaeta terrestris (Pink root of onion) (m) Rhizobium rhizogenes (Bacterial gall) (n) Asparagus virus 1 (o) Asparagus virus 2 (p) Strawberry latent ringspot virus	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.	
		(iii) Vegetables for consumption	(i) Thailand	Nil	Nil
			(ii) Peru	Free from: (a) Chrysodeixis includens (Soybean looper) (b) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth) (c) Spodoptera frugiperda (Fall armyworm)	(a) Free from soil and other plant debris. (b) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs
			(iii) Sri Lanka	Free from: (a) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth)	at 21 ^o C and above under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
			(iv) Bhutan	Free from: Quarantine weed seeds, soil and plant debris	The commodity shall be washed with clean water before packing. The above condition shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
78.	Asparagus racemosus (Satavari pili)	Roots for medicinal purpose	China	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil.

79.	Astelia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
80.	Astilbe spp.	(i) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Finland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from strawberry ring spot virus	Nil
			(ii) Any country except Finland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
		(ii) Seeds for sowing	Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
81.	81. Avena sativa (Oat)		(i) Australia	Free from: (a) Cryptolestes ferrugineus (rusty grain beetle) (b) Trogoderma variabile (grain dermestid) (c) Ditylenchus dipsaci (brown ring disease of hyacinth) (d) Ceratobasidium cereale (sharp eye spot of cereals) (e) Fusarium culmorum (culm rot:cereals) (f) Monographella nivalis (foot rot: cereals)	(i)Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 80 g/m³ for 48 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Ukraine	Free from: (a) Cephuspygmeus (European wheat stem sawfly) (b) Diuraphis noxia (Russian wheat aphid) (c) Eurygasterintegriceps (sunn pest) (d) Haplothripstritici (wheat thrips) (e) Ostrinia nubilalis (European maize borer) (f) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (g) Monographella nivalis (foot rot of ereals) (h) Pseudomonassyringae pv.atrofaciens (basal: wheat glume rot) (i) Barley stripe mosaic virus (stripe mosaic of barley) (j) Wheat streak mosaic virus (wheat viruses 6 and 7)	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 80 g/m³ for 48 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.

	(iii) Canada	Free from:	(i) Fumigation with Methyl
	()	(a) Ahasverus advena(foreign grainbeetle)	bromide at 80 g/m ³ for 48 hrs
		(b) Cryptolestesferrugineus(rusty grain beetle)	at 21°C and above or equivalent
		(c) Diuraphis noxia (Russian wheat aphid)	or any other treatment duly
		(d) <i>Limothripscerealium</i> (corn, thrips)	approved by the Plant
		(e) <i>Limothrips denticornis</i> (barley thrips)	Protection Adviser to the
		(f) Ostrinia nubilalis (Europeanmaize borer)	Government of India. The
		(g) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth)	treatment should be endorsed
		(h) Trogoderma variabile (grain dermestid)	on Phytosanitary Certificate
		(i) Tarsonemus granarius (glossy grain mite)	issued at the Country of
		(j) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode)	Origin/re-export.
		(k) Ceratobasidium cereale (sharp eyespot of cereals)	
		(l) Claviceps purpurea (ergot)	weed seeds.
		(m) Monographella nivalis (foot rot of cereals)	weed seeds.
		(n) Pseudomonassyringae pv.atrofaciens (basal:	
		wheat glume rot)	
		(o) Pseudomonassyringae pv. atropurpurea	
		(p) Pseudomonassyringae pv. coronafaciens	
		(q) Pseudomonassyringae pv. coronajaciens	
		(r) Barley stripe mosaic virus(stripe mosaic of barley)	
		(s) Oat blue dwarf marafivirus	
		(t) Wheat streak mosaic virus (wheat viruses 6 and 7)	
		(u) Ambrosia psilostachya (perennial ragweed)	
	(iv) UK	Free from:	(i) Fumigation with Methyl
	(1V) UK	(a) Ahasverusadvena (foreign grain beetle)	bromide at 80 g/m ³ for 48 hrs at
		(b) <i>Cryptolestesferrugineus</i> (rusty grain beetle)	21° C and above or equivalent
		(c) Diuraphis noxia (Russian wheat aphid)	or any other treatment duly
		(d) <i>Limothripsdenticornis</i> (barley thrips)	approved by the Plant
		(e) Ostrinia nubilalis (European maize borer)	Protection Adviser to the
		(f) <i>Peridroma saucia</i> (pearly underwing moth)	Government of India. The
		(g) Trogoderma variabile (grain dermestid)	treatment should be endorsed
		(h) <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (stem and bulb nematode)	on Phytosanitary Certificate
		(i) Ceratobasidium cereale (sharp eyespot of cereals)	issued at the Country of
		(i) Clavicepspurpurea (ergot)	Origin/re-export.
		(k) Monographella nivalis (foot rot of cereals)	(ii) Free from soil and quarantine
		(1) Pseudomonassyringae pv.atrofaciens (basal:	weed seeds.
		(1) Pseudomonassyringde pv.airojaciens (basai. wheat glume rot)	
		(m) Pseudomonassyringae pv.coronafaciens (halo	
		blight)	

	() (1 :1		() F : (: 41 M 4 1
	(v) Chile	Free from: (a) Limothrips cerealium(corn, thrips) (b) Listronotus bonariensis (Argentine stem weevil) (c) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (d) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (e) Ceratobasidium cereale (sharp eyespot of cereals) (f) Claviceps purpurea (ergot) (g) Pseudomonas fuscovaginae (sheath brown rot) (h) Pseudomonas syringae pv. coronafaciens (halo blight) (i) Barley stripe mosaic virus (stripe mosaic of	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 80 g/m³ for 48 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from soil and quarantine
(I) a 1 2		barley)	weed seeds.
(ii) Seeds for sowing	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Acarus siro (flour mite) (b) Ahasverus advena (grain beetle) (c) Cryptolestes ferrugineus (d) Trogoderma variabile (e) Ditylenchus dipsaci (f) Ceratobasidium cereale (g) Monographella nivalis (h) Phaeosphaeria avenaria f.sp. avenaria (leaf spot of oats) (i) Pseudomonas syringae pv. atrofaciens (wheat glume rot) (j) Pseudomonas syringae pv.atropurpurea (k) Pseudomonas syringae pv. coronafaciens (l) Pseudomonas syringae pv.striafacians (m) Barley stripe mosaic virus (n) High plains virus (o) Wheat streak mosaic virus	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 month (iv) Crop inspection and certification for freedom fromviruses
	(ii) Italy	Free from (a) Aploneura lentisci (b) Cryptolestes ferrugineus (c) Penthaleus major (blue oat mite) (d) Ditylenchus dipsaci (e) Ceratobasidium cereale (f) Monographella nivalis (g) Pseudomonas syringae pv. atrofaciens (basal:wheat) (h) Wheat streak mosaic virus	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 month (iv) Crop inspection and certification for reedom from viruses

	1				
1			(iii) Pakistan	Free from:	(i) Free from quarantine weed
				(a) Eurygaster integriceps (sunn pest)	seeds and soil.
				(b) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode)	(ii) Commercial imports subject to
				(c) Acremonium strictum (acremonium wilt)	prior approval of Department of
				(d) Monographella nivalis (foot rot of cereals)	Agriculture, Cooperation and
				(e) Xanthomonas translucens pv.translucens	Farmers Welfare
				(bacterial leaf streak)	(iii) Post-entry quarantine for a
				(f) Barley stripe mosaic virus (stripe mosaic of	growing period of 2-3 month
				barley)	(iv) Crop inspection and
					certification for freedom from
					(Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and
					bulb nematode), Xanthomonas
					translucens pv.translucens
					(bacterial leaf streak) and Barley
					stripe mosaic virus (stripe
					mosaic of barley)
			(iv) Brazil	Free from:	(i) Free from quarantine weed
			() "	(a) Ahasverus advena (grain beetle)	seeds and soil.
				(b) <i>Listronotusbonariensis</i> (Argentine stem weevil)	(ii) Commercial imports subject to
				(c) Ditylenchus dipsaci	prior approval of Department
				(d) Clavicepspurpurea (ergot)	of Agriculture, Cooperation
				(e) Pseudomonasfuscovaginae (sheath brown rot)	and Farmers Welfare.
				(f) High plains virus	(iii) Post-entry quarantine for a
				(g) Barley stripe mosaic virus	growing period of 2-3 months.
				(h) Anthemis cotula (dog fennal)	(iv) Crop inspection and
				(i) Galium aparine (Cleavers)	certification for freedom from
				(i) Lolium multiflorum (Italian ryegrass)	Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and
				(k) <i>Polygonum lapathifolium</i> (pale persicaria)	bulb nematode) and Barley
				(1) Raphanus raphanistrum (wild radish)	stripe mosaic virus (stripe
				(m) Veronica persica (creeping soeedwell)	mosaic of barley).
82.	Bambusa spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
62.	(Bamboo)	(1) Seeds for sowing	(ii) Thailand	Free from:	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	(Bulliooo)		(II) Thanana	(a) Beltrania sp.	rice from quarantine weed seeds.
				(b) Cladosporium geniculata	
				(c) Graphium sp.	
				(d) Nodulisporium sp.	
		(;;) C((') D1 '11'	(e) Rhizopus sp.	Destruction Communication
1		(ii) Stem-cuttings	(i) Philippines	Free from:	Post-entry quarantine for a period
		for propagation		(a) Bostrychopsis parallela	of 6 months.
1				(b) Chlorophorus annularis	
1			(::) TIC A	(c) Bamboo mosaic virus	Destruction Control
1			(ii) USA	Free from:	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 6 months.
				(a) Opogona sacchari (banana moth)	OF O HIORINS.
				(b) Hoplolaimus galeatus	
				(c) Bamboo mosaic virus	

			(iii) Europe	Free from: Opogona sacchari (banana moth)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 6 months.
		(iii) Tissue cultured plants		Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses.	Nil
83.	Bambusa bambos	Wood with/without bark	Indonesia	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
84.	Basella spp. (Malabar spinach)	Seeds for sowing	Japan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
85.	Baumea spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
86.	Begonia spp. (Begonia)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) Japan (iii)North America	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Brown ring disease of hyacinth)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iv) Guatemala	Free from <i>Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi</i> (Jack jackbeardsley mealy bug)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
			(v) UK (vi) Italy (vii) Germany	Free from:- (a) Arabic moaic virus (b) Strawberry latent ringspot virus (c) Asparagus virus 1 (d) Asparagus virus 2	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Free from soil contamination. (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (a), (b) (c) and (d) by a competent authority at the country of origin.
			(viii) Spain	Free from:- (a) Strawberry latent ringspot virus (b) Acremonium strictum	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Free from soil contamination. (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (a) by a competent authority at the country of origin.
			(ix)Australia	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (brown ring disease of hyacinth)	Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds.
		(ii) Tissue culture Plants	(i) Australia (ii) Coasta Rica	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil

87.	Bellis spp. (Bellis)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) Canada (iii) Japan (iv) South Africa (v) Australia (vi) New Zealand	Free from Arabis mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from arabis mosaic virus.
			(vii) Asia (viii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
88.	Benincasa hispida (Wax Gourd)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Vietnam (ii) Japan (iii) Thailand (iv) Philippines (v) Hongkong	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
89.	Berberis vulgaris (Zarishak)	Dried berries for consumption	Greece	Free from: (a) Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth) (b) Gnomonia comari (leaf blotch)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
90.	Bertholletia excels (Brazil nut)	Grafts/ budwoods/ plants for propagation	Brazil	Free from <i>Hypothenemus obscurus</i> (tropical nut borer)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research
91.	Beta vulgaris (Beet Root)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Downy mildew (Peronospora farinosa) (b) Silvering disease (Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. betae) (c) Bacterial blight (Pseudomonas syringae pv. aptata) (d) Beetroot cyst nematode (Heterodera schachtti) (e) Beetroot rust (Uromyces spp.) (f) Beetroot yellows necrotic virus (rhizomania).	Free from soil.

92.	Betula spp. (Birch)	Wood with/without bark	(i) Europe (ii) NorthAmerica	Free from Agrilus anxius (Bronge-birch borer)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs at 21 ⁰ C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
	Betula platyphylla (Brich wood dowels)	Wood with/without bark	(iii) China	Free from: (a) Anoplophora chinensis (Black and white citrus longhorn) (b) Monochamus sutor (Brown crumbly rot) (c) Anoplophora glabripennis (Asian longhorned beetle)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
93.	Betula alba/ Betula pubescense (Common white birch)	Leaves (dried) for processing	Poland	Free from: (a) Coleophora serratella (birch casebearer) (b) Orgyia antiqua (European tussock moth) (c) Saturnia pavonia (small emperor moth) (d) Scolytus intricatus (European oak bark beetle)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
94.	Blighia sapida (Akee)	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
95.	Bidens spp. (Coreopsis)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia (ii) Europe (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
96.	Bixa orellana (Annatto)	Seeds for consumption/ processing	(i) Peru (ii) Spain (iii) Ghana (iv) Ivory Coast	Free from <i>Moniliophthora perniciosa</i> (witches" broom disease of cacao) Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris. Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris.
97.	Boehmeria nivea (Ramie)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Indonesia (ii) Japan (iii) Malaysia (iv) Taiwan (v) USA (vi) China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
98.	Borago officinalis (Borago)	Seeds for sowing	Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.

99.	Boronia spp.	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	USA	Free from Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 6 months(ii) Free from soil.
100.	Boronia crenulata	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained frommother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
101.	Bougainvillea spp. (Bougainvillea)	Plants for propagation	Any Country	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
102.	Bouvardia spp.	Plants for propagation	Europe	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
103.	Brachiaria spp. (Signalgrass)	Germplam material for research only	(i) Australia(ii) Brazil(iii) Zimbabwe	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
104.	104. (i). Brassica spp. (Mustard, Rape/canola, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Kohlrabi, Brussels sprouts, Broccoli, Knol Khol, Chinese Cabbage and other Cole crops)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Any country except Denmark, Chile and Italy (ii) Denmark (iii) Chile (iv) Italy	Free from: (a) Leptosphaeria maculans (black leg) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (c) Pseudomonas syringae pv. maculicola (bacterial bleaf spot) (d) Xanthomonas campestris pv. campestris (black rot) Nil Free from: (a) Leptosphaeria maculans (black leg) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (c) Xanthomonas campestris pv. campestris (black rot)	Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture.
		(ii) Seeds for consumption	Any Country	Nil	(i) (a) Weed free crop/ area certification or (b) Zero dockage certification in respect of quarantine weed seeds in the Phytosanitary Certificate or (c) Devitalization of seed by heat treatment at 120°C for 15 minutes or any other equivalent treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to theGovernment of India (ii) Management of handling, transportation, milling, and processing of import consignment and manner of disposal of refuse as per the guidelines prescribed

					by the Plant Protection Advisor to the Government of India
		(iii) Fresh vegetable for consumption	Nepal	Free from: *Pseudomonas viridiflava* (bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA))	Free from soil and other plant debris.
	(ii) Brassica oleracea var. capitata (Cabbage)	Fresh vegetable for consumption	Bhutan (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Nil	Free from soil.
	(iii) Brassica oleracea var. botrytis (Cauliflower)	Fresh vegetable for consumption	Bhutan (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Nil	Free from soil.
105.	Brassica carinata (African cabbage) / Brassica rapa var. amplexicaulis / B. pekinensis	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from: (a) Colletotrichum higginsianum (b) Pseudomonas syringae pv. maculicola (cabbage leaf spot) (c) Pseudomonas viridiflava (d) Xanthomonas campestris pv. raphani (leafspot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
106.	Brassica rapa sub sp. rapa (Turnip)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark (ii) Italy (iii) Japan (iv) Netherlands (v) USA	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (stem and bulb nematode)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vi) France	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (b) Leptosphaeria maculans (black leg) (c) Xanthomonas campestris pv. campestris (black rot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
107.	Bromeliad spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
108.	Butia spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing (ii) Plants for propagation	Any Country Any country	Nil Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds. (i) Free from soil (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.
109.	Butia capitata	(i)Plants for propagation	Australia, USA, Thailand	Nil	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
110.	Butyrospermum paradoxum	Nuts for processing	Any Country	Free from:	Fumigation by Methyl bromide at

	(Sheanut)	or industrial use		(a) Ephestia elutella (Chocolate moth) (b) Ephestia kuehniella (Mediterranean flour moth) (c) Hypothenemus obscurus (Tropical nut borer) (d) Phytophthora megakarya (Black pod of cocoa) (e) Phytophthora katsurae (Chestnut downy mildew)	32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin or re-export.
111.	Buxus sempervirens (Boxwood)	Wood with and without bark	(i) Turkey (ii) Spain (iii) France (iv) Germany	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/reexport.
112.	Cacti	Plants for propagation	Any Country	Free from: (a) Cactus cyst nematode (<i>Cactodera cactii</i>) (b) Cactus virus X and 2 (Carlavirus)	(i) The plants shall be grown in post-entry quarantine facility for a period of 45-60 days. (ii) Free from soil.
113.	Caesalpinia gilliesii (Birds of paradise)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
114.	Cajanus cajan (Pigeon pea)	Grain (seed) for consumption	(ii) Australia (iii) Mozambique	Free from Richardia brasiliensis Free from: (a) Clavigralla elongate (African Pod bug) (b) Ditylenchus africanus (Pea nut pod nematode) (c) Hoploaimus pararobustus (Lance nematode) (d) Meloidogyne ethiopica (e) Meloidogyne decalineata (African Coffee rootknot nematode) (f) Alectra vogelii (Yellow witch weed) (g) Chrysanthemoides monilifera (Boneseed) (h) Digitaria velutina (Velvet finger grass) (i) Orobanche minor (Common broomrape) (j) Oryza longistaminata (Perennial wild rice) (k) Raphanus raphanistrum (Wild raddish) (l) Richardia brasiliensis (White eye Australia) (m) Senecio inaequidens (African ragwort) (n) Senecio madagascariensis (firewood)	(i) Free from soil contamination. (ii)Fumigation by Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin or re-export.
			())	(a) Cardiospermum halicacabum (Balo onvine) (b) Physalis angulata (Cutleaf groundcherry)	

(c) Pueraria Montana var. Montana (Rhodesian	
kudzu-vine)	
(d) Richardia brasiliensis (White eye Australia)	
(iv) Nepal Free from:	
(a) Lolium multiforum (Italian rye grass).	
(b) Polygonum persicaria (red shank)	
(c) Veronica persica (Creeping speedwell)	
(v) China Free from <i>Heterodera glycines</i> (Cyst nematode)	
(vi) Iran Free from <i>Apomyelois ceratoniae</i> (carob moth)	
(vii) Kenya Free from:	
(a) Clavigralla elongate(African Pod bug)	
(b) Melanagromyza chalcosoma (pod fly)	
(c) Ditylenchus dipsaci(stem and bulb nematode)	
(d) Hoploaimus pararobustus (Lance nematode)	
(e) Pratylenchus goodeyi (Banana Lesion	
nematode)	
(f) Alectra vogelii (Yellow witch weed)	
(g) Digitaria velutina (velvet finger grass)	
(h) Cirsium vulgare (Spear thistle)	
(i) Conyza sumatrensis (Tall fleabane)	
(j) Lolium multiforum (Italian rye grass).	
(k) Lonicera japonica (Japanese honeysuckle)	
(l) Orobanche minor (Common broomrape)	
(m) Oryza longistaminata (perennial wild rice)	
(n) Pennisetum macrourum (African feather grass)	
(o) Polygonum persicaria (red shank)	
(p) Raphanus raphanistrum (Wild raddish)	
(q) Richardia brasiliensis (White-eye Australia)	
(r) Senecio madagascariensis (firewood).	
(viii) Pakistan Nil	
(ix) Tanzania Free from	
(a) Clavigralla elongate(African Pod bug)	
(b) Hoploaimus pararobustus (Lance nematode) (c) Meloidogyne decalineata (African Coffee	
root-knot nematode)	
(d) Meloidogyne Ethiopia	
(e) Pratylenchus goodeyi (Banana Lesion	
nematode)	
(f) Alectra vogelii (Yellow witch weed)	
(g) Digitaria velutina (velvet finger grass)	
(h) <i>Orobanche minor</i> (Common broomrape)	
(i) <i>Oryza longistaminata</i> (perennial wild rice)	
(j) Pennisetum macrourum (African feather grass)	
(k) Striga aspera (Witch weed)	
(R) Siriga aspera (Triton Treat)	

T	 1		
	(xi) Uganda (xii) Sudan	Free from (a) Clavigralla elongate (African Pod bug) (b) Ditylenchus destructor (Peanut pod nematode) (c) Hoploaimus pararobustus (Lance nematode) (d) Meloidogyne acronea (African cotton root nematode) (e) Alectra vogelii (Yellow witch weed) (f) Digitaria velutina (velvet finger grass) (g) Orobanche minor (Common broomrape) (h) Oryza longistaminata (perennial wild rice) (i) Pennisetum macrourum (African feather grass) (j) Richardia brasiliensis (White-eye Australia) (k) Striga aspera (Witch weed) Free from (a) Clavigralla elongate(African Pod bug) (b) Hoploaimus pararobustus (Lance nematode) (c) Pratylenchus goodeyi (Banana Lesion nematode) (d) Alectra vogelii (Yellow witch weed) (e) Centrodema pubescens (Centro) (f) Conyza sumatrensis (tall fleabane) (g) Digitaria velutina (velvet finger grass) (h) Orobanche minor (Common broomrape) (i) Pennisetum macrourum (African feather grass) (j) Polygonum persicana (red shank) (k) Melanagromyza chalcosoma (bean pod fly) Free from: Clavigralla tomentosicollis (African pod bug)	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination. (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C or equivalent or any
			at 21°C or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export
	(xiii) Benin	Free from: (a) Bruchidius atrolineatus (b) Clavigralla tomentosicollis (African pod bug) (c) Quarantine weed seeds (d) Soil contamination	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above under NAP or equivalent. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export

			(xiv) Nigeria	Free from: (a) Bruchidius atrolineatus (b) Clavigralla shadabi (Pod bug) (c) Clavigralla tomentosicollis (African pod bug) (d) Diaporthe phaseolorum var. Meridionalis (Soyabean stem canker) (e) Quarantine weed seeds (f) Soil contamination	
		Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Free from: (a) Clavigralla elongata (b) Clavigralla tomentosicollis (c) Specularius erythraeus (d) Specularis sulcaticollis (e) Mycovellosiella cajani and its var. Trichophila (f) Sunn-hemp mosaic virus (g) Richardia brasiliensis (white-eye disease)	 (i) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (g) by a competent authority at the country of origin postentry quarantine growing for a period of 2-3 months. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture and Cooperation
115.	Calamus spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country	Nil	(i) Free from soil (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months
116.	Calathea spp.	(i) Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA (ii) Any country except USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
				Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
			(iii) The Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
		(ii) Plants for propagation	(i) Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days period.
			(ii) USA	Free from <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> (Tomato foot rot)	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days.
			(iii) The Netherlands	Free from <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> (tomato foot rot)	Free from soil.
117.	Calceolaria spp. (Calceolaria)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Japan (iv) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

118.	Calendula spp. (Calendula)	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) UK (iii) Japan (iv)Australia	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(v) France (vi) Germany (vii) Netherlands (viii) Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
119.	Callibrochoa spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
120.	Callistemon spp. (Bottle brush)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	,	(ii) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Any Country	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days period.
121.	Callistephus chinensis (Aster)	Seeds for sowing	(i) China	Free from Chrysanthemum mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from chrysanthemum mosaic virus.
			(ii) France (iii) UK (iv)Netherlands (v)Japan (vi)Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vii) Afghanistan	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
			(viii) Germany	Free from: (a) Aphelenchoides ritzemabosi (Leaf bud nematode) (b) Aphelenchoides blastophorus (Leaf bud nematode) (c) Spaceloma violae (Scab) (d) Urocystis violae (Smut)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ix) USA	Free from: (a) Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. callistephi (Wilt) (b) Septoria callistephi (Leaf spot) (c) Stemphylium callistephi (Leaf spot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
122.	Calopogonium mucunoides (Calopo)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
123.	Campanula spp	Tissue cultured plants	USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil

124.	Canna spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Iran	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tomato spotted wilt virus.	Nil
			(ii) Columbia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from banana streak badna virus.	Nil
			(iii) Any country except Iran and Columbia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
125.	Capparis spinosa (Caper)	Plants/ saplings for propagation	Argentina	Nil	Nil
126.	(i) Capsicum spp. (Pepper/ Chillies)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bacterial scab (<i>Xanthomonas vesicatoria</i>) (b) Pepper viruses viz. mild mosaic and mild mottle (c) <i>Peronospora hyoscyami</i> sp. <i>tabacina</i> (d) Tomato ringspot virus (e) Tomato black ring virus	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from Pepper viruses viz. mild mosaic and mild mottle, Tomato ringspot virus and Tomato black ring virus
	(ii) Capsicum annuum (Chilli)	Fresh vegetable for consumption	Bhutan (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Nil	Free from soil.
127.	Carduus spp. (Musk Root)	Dried root for medicinal use	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
128.	Carex spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from pluumala virus.	Nil
			(ii) Any country except Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
129.	Carica papaya	Seeds for sowing	(i) Taiwan (ii) Thailand	Nil	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Imports permitted subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
			(iii) USA	Nil	Imports permitted subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.

130.	Carissa carandas (Karonda)	(i) Seeds for sowing (ii) Grafts/ budwoods/ plants for propagation	Malaysia,	Nil	(i) Free from soil (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
131.	Carthamus tinctorius/ Carthamus spp. (Safflower and its wild species)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Morocco (ii) Turkey (iii) Italy (iv) USA	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) Free from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>tagetis</i> (b) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
			(v) Nepal (vi) Yugoslavia (vii) Serbia (Montenegro)	Free from: (a) <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> (tomato foot rot) (b) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	
132.	Carthamus tinctorius (Safflower)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Germany	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA))	(i) Imports permitted subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture and Cooperation.(ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Czech Republic (iii) Iran, (iv) Slovakia	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	 (i) Freedom from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
		(ii) Grains (seeds) for consumption	(i) Australia (ii) Mexico (iii) Argentina	Nil	(i) (a) Weed free crop/area certification or (b) Zero dockage certification

		(iv) Dried flowers for consumption	Iran	Free from: (a) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)) (c) Thlaspi arvense (field pennycress)	debris. (iii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export
133.	Carum carvi (Caraway)	Seeds for sowing	Netherlands	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
134.	Carya illinoensi (Pecan nut)	(i) Nuts/ Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from: (a) Acrobasis nuxvorella (b) Curculio caryae (pecan weevil) (c) Cydia caryana (hickory worm) (d) Cladosporium caryigenum (e) Cristulariella moricola (f) Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall)	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds(ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare

		(ii) Cuttings for propagation	USA	Free from: (a) Acrobasis nuxvorella (pecan nut borer) (b) Anoplophora chinensis (c) Chromaphis juglandicola (walnut aphid) (d) Hyphantria cunea (mulberry moth) (e) Malacosoma americanum (f) Melanaspis obscura (g) Melanocallis caryaefoliae (hickory leaf aphid) (h) Monellia caryella (hickory aphid) (i) Monelliopsis nigropunctata	 (i) Free from soil. and quarantine weed seeds (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 6-9 months. (iii) Commercial imports subjectto prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
				(j) Monelliopsis pecanis (k) Orgyia leucostigma(tussock moth) (l) Phylloxera devastatrix (pecan phylloxera) (m)Solenopsis interrupta(red fire ant) (n) Spodoptera frugiperda (o) Eotetranychus hicoriae (pecan mite) (p) Cladosporium caryigenum (q) Cristulariella moricola (r) Phymatotrichopsis omnivore (s)Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall)	
		(iii) Shelled nuts (seeds) for consumption	USA	Free from Curculio caryae (pecan weevil)	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
135.	Cassia spp. (Senna)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Egypt	Free from: (a) Acanthoscelides centromaculatus (b) Caryedon pallidus (c) Mimosestis mimosae (d) Pseudopachymerina spinipes	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Sudan	Free from: (a) Caryedon pallidus (b) Caryedon sudanensis	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

136.	Casuarina spp.	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
137.	Catharanthus roseus	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	(Vinca)		(ii) Guatemala	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
138.	Ceanothus americana	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Canada	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
139.	Celosia spp. (Cock's comb)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Taiwan (ii) Netherlands (iii) France (iv) USA (v) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vi) Japan (vii) UK (viii) Denmark (ix)Germany	Free from <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> (tomato foot rot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
140.	Cenchrus ciliaris (Buffelgrass)	Germplasm material for research only	(i) Australia (ii) USA	Free from Systasis cenchrivora (seed chalcid)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iii) Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
141.	Centrosema spp./ Chloris gayana (Rhodes grass)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
142.	Centurea cyanus (Corn flower)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) China (iii) USA (iv) South Africa (v) Canada (vi) Argentina (vii) Australia	Free from Sclerotinia minor (Sclerotinia rot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
143.	Ceratozamia spp./ Macrozamia spp. (Cycad)	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
144.	Cereus peruvianus (Apple cactus)	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 3-4 months.
145.	Chaetanthus spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil

146.	Chamaecyparis nootkatensis	(i) Timber logs with/ without bark for consumption	(i) Canada	Free from: (a) Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (pine wilt nematode) (b) Seiridium cardinale (cypress canker)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
147.	Chamaerops spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country	Nil	(i) Free from soil (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months
148.	Chata edulis (Mira leaves)	Leaves for consumption	Ethiopia	Nil	Free from soil.
149.	Chelidonium majus	(i) Seeds for sowing	Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
150.	Chelone glabra	Seeds for sowing	(i)Europe (ii)USA (iii)Canada	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
151.	Chenopodium quinoa (Quinoa)	Grain/Seeds for consumption/	(i) Peru	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris.
		processing	(ii) Colombia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris.
			(iii) Ecuador	Free from: (a) Quarantine weed seeds as listed under Schedule-VIII of PQ Order, 2003 (b) Soil and other plant debris.	Nil
152.	Chloris gayana Kunth (Rhodes grass)	Germplasm material for research only	(i) Australia (ii) Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
153.	Chlorophytum spp. (Chlorophytum)	Plants for propagation	(i) Asia (ii) USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
154.	Chlorophytum comosum (Safed musli)	Dried plant material for medicinal use	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
155.	Chrysanthemum spp. (Chrysanthemum)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Taiwan (ii) Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

		(iii) USA	Free from: (a) <i>Didymella chrysanthyemi</i> (Ray blight) (b) Chrysanthemum aspermy virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from Chrysanthemum aspermy virus.
		(iv) France (v) UK (vi) Germany (vii) Netherlands (viii) Australia	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	(ii) Cuttings (rooted/ un-rooted) for planting.	Any Country	Free from: (a) Fasciation (Rhodococcus fascians) (b) Foliar nematodes (Aphelenchoides fragariae,	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45-60 days.(ii) Free from soil contamination.
	(iii) Plants for propagation	Asia	Free from: (a) Bacterial blight (<i>Pseudomonas cichorii</i>) (b) White rust (<i>Puccinia horiana</i>) (c) Tomato foot rot (<i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i>)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
	(iv) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Argentina (ii) Australia (iii) Canada (iv) Czech Republic (v) Greece (vi) Iran	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil

(vii) Belgium	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Tobacco mosaic tobamo virus (c) Chrysanthemum vein mottle virus (d) Chrysanthemum latent virus	Nil
(viii) Brazil	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tomato chlorotic spot virus (b) Groundnut ring spot virus (c) Chrysanthemum stem necrosis virus	Nil
(ix) China	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tobacco mosaic tobamo virus (b) Potato Y potyvirus (c) Potato X potexvirus	Nil
(x) Columbia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (b) Tomato spotted wilt virus (c) Chrysanthemum stunt viroid	Nil
(xi) Denmark	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Chrysanthemum stunt viroid (b) Tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil
(xii) France	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Chrysanthemum stunt viroid (b) Tomato spotted wilt virus (c) Tomato mosaic virus	Nil
(xiii) Finland (xiv) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from chrysanthemum stunt viroid.	Nil
(xv) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Chrysanthemum spot virus	Nil
(xvi) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Chrysanthemum stunt viroid (b) Tomato spotted wilt virus (c) Chrysanthemum vein mottle virus	Nil

(xvii) Mexico (xviii) Slovenia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	Nil
(xix) Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Chrysanthemum vein mottle virus (b) Tomato spotted wilt virus (c) Tospovirus	Nil
(xx) Poland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tomato mosaic virus (b) Tobacco mosaic tobamovirus (c) Tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil
(xxi) Russia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Potato Y potyvirus (b) Tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil
(xxii) Taiwan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from turnip mosaic virus	Nil
(xxiii) Turkey	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from chrysanthemum mosaic virus	Nil
(xxiv) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Beet mild yellowing virus (b) Beet western yellow luteovirus (c) Chrysanthemum stunt viroid (d) Chrysanthemum leaf mottling virus	Nil
(xxv) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Chrysanthemum stunt viroid (c) Symptomless ChCMV str. (ChCMV-ns)	Nil

			(xxvi) Any	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
			country except	from mother stock tested and maintained free from	
			Iran, Greece,	virus.	
				virus.	
			Czech Republic,		
			Australia,		
			Argentina, Canada		
			Germany, Finland,		
			Denmark,		
			Slovenia,		Nil
			Mexico, Japan,		
			USA, Belgium,		
			Italy, UK,		
			Netherlands,		
			Russia, China,		
			Poland, Turkey,		
			Brazil, Columbia,		
			Taiwan, France		
156.	Cicer arientinium	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from Pod and stem blight (<i>Phomopsis longicolla</i>)	
	(Chick Pea)				of the same crop species or
					variety as specified in Schedule
					XII of this Order subject to prior
					Approval of Department of
					Agriculture, Cooperation and
					Farmers Welfare in the Ministry
					of Agriculture.
		(ii) Seeds for	Any Country		Fumigation with Methyl bromide
		consumption			$@ 32 \text{ g/m}^3 \text{ at } @ 21^0\text{C} \text{ and above}$
					under NAP and the treatment to
				Nil	be endorsed on Phytosanitary
				INII	Certificate or by any other
					fumigant/substance in the
					manner approved by the Plant
					Protection Adviser.
157.	Cichorium spp.	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from:	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	(Chicory and Endive)			(a) Bacterial blight (Pseudomonas cichorii)	
				(b) Bidens mottle virus,	
				(c) Chicory yellow mottle virus	
				(d) Anthracnose (Marssonina panottoniana)	

158.	Cistus spp.	(i) Branches for	Spain	Free from Saturnia pavonia (Small emperor moth)	Free from soil and other plant
		consumption purpos			debris.
159.	Citrullus lanatus	(i) Seeds for	(i) Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
(Watermelon)	sowing	(ii) Any country except Thailand	Free from: (a) Bacterial fruit blotch (<i>Acidovorax avenae</i> subsp. citrulli) (b) Angular leaf spot (<i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. lachrymans) (c) Soft rot (<i>Xanthomonas melonis</i>) (d) Watermelon viruses viz. chlorotic stunt, curly mottle, mosaic virus 2. (e) Verticillium albo-atrum (f) Squash mosaic virus	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from watermelon viruses viz. chlorotic stunt, curly mottle, mosaic virus 2, Verticillium albo-atrum, Squash mosaic virus 	
		(ii) Seeds for consumption	Any Country	Nil	 (i) (a) Weed free crop/ area certification or (b) Zero dockage certification in respect of quarantine weed seeds in the Phytosanitary Certificate or (c) Devitalization of seed by heat treatment at 120°C for 15 minutes or any other equivalent treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. (ii) Management of handling, transportation, milling, and processing of import consignment and manner of disposal of refuse asper the guidelines prescribed by the Plant Protection Advisor to the Government of India
		(iii) Fruits for consumption	(i) Thailand (ii) Afghanistan	Nil	Nil
160.	Citrus hystrix (Kafir leaves)	Vegetable for consumption	Thailand	Nil	Nil

	T		T		-
161.	(i) Citrus spp. (Lemon, lime, orange, grapefruit, mandarins, etc. and other rutaceous)	(i) Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) Australia	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Bactrocera aquilonis (c) Bactrocera jarvisi (d) Bactrocera neohumeralis (e) Bactrocera tryoni (Queensland fruit fly) (f) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (g) Epiphyas postvittana (light brown apple moth) (h) Guignardia citricarpa (citrus black spot) (i) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (j) Unaspis citri (citrus snow scale)	(Pest-free area status for <i>Bactrocera aquilonis, B. neohumeralis, B. tryoni</i> (Queensland fruit fly) and <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards Or Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Queensland fruit fly and Mediterranean fruit fly Or In transit cold treatment at 3°C or below for 20 days against Mediterranean fruit fly and for 16 days against Queensland fruit fly.
			(ii) Canada	Free from: (a) Metcalfa pruinosa (frosted moth bug) (b) Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealybug) (c) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug)	Nil
			(iii) Chile	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (d) Selenaspidus articulatus (West Indian red scale) (e) Unaspis citri (citrus snow scale)	(a) Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or (c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly.

	Leade		1() P + C
	(iv) China	Free from:	(a) Pest free area status for
		(a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	Bactrocera tsuneonis (Japanese orange fly) as per
		(b) <i>Bactrocera tsuneonis</i> (Japanese orange fly) (c) <i>Ceroplastes japonicus</i> (tortoise wax scale)	international standards or
		(d) Guignardia citricarpa (citrus black spot)	(b) Methyl bromide fumigation
		(e) Oraesia excavata (fruit piercing moth)	(a) 32 g/m^3 for 2 hrs. at 21°C
		(f) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug)	or above at NAP or
		(g) Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealybug)	equivalent thereof against
		(h) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley	Mediterranean fruit fly or
		mealybug) (i) Unaspis citri (Citrus snow scale)	(c) Pre-shipment cold treatment
		(i) Unaspis vanonensis (arrowhead scale)	at 0°C or below for 10 days;
		(j) Chaspis yanonensis (arrownead scale)	0.55°C or below for 11 days;
			1.1°C or below for 12 days
			plus in-transit refrigeration
			against Mediterranean fruit
		T. C	fly.
	(v) France	Free from:	(a) Pest free area status for Ceratitis capitata
		(a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)(b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly)	Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as
		(c) Ceroplastes japonicus (tortoise wax scale)	per international standards or
		(d) Metcalfa pruinosa (frosted moth)	(b) Methyl bromide fumigation
		(e) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug)	(a) 32 g/m^3 for 2 hrs. at 21° C
		(f) Unaspis yanonensis (arrowhead scale)	or above at NAP or equivalent
			thereof against Mediterranean
			fruit fly or
			(c) Pre-shipment cold treatment
			at 0° C or below for 10 days;
			0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days
			plus in-transit refrigeration
			against Mediterranean fruit
			fly.
	(vi) Iran	Free from Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	Nil
	(vii) Italy	Free from:	(a) Pest free area status for
		(a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	Ceratitis
		(b) <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) <i>Ceroplastes japonicus</i> (tortoise wax scale)	capitata(Mediterranean fruit
		(d) Metcalfa pruinosa (frosted moth bug)	fly) as per international standards or
		(e) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug)	(b) Methyl bromide fumigation
		(5, 2 sound sound sound (source mour) oug)	(a) 32 g/m^3 for 2 hrs. at 21°C or
			above at NAP or equivalent
			thereof against Mediterranean
			fruit fly or
			(c) Pre-shipment cold treatment
			at 0°C or below for 10 days;

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		(viii) South Africa	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly)	0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly. (a) Pest free area status for Ceratitis capitata (Mediterrnean fruit fly) and
		(:_\)	(c) Ceratitis rosa (Natal fruitfly) (d) Cryptophlebia leucotreta (false codling moth) (e) Guignardia citricarpa (citrus black spot) (f) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug)	Ceratitis rosa (Natal fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation (a) 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly and Natal fruit fly or (c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and Natal fruit fly.
		(ix) USA	Free from: (a) Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruitfly) (b) Anastrepha ludens (Mexican fruit fly) (c) Anastrepha serpentina (sapodilla fruit fly) (d) Anastrepha striata (guava fruit fly) (e) Anastrepha suspensa (caribbean fruit fly) (f) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (g) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (h) Epiphyas postvittana (light brown apple moth) (i) Metcalfa pruinosa (frosted moth bug) (j) Panonychus citri (citrus red mite) (k) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (l) Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealybug) (m) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (n) Selenaspidus articulatus (West Indian red scale) (o) Unaspis citri (citrus snow scale)	 (a) Pest free area status for Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly), A. ludens (Mexican fruit fly), A. serpentine (Sapodilla fruit fly), A. striata (Guava fruit fly), A. suspense (Caribbean fruit fly) and Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or Methyl bromide fumigation @ 40 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Anastrepha spp. or (c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days;

	-			-t 0.55 ⁰ C - 1.1-1 C 1.1
				at 0.55°C or below for 11 days; at 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0.55°C or below for 18 days; at 1.1°C or below for 20 days; plus in-transit refrigeration against <i>Anastrepha</i> spp.
		(x) Egypt	Free from: (a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (b) Brevipalpus lewisi (citrus flat mite) (c) Spiroplasma citri (stubborn disease of citrus)	(a) Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterrnean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or (c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 13 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export

	(xi) Morocco	Free from:-	(a) Pest free area status for
		(a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly)	Ceratitis capitata
		(b) <i>Pantomorus cervinus</i> (Fuller's rose beetle)	(Mediterrnean fruit fly) as per
		(c) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth)	international standard or
		(d) Spiroplasma citri (stubborn disease of citrus)	(b) Methyl bromide fumigation @
			$32 \text{ g/m}^3 \text{ for } 2 \text{ hrs at } 21^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ or}$
			above at NAP or equivalent
			thereof against Mediterranean
			fruit fly or
			(c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at
			0°C or below for 10 days;
			0.55°C or below for 11 days;
			1.1°C or below for 12 days
			plus in-transit refrigeration
			against Mediterranean fruit fly
			and 0°C or below for 13 days;
			0.55°C or below for 14 days;
			1.1°C or below for 18 days.
			The treatment should be
			endorsed on Phytosanitary
			Certificate issued at the
			country of origin/ re-export.
	(xii) Turkey	Free from:-	Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i>
		(a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly)	capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly)
			as per international standards Or
			Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32
			g/m ³ for 2 hrs at 21 ^o C or above at
			NAP or equivalent thereof against
			Mediterranean fruit fly Or
			Pre-shipment cold treatment at
			0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C
			or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or
			below for 12 days plus in-transit
			refrigeration against
			Mediterranean fruit fly.

		(xiii) Spain	Free from: (a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) Free from:	Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly. Or Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly Pest free Area status for
			Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealybug)	Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealybug) as per International Standard for Phytosanitary Measures
(ii) Citrus limon (Lemon)		(i) Argentina (S.O. 2603 (E) dt. 18 th July, 2019)	Free from (a) Gymnandrosoma (= Ecdytolopha) aurantianum (Orange fruit borer) (b) Naupactus xanthographus (South American fruit tree weevil) (c) Pantomorus cervinus (Rose beetle) (d) Phytophthora cryptogea (Foot rot) (e) Unaspis citri (Citrus snow scale) (f) Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly)	Nil
(iii) <i>Citrus reticulata</i> (Mandarin)		(i) Bhutan (S.O. 3646 (E) dt. 14 th October, 2020)	Free from: Rhynchocoris poseidon	Nil
(iv) Citrus sinensis (Orange)	(i) Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) Peru (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Free from: a. Argyrotaenia sphaleropa b. Anastrepha fraterculus c. Anastrepha serpentine d. Anastrepa oblique	Pest free area for <i>Ecdytolopha</i> aurantianum as per international standards and
			e. Anastrepa striata f. Ceratitis capitata g. Ecdytolopha aurantianum h. Peridroma saucia i. Pinnapsis aspidistrae j. Selenaspidus articulates k. Unaspis citri	Pre-shipment/ in-transit cold treatment at 2°C or below for 18 continuous days; 3°C or below for 20 continuous days against Mediterranean fruit fly as per international standards.

(v) Citrus paradise (Grapefruit)	(i) Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) Peru (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Free from: a. Argyrotaenia sphaleropa b. Anastrepha fraterculus c. Anastrepha serpentine d. Anastrepa oblique e. Ceratitis capitata f. Ecdytolopha aurantianum g. Peridroma saucia h. Selenaspidus articulates i. Unaspis citri	The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export. Pest free area for <i>Ecdytolopha aurantianum</i> as per international standards and Pre-shipment/ in-transit cold treatment at 2°C or below for 19 continuous days; 3°C or below for 23 continuous days against Mediterranean fruit fly as per international standards. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the
(vi) Citrus reticulata	(i) Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) Peru (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Free from: a. Argyrotaenia sphaleropa b. Anastrepha fraterculus c. Anastrepha serpentine d. Ceratitis capitata e. Ecdytolopha aurantianum f. Pinnapsis aspidistrae g. Selenaspidus articulates h. Unaspis citri	Pest free area for Ecdytolopha aurantianum as per international standards and Pre-shipment/ in-transit cold treatment at 2.1°C or below for 18 continuous days; 3°C or below for 23 continuous days against Mediterranean fruit fly as per international standards. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the
(vii) Citrus latifolia	(i) Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) Peru (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Free from: a. Argyrotaenia sphaleropa b. Ecdytolopha aurantianum c. Pinnapsis aspidistrae	country of origin/re-export. Pest free area for <i>Ecdytolopha</i> aurantianum as per international standards.

	(viii) Citrus unshiu	(i) Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) Peru (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Nil	Nil
162.	Citrus maxima (Pomelo), Citrus sinensis, Citrus reticulata, Citrus paradisi, Citrus nobilis, Citrus deliciosa spp.,	(ii) Plants for propagation	Thailand	Nil	 (i) Post entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months (ii) Free from soil (iii)Commercial import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
163.	Citrus reticulata (Tangerine)/ Citrus maxima (Pummelo)	Fresh fruit for consumption	Thailand	Free from: (a) Bactrocera papaya (papaya fruit fly) (b) Citripestis sagittiferella (citrus fruit borer) (c) Rhynchocoris poseidon (spined fruit bug)	(i) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above or equivalent thereof; or (ii) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against papaya fruit fly.
164.	Clarkia spp. (Godetia)	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) Germany (iii) Japan (iv) France (v) UK (vi) Netherlands (vii) Denmark (viii) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
165.	Clematis spp. (Clematis)	Plants for propagation	UK	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
		Tissue cultured plants	Canada	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
166.	Cleome spp. (Cleome)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Taiwan, (ii) Netherlands (iii) France (iv) USA (v) Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
167.	Clerodendrum inerme (Clerodendron)	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	(i) Asia (ii) USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
168.	Clivia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
169.	Coccothrinax	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination.

170.	Cocos nucifera (Coconutwood)	Wood with/without bark	Indonesia	Free from: (a) Aleurodicus destructor (coconut whitefly) (b) Chondracris rosea (citrus locust) (c) Coptotermes (termites) (d) Coptotermes curvignathus (rubber termite) (e) Metamasius hemipterus(West Indian cane weevil) (f) Nipaecoccus nipae (spiked mealybug) (g) Rhynchophorus vulneratus (Asiaticpalm weevil) (h) Unaspis citri (citrus snow scale) (i) Ganoderma boninense (basal stem rot of oil palm) (j) Brontispa longissima (coconut hispine beetle) (k) Icerya samaraia (steatococcus scale) (l) Plesispa reichei (coconut hispid) (m) Rhynchophorus bilineatus (black palm weevil) (n) Scapanes australis (rhinoceros beetle)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
171.	Codiaeum variegatum (Croton)	Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
172.	Coffea spp. (Coffee and related species of Rubiaceae)	Coffee beans for consumption or processing	Any Country	Free from Coffee Berry Borers (Hypothenemus hampei, Sophranica ventralis)	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent or (ii) Fumigation with Phosphine @ 3 g/MT at NAP for 7 days for countries that have phased out usage of Methyl bromide for QPS purposes.
173.	Coix lacryma-jobi (Job"stear)	Seeds for sowing	Nepal	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
174.	Colchicum autumnale (Meadow saffron)	Seeds for medicinal purpose	Germany	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
175.	Colchicum luteum	Dried root for consumption	Pakistan Iran	Nil Free from	Free from soil and other plant debris Free from soil and other plant
				Pectobacterium rhapontici (rhubarb crown rot)	debris
176.	Coleus spp. (Coleus)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Taiwan (iv) Russia (v) Japan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
177.	Consolida spp.	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>delphinii</i> (leaf spot)	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.

178.	Consolida ambigua (Consolida)	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) UK (iii) France (iv) Germany (v) Netherlands (vi) Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
179.	Consolida ambigua (Delphinium)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Canada	Free from Pseudomonas syringae pv. delphinii (leaf spot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
180.	Convolvulus spp. (Morning glory)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Brown ring disease of hyacinth)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
181.	Corchorus capsularis/ Corchorus spp. (Jute and its wild species)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Angola (ii) Australia (iii) Botswana (iv) Caribbean Islands (v) Central America (vi) Ghana (vii) Malawi (viii) Mozambique (ix) Namibia (x) Nigeria (xi) S. Africa (xii) S. America (xiii) Senegal (xiv) Somalia (xv) Sudan (xvi) Tanzania (xvii) USA (xviii) Zaire (xix) Zambia (xx) Zimbabwe	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
182.	Cordyline spp.	(i) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Netherlands (ii) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (b) Tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil
			(iii) Brazil	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil
			(iv) Any country except Netherlands USA and Brazil	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil

		(ii) Plants for propagation	(i) Asia (ii) USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days.
183.	Coreopsis lanceolata	Seeds for sowing	(i) Netherlands (ii) USA (iii) France (iv) Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
184.	Coriandrum sativum (Coriander)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia (ii) Italy (iii) Japan (iv) USA	Free from: (a) Pseudomonas viridiflava (b) Xanthomonas hortorum pv. carotae (bacterial blight of carrot) (c) Celery mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (b) and (c) by a competent authority at the country of origin.
			(v) China	Free from Pseudomonas viridiflava	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vi) New Zealand	Free from : (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (b) Celery mosaic virus	(i) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin.(ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vii) France	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(viii) Thailand	Nil	Nil
			(ix) Bulgaria	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
			(x) Moldova	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
185.	Cortaderia spp. (Pampas grass, etc)	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses.	Nil
186.	Corylus spp. (Hazelnut)	Nut (seed) for consumption	(i) Europe (ii) Australia (iii) USA	Free from Ephestia elutella (Chocolate moth)	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.

			(iv) Turkey	Free from Xanthomonas arboricola pv. corylina (hazelnut blight)	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
187.	Corylus avellana (Hazelnut)	(i) Grafts/ budwoods/ plants for propagation	USA	Free from: (a) Acrosternum hilare (stink bug) (b) Euproctis chrysorrhoea (tail moth) (c) Orgyia antiqua (tussock moth) (d) Xyleborus dispar (ambrosia beetle) (e) Anisogramma anomala (f) Eutypa lata (Eutypa dieback) (g) Heterobasidium annosum (h) Rhizobium rhizogenes (i) Xanthomonas arboricola pv. corylina (hazelnut blight)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month
		(ii) Seeds (Nuts) for sowing	USA	Free from: (a) Xanthomonas arboricola pv. corylina (hazelnut blight)	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 months except for research.
188.	Cosmos spp. (Cosmos)	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) France (iii) Netherlands (iv) Taiwan (v) Japan (vi) Germany (vii) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
189.	Crambe abysinnica	Seeds for sowing	ÙK	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
190.	Crataegus spp. (Indian Hawthorn)	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil

191.	Crocus sativus (Saffron)	Corms for propagation	(ii) Algeria (ii) China (iii) Germany (iv) Iran	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (b) Burkholderia gladioli Free from; Ditylenchus dipsaci	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 months except for research.
100		G 1 2 :	(v) Spain	277	
192.	Crossandra spp.	Seeds for sowing	Taiwan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
193.	Crotolaria spp. (Crotolaria)	Seeds for sowing	Japan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
194.	Crotalaria juncea (Sunnhemp)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
195.	Cryptocoryne wendtii	(i) Plants for propagation	(i) Japan (ii) Thailand	Nil	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 60 days.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	(i) Japan (ii) Thailand	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
196.	Cucumis melo (Muskmelon)	,	(i) China (ii) Netherlands	Free from: (a) Pseudomonas viridiflava (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(iii) France	Free from: (a) Pseudomonas viridiflava (b) Zucchini yellow fleck virus (c) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (b) and (c) by a competent authority at the country of origin.
			(iv) Hong Kong, (v) Korea DPR, (vi) Thailand (vii) Russia	Nil	Nil
			(viii) Japan	Free from: (a) Pseudomonas viridiflava (b) Melon necrotic spot virus (c) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (b) and (c) by a competent authority at the country of origin.
			(ix) USA	Free from: (a) Acidovorax avenae subsp. citrulli (bacterial fruit blotch of watermelon) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (c) Lettuce infectious yellow virus (d) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i)Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii)Seedcrop inspection and certification for Free from (a) to (d) by a competent authority at the country of origin

		(ii) Dried grains (seeds) for consumption (iii) Fruits for	(x) Spain, (xi) Israel (xii) Taiwan (xiii) Jordan (xiv) Italy (xv) Chile Any Country	Free from Zucchini yellow mosaic virus Nil Nil Free from Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley)	(i)Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii)Crop inspection and certification for Free from Zucchini yellow mosaic virus. Free from quarantine weed seeds
		consumption	.,	mealy bug)	Nil
			(ii) Afghanistan	Nil	Nil
			(iii) Uzbekistan (S.O. 1817 (E) dated: 24 th May, 2019)	Nil	Nil
197.	Cucumis sativus (Cucumber and related species)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Russia	Free from: (a) Pseudomonas putida (b) Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. cucumerinum (fusarial wilt) (c) Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare–bine) (d) Tomato ringspot virus	(i)Free from quarantine weeds seeds. (ii)Crop inspection and certification for free from arabis mosaic virus and tomato ringspot virus.
			(ii) Any country except Russia	Free from: (a) Fusarial wilts (Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. cucumerinum) (b) Black spot (Phomopsis sclerotoides) (c) Septoria leaf spot (Septoria cucurbitarum) (d) Cucumber seed-borne virus viz. leaf spot (e) Verticillium alboatrum (f) Squash mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from cucumber seed-borne virus and squash mosaic virus.
198.	Cucurbita spp.	Seeds for sowing	New Zealand	Free from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)) (b) Arabis mosaic virus (hop barebine) (c) Squash mosaic virus (squash mosaic) (d) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil. (ii)Crop inspection and certification for free from Arabis mosaic virus (hop barebine), Squash mosaic virus (squash mosaic) and Zucchini yellow mosaic virus
199.	Cucurbita maxima (Banana Squash)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Japan (ii) Argentina (iii) South Africa (iv) Taiwan (v) Italy (vi) France	Free from Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i)Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii)Crop inspection and certification for free from Zucchini yellow mosaic virus.

			(vii) Korea ROK	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(viii) USA	Free from: (a) Lettuce infectious yellow virus (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from lettuce infectious yellow virus and zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
			(ix) China (x) Netherlands (xi) Germany	Free from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
			(xii) Korea DPR (xiii) Thailand (xiv) Vietnam (xv) Russia (xvi) Philippines	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(i) Israel	Nil	Freedom from quarantine weed seeds
			(ii)Czech Republic	Free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato	 (i) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (a) & (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 months
200.	Cucurbita moschata (Pumpkin)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Japan (ii) Argentina	Free from Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i)Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from Zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
			(iii) Korea DPR (iv) Korea ROK (v) Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vi) UK (vii) Germany (viii)Denmark (ix) France (x) Italy (xi)Spain (xii) The Netherlands	Free from Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

			(xiii) Philippines	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
201.	Cucurbita pepo (Summer Squash) Seeds fo	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia	Free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare-bine) (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus I (c) Acidovorax avenae subsp.citrulli (bacterial fruit blotch)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from (a) and (b)
			(ii) China (iii) France (iv) Germany (v) Italy (vi) Japan (vii) South Africa (viii)Netherlands	Free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (hop barebine) (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i)Free from quarantine weed seeds (ii)Crop inspection and certification for free from Arabis mosaic virus (hop barebine) & Zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
			(ix) Korea DPR (x) Korea ROK (xi) Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(x ((xii) USA	Free from: (a) Acidovorax avenae subsp. citrulli (bacterial fruit blotch) (b) Lettuce infectious yellow virus (c) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (a) to (c) by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(xiii) Jordan (xiv) Argentina (xv) Israel (xvi) Taiwan (xvii) Spain	Free from Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
			(xviii) Russia	Free from Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare-bine)	(i)Free from quarantine weeds seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from arabis mosaic virus.
			(xix) Chile	Free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from zucchini yellow mosaic virus.
			(xx) U.K.	Free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (b) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (c) Diabrotica virgifera virgifera	Free from quarantine weeds seeds

202.	Cuminum cyminum (Cumin)	Seeds for sowing	Iran	Nil	Nil
203.	Curcuma spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Taiwan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from alpinia mosaic virus	Nil
			(ii) Any country except Taiwan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
204.	Cyathochaeta spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
205.	Cycas spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any Country	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
206.	Cyclamen spp. (Cyclamen)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Japan	Free from: (a) Tobacco rattle virus (spraing of potato) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from tobacco rattle virus.
			(iv) Australia	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
207.	Cymbopogon citrates (Lemongrass)	Vegetable for consumption	Thailand	Nil	Nil
208.	Cynodon dactylon (lawn grass)	(i) Seed for sowing	(i) UK (ii) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
			(iii) USA	Free from: Gaeumannomyces graminis var. graminis (crown sheath rot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
			(iv) Spain	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
		(ii) Grass for propagation	(i)USA	Free from: (a) Chaetocnema pulicaria (corn flea beetle) (b)Belonolaimus longicaudatus (sting nematode) (c) Tylenchorhynchus acutus (stylet-stunt nematode) (d) Clavibactor xyli sub sp. cynodontis (Bermuda grass stunting disease)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds/ plants and soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 9 months
			(ii)Indonesia	Nil	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds/ plants and soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 9 months

209.	Cynodon dactylon/ C. dactylon hybrids	Germplasm material for research only	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
210.	Cyphomandra betacea (Tamarillo)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Italy (ii) USA	Free from Arabis mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iii) Spain	Nil	(ii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from Arabis mosaic virus(iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month
		(ii) Cuttings for propagation	(i) Italy	Free from: (a) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (b) Phytophthora cryptogea (foot rot) (c) Arabis mosaic virus	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
			(ii) Spain	Free from: (a) <i>Trialeurodes vaporariorum</i> (glasshouse whitefly) (b) <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i>	
			(iii) USA	Free from: (a) Chrysodeixis includens (b) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (c) Phytophthora cryptogea (foot rot) (h) Arabis mosaic virus	
211.	Daemonorops verticillaris	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination.
212.	Dahlia spp.	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
213.	Dampiera wellsiana	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
214.	Dasypogon romeliifolius	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
215.	Datura alba	Dry plant material (All plant parts) for medicinal purpose	China	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil
216.	Daucus carota (Carrot)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a)Bacterial blight (<i>Xanthomonas hortorum</i> pv. <i>carotae</i>) (b)Carrot viruses (mottle dwarf, red leaf and yellow leaf)	(a)Free from quarantine weed seeds.(b) Crop inspection and certification for free from carrot viruses.
		(ii) Fresh vegetable for consumption	Bhutan (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Nil	Free from soil.
217.	Davallia spp. (Davallia)	Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
218.	Delonix elata	Seeds for sowing	Africa	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

219.	Delosperma cooperi (Ice Plant)	Plants for propagation	USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
220.	Delphinium hybrids (Delphinium)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Japan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from aster yellows (phytoplasmas)	Nil
			(ii) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from potato virus X	Nil
			(iii) Lithuania	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Cucumis virus 1 (b) Tomato ring spot nepo virus (c) Tobacco rattle virus (d) Peony virus 1	Nil
			(iv) Any country except UK, Lithuania and Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
221.	Dendrocalamus spp. (Bamboo)	Seeds for sowing	(i) China (ii) Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
222.	Desmodium spp.	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
223.	Dianella spp.(Native flax)	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses	Nil
224.	Dianthus spp. (Carnation)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Guatemala	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Japan	Free from: (a) <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (stem and bulb nematode) (b) <i>Arabis mosaic virus</i> (hop barebine)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from arabis mosaic virus.
		(ii) Seeds/Cut flowers	Any Country (for seeds except Guatemala and Japan)	Free from: (a) Rust (<i>Uromyces dianthi</i> (b) Smut (<i>Sorosporium spaonariae</i>) (c) Downy mildew (<i>Peronospora dianthi</i> , P.dianthicola) (d) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (e) Arabis mosaic virus (hop barebine)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from arabis mosaic virus.

(iii) Cuttings/ saplings for	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bacterial wilt and stem cracking (<i>Burkholderia</i>	Post-entry quarantine facility for a period of 45-60 days.
sowing/planting		caryophilli)	
		(b) Slow wilt (Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. dianthicola)	
		(c) Rust (<i>Uromyces dianthi</i>)	
		(d) Smut (Sorosporium spaonariae)	
		(e) Downy mildew (Peronospora dianthi,	
		P. dianthicola)	
		(f) Carnation viruses viz. latent, mottle virus	
(iv) Tissue cultured	(i) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
plants		from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	
		(a) Carnation 1 alpha crypto virus	
		(b) Carnation 2 alpha crypto virus	Nil
		(c) Carnation Italian ring spot virus	
		(d) Carnation yellow stripe virus	
		(e) Carnation vein mottle virus	
	(") N 7 1 1	(f) Carnation ring spot virus	
	(ii) New Zealand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from	Nil
		carnation rhabdo virus	INII
	(iii) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	(III) UK	from mother stock tested and maintained free from :	
		(a) Carnation Italian ring spot virus	Nil
		(b) Carnation ring spot virus	INII
		(c) Carnation ring spot virus	
	(iv) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	(IV) USA	from mother stock tested and maintained free from	Nil
		carnation Italian ring spot virus.	1 111
	(v) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	() Summing	from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	
		(a) Carnation Italian ring spot virus	Nil
		(b) Carnation ring spot virus	
	(vi) Israel	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	(vii) Spain	from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	25.1
	, , ,	(a) Carnation vein mottle virus	Nil
		(b) Carnation ring spot virus	

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			(viii) Argentina, (ix) Lithuania, (x) France, (xi) China, (xii) Australia, (xiii) Romania, (xiv) Yugoslavia, (xv) Denmark, (xvi) Japan, (xvii)	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from carnation ring spot virus.	Nil
			Netherlands (xviii) Any country except Italy, New Zealand, UK, USA, Germany, Israel, Spain, Argentina, Lithuania, France, China, Australia, Romania, Yugoslavia, Denmark, Japan and Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
225.	Dianthus chinensis	Seeds for sowing	Netherlands	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
226.	Dicentra spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tobacco rattle virus (Tobrvirus).	Nil
			(ii) Any country except USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
227.	Dichanthium sericeum/ D. aristatum (blue grass)	Germplasm material for research only	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
228.	Dichrostachys cinerea	(i) Dried pods for consumption/ processing	(i) Tanzania	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris
229.	Dielsia spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
230.	Digitalis spp.	Seeds for sowing	Guatemala	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil
231.	Digitaria ciliaris	Germplasm material	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

		for research only			
232.	Digitaria exilis	Germplasm material	(i) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	D. longiflora (Crabgrass)	for research only	(ii) USA	Free from Aceria toschicella (Wheat mosaic mite)	
233.	Dimocarpus longan (Longan)	(i) Fruits for consumption	(i) Thailand	Nil	Nil
		(ii) Grafted plants/ seedlings for propagation	(i) Australia (ii) China, (iii) Taiwan	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 2-3 months except for research. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
		(iii) Seeds for sowing	(ii) China, (iii) Taiwan	Nil	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
234.	Dimorphotheca spp.	Seeds for sowing	Europe	Nil	Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds.
235.	Dionea (Venus fly trap)	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
236.	Dioon sp.	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
237.	Diospyros digyna (Black sapota)	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
238.	Diospyros kaki (Persimmon)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Japan (ii) China (iii) Italy (iv) Russia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Grafts/budwoods /plants for propagation	(i) Japan	Free from: (a) Ceroplastes japonicus (b) Halyomorpha halys (c) Homona magnanima (tea tortrix) (d) Pantomorus cervinus (rose beetle) (e) Parabemisia myricae (whitefly) (f) Rhizobium rhizogenes	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing

	(ii) Russia	Free from:	for 2-3 month.
		(a) Ceroplastes japonicus (wax scale)	
		(b) Pantomorus cervinus	
		(c) Colomerus vitis (grape mite)	
		(d) Rhizobium rhizogenes	
	(iii) Italy	Free from:	
		(a) Ceroplastes japonicus (wax scale)	
		(b) Pantomorus cervinus (rose beetle)	
		(c) Parabemisia myricae (whitefly)	
		(d) Sesamia nonagrioides	
		(e) Colomerus vitis (grape mite)	
		(f) Eutypa lata (Eutypa dieback)	
		(g) Rhizobium rhizogenes	
(iii) Fresh fr	uits for (i) Spain	Free from:	a) Pest free status for <i>Ceratitis</i>
consum	ption	a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly)	spp. as per international
		b) Lobesia botrana (Grape berry moth)	standards
		c) Pseudococcus calceolariae (Scarlet mealybug)	or
		d) Pseudococcus viburni (Mealybug)	b) Pre shipment cold treatment at
		e) Sesamia nonagrioides (Mediterranean corn stalk	0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days;
		borer)	1.1°C or below for 12 days
			plus in-transit refrigeration
			against fruit flies
			or
			c) Methyl bromide fumigation @
			32 g/m ³ for 2 hrs at 21 ^o C or
			above at NAP or equivalent
			thereof.
			The treatment should be endorsed
			on Phytosanitary Certificate
			issued at the country of origin/re-
			export.

			(ii) South Africa	Free from: (a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (b) Ceratitis rosa (Natal fruit fly) (c) Pantomorus cervinus (Fuller's rose beetle) (d) Thaumatotibia leucotreta (False codling moth) (e) Delottococcus elisabethae (Mealy bug) (f) Heliopthrips sylvanus (Thrips) (g) Planococcus ficus (Vine mealy bug) (h) Prietocella ventricosa (Snail) (i) Pseudnococcus calceolariae (Citrophilus mealy bug) (j) Pseudnococcus viburni (Pear and Apple mealy bug)	a) Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i> spp. as per international standards or Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against fruit flies and b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
239.	Dipteryx odorata (Cumaru)	Wood with or without bark	Brazil	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs. at 21 ⁰ C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
240.	Dolichos lablab (Lablab)	Grain (seed) for consumption	Myanmar	Nil	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
241.	Dovyalis caffra	(i) Plants for propagation	Thailand, Australia, USA	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare

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242.	Dovyalis hebecarpa (Ceylon gooseberry)	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
243.	Dracaena spp. (Bamboo Lucky)	Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
244.	Duranta spp. (Duranta)	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	(i) Asia (ii) USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
245.	Durio zibethinus (Durian)	Fruits for consumption	(i)Thailand (ii) Sri Lanka	Nil	Nil
		Grafts/ budwoods/ plants for propagation	(i) Thailand	Free from: (a) Allocarsidara malayensis (b) Mudaria magniplaga (c) Orgyia turbata (tussock moth) (d) Oxyodes scrobiculata (e) Eutetranychus africanus (citrus brown mite)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
			(ii) Indonesia	Free from: (a) Allocarsidara malayensis (b) Graphium agamemnon (c) Icerya pulchra (d) Nisotra javanica	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
			(iii) Malaysia	Free from (a) Allocarsidara malayensis (b) Asterolecanium ungulatum (c) Icerya pulchra (d) Mudaria magniplaga (e) Orgyia turbata (tussock moth) (f) Oxyodes scrobiculata	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
			(iv) Mauritius (v) New Zealand (vi) Philippines (vii) Sri Lanka (viii) USA	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.

		Cuttings/ Plants for propagation	(i) Australia, (ii)Papua New Guinea (iii) Vietnam	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 2-3 months except for research. (iii)Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
246.	Echeveria spp.	(i) Tissue cultured plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
247.	Echinacea spp/ Echinacea purpurea	(i) Tissue cultured plants	USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from aster yellows phytoplasma group (yellow disease phytoplasmas)	Nil
		(ii) Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
248.	Echinochloa spp. (Barnyard grass/millet)	Germplasm material for research only	(i) Australia (ii) Nepal	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
249.	Echinodorus ozelot	(i) Plants for propagation	Japan	Nil	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 60 days.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Japan	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
250.	Echium plantagineum	Seeds for sowing	UK	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
251.	Elaeis guineensis (Oil palm) and related species		Any Country	Free from (a) Vascular wilt (Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. elaeidis) (b) Freckle (Cercospora elaedis) (c) Red ring (Rhadinaphelenchus cocophilus) and its vector Rhyncophorus palmarum (d) Lethal bud rot or sudden wilt [Marchites sorpresiva (phytoplasmas)] (e) Fatal wilt or hart rot (Phytomonas staheli) (f) Leaf mottle virus (g) Cadang cadang and related viroids (h) Palm kernel borer (Caryobruchus spp. and Pachymerus spp.)	 (i) Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture. (ii) Consignment will be grown under post-entry quarantine for a period of 10-12 months.
	Elaeis guineensis	(ii) Palm kernel shell for	(i) Cambodia	Nil	Free from soil and any plant debris
		consumption	(ii) Malaysia	Nil	Free from soil and any plant debris

252.	Eleocharis tuberosa (Chinese Water Chestnut)	Vegetable for consumption	Thailand	Nil	Nil
253.	Eleusine coracana (Finger millet/ragi)	Seeds for propagation/consumption	(i) Bangladesh (ii) Bhutan (iii) Nepal (iv) Sri Lanka	Nil	Free from soil and weed seeds.
254.	Elymus spp., Elymus Elymoides (Squirrel tail)	Germplasm material for research only	USA	Free from: (a) <i>Tilletia controversa</i> (dwarf bunt of wheat) (b) <i>Pseudomonas syringae</i> pv. <i>atropurpurea</i>	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
255.	Encephalartos spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing (ii) Plants for	Any Country Any Country	Nil Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period
256.	Entandrophragma spp. (Sapeli)	propagation Wood with/ without bark	Any Country	Free from Hypsipyla robusta	of 45 days. Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
257.	Eragrostis spp. (Weeping lovegrass/Teff)	Germplasm material for research only	(ii) Australia (iii) Czech Republic (iv) Kenya (v) Romania (vi) Syria (vii)Ethiopia (viii) South Africa	Free from Anthonomus grandis (cotton boll weevil) Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(iii) Grass for propagation	USA UK, China,	Free from:- (i) Anthonomus grandis (Mexican cotton boll weevil) (ii) Barley yellow dwarf viruses (barley yellow dwarf) Free from Barley yellow dwarf viruses (Barley yellow	Free from soil and other plant debris.
		Seeds for sowing	Australia USA	dwarf) Free from <i>Anthonomus grandis</i> (Mexican cotton boll weevil)	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
			UK, China, Australia	Nil	
258.	Eragrostis curvula/ Eragrostis tef	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds

259.	Eremochloa ophiuroides	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from Gaeumannomyces graminis var. graminis (crown sheath rot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
260.	Ermophila mitchelli	Wood with and without bark	Australia	Free from Bemisia tabaci (B biotype) (Silver leaf Whitefly)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide 48 g/m³ for 2 hrs for 21°C or above @ NAP or equivalent thereof or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Govt. of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
261.	Eruca vesicaria (Rocolla)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Netherlands	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Italy	Free from Radish mosaic virus	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination
			(iii) France	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination
262.	Eryngium spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
263.	Erysimum spp. (Wall flower)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia (ii) Europe (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
264.	Eschcholzia californica	Seeds for sowing	UK	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
265.	Eucalyptus spp. (Eucalyptus)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia	Free from: (a) Cryphonectria gyrosa (b) Cytospora eucalypticola	Free from quarantine weed seeds and plant debris.
			(ii) Honduras	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
266.	Eucalyptus alba	(i) Fruit buds for consumption	(i) Indonesia	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
267.	Eucalyptus calophylla (Corymbia calophylla)	(i) Timber logs with/without bark for consumption	(i) Australia	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.

268.	Eucalyptus camaldulensis	(i) Timber logs with/without bark for consumption	(i) Thailand	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
269.	Eucalyptus globulus	(i) Tissue cultured hardened plants	Portugal	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 90 days.
		(ii) Logs with and without bark	(i) Sri Lanka	Free from Ctenarytaina eucalypti (blue gum psyllid)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
			(ii) Cameroon	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent there of or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/reexport.
270.	Eucalyptus grandis/ Eucalyptus spp.	(i) Timber logs/ Sawn timber for processing	(i) Uruguay	Free from: (a) <i>Phoracantha recurva</i> (eucalyptus longhorned borer) (b) <i>Phoracantha semipunctata</i> (eucalyptus longhorned borer) (c) <i>Aureobasidium pullulans</i> (blue stain wood)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ at @ 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.

		(ii) South America		Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m ³ at @ 21 ^o C and above
			Nil	or equivalent thereof under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser
		(iii) South Africa	Free from: (a) Gonipterus scutellatus (eucalyptus snout beetle) (b) Heteronychus arator (African black beetle) (c) Macrotermes natalensis (d) Phoracantha recurva (eucalyptus longhorned borer) (e) Phoracantha semipunctata (eucalyptus longhorned borer)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ at @ 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
	(ii) Wood with/without bark	Australia	Free from: (a) Ctenarytaina spatulata (b) Phoracantha recurva (eucalyptus longhorned borer) (c) Phoracantha semipunctata (eucalyptus longhorned borer) (d) Paropsis atomaria (Eucalyptus tortoise beetle) (e) Paropsis charybdis (eucalyptus tortoise beetle) (f) Puccinia psidii (myrtle rust) (g) Thaumastocoris peregrinus (bronze bug) (h) Trachymela tincticollis (Australian tortoise beetle) (i) Uraba lugens (eucalypt leaf skeletonizer) (j) Mundulla yellows (Mundulla Yellows dieback)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment duly approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
	(iii) Timber logs with/ without bark for consumption	(i) New Zealand	Free from: - (a) Ctenarytaina spatulata (b) Gonipterus scutellatus (eucalyptus snout beetle) (c) Paropsis charybdis (eucalyptus tortoise beetle) (d) Phoracantha semipunctata (eucalyptus longhorned borer) (e) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (f) Thaumastocoris peregrinus (bronze bug) (g) Uraba lugens (eucalypt leaf skeletonizer)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment duly approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary
		(ii) Fiji (iii) Papua New	Nil Free from:	Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
		Guinea	(a) Phoracantha recurva (eucalyptus longhorned borer)(b) Phoracantha semipunctata (eucalyptus longhorned borer)	

			(iv) South Africa	Free from: (a) Macrotermes natalensis (b) Phoracantha recurva (eucalyptus longhorned borer) (c) Phoracantha semipunctata (eucalyptus longhorned borer) (d) Botryosphaeria dothidea (canker of almond) (e) Ceratocystis moniliformis (f) Coniothyrium zuluense (coniothyrium canker of eucalyptus) (g) Lasiodiplodia iraniensis (h) Puccinia psidii (myrtle rust) (i) Thaumastocoris peregrines (bronze bug) (j) Trachymela tincticollis (Australian tortoise beetle)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment duly approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
		(iv) Timber logs with/ without bark for consumption	(i) Cameroon	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent there of or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
271.	Eucalyptus grandis (Eucalyptus)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Brazil	Free from: (a) Hypothenemus obscurus (nut borer) (b) Thyrinteina arnobia (c) Botryosphaeria dothidea	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Fumigation with phosphine @ 3 g/m³ at NAP.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	(i) Brazil	Free from: (a) Atta sexdens (leaf cutting ant) (b) Atta sexdens rubropilosa (c) Eupseudosoma involuta (d) Hygrochroa sericea (e) Phoracantha recurva (f) Thyrinteina arnobia (g) Botryosphaeria dothidea	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 months except for research.
		(iii) Seeds for sowing/ rooted plants	(i) Honduras	Nil	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 months except for research.

		(iv) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	(i) Uruguay	Free from: (a) Ctenarytaina spatulata (b) Phoracantha recurva (eucalyptus long horned borer) (c) Phoracantha semipunctata (eucalyptus long horned borer) (d) Puccinia psidii (guava rust)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 3 months.
272. Eugenia spp.	Eugenia spp.	(i) Plants for propagation	Thailand	Free from: (a) Darna diducta (nettle caterpillar) (b) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug).	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months. (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
		(ii) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
273.	Eugenia dombeyi	(i) Plants for propagation	(i) Thailand, (ii) Australia	Nil	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
			USA	Free from Puccinia psidii (Guava rust)	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare

		(i) Plants/ cuttings fior propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
274.	Eugenia oleosum	Plants/cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
275.	Euphorbia spp.	(i) Seeds for Medicinal/ consumption	Europe, South Korea	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil
		purpose	China	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (USA)	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil
276.	Euphorbia longan (Longan)	Grafts/ budwoods/ plants for propagation	(i) Mauritius (ii) New Zealand (iii) Sri Lanka (iv) USA	Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation
			(v) Indonesia(vi) Philippines	Free from Tessaratoma javanica	and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing
			(vii) Malaysia	Free from <i>Cossus</i> sp. (carpenter moth)	for 6-9 month except for research.
			(viii)Thailand	Free from: (a) Conopomorpha sinensis (b) Cossus sp (carpenter moth) (c) Tessaratoma javanica	research.
277.	Euphorbia milii (Flamingo)	Plants for propagation	(i) Asia (ii) USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
278.	Euphorbia pulcherrima (Poinsettia)	(i) Plants for propagation	(i) Asia (ii) USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.

			(iii) Spain (iv) Europe (except Spain)	Free from: (a) Bemisia tabaci (B biotype) (silverleaf whitefly) (b) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (c) Hercinothrips femoralis (banded greenhouse thrips) (d) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (greenhouse whitefly) (e) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) Free from: (a) Bemisia tabaci (B biotype) (silverleaf whitefly) (b) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (c) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (greenhouse whitefly) (d) Armillaria tabescens (armillaria root rot) (e) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (f) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (g) Burkholderia cepacia (sour skin of onion)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
		(;;) Tr; 1, 1	Б	(h) Rhizobium rhizogenes	
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	Europe	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
279.	Euphorbia Leucodendron (Flame tip)	Plants/cuttings for propagation	South Africa	Free from: (a) Bemisia tabaci (B biotype) (silverleaf whitefly) (b) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (c) Opogona sacchari (banana moth) (d) Phenacoccus manihoti (cassava mealybug) (e) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (f) Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6 months.
280.	Eustoma spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) Japan (iii) Taiwan (iv) USA (v) Guatemala	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
281.	Eustoma grandiflorum	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Netherlands	Free from Duponchelia fovealis (Southern European marshland pyralid)	(i) Free from soil (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 3 months.
282.	Euterpe spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plant for propagation	Any country	Nil	(i) Free from soil(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months

283.	Eutrema wasabi (Wasabia japonica)	Tissue cultured plants	Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses.	Nil
284.	Evandra spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
285.	Fagopyron esculentum (Buckwheat)	Grain (seed) for consumption	Nepal	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
286.	Fagus sylvatica (European Beech)	Timber with/ without bark	(i)Europe	Free from: Insects: a. Agrilus sulcicollis (European oak borer) b. Agrilus viridis (beech buprestid) c. Callidium violaceum d. Cerambyx scopolii (scorpion beetle) e. Cydia leguminana f. Dicerca aenea g. Dicerca berolinensis h. Dryocoetes villosus i. Ectoedemia liebwerdella j. Ernoporus fagi k. Hylecoetus dermestoides (large timber worm) l. Phymatodes testaceus (tanbark borer) m. Ptilinus pectinicornis (kaefer) n. Plagionotus arcuatus o. Platypus cylindrus (oak pinhole, borer) p. Prionus coriarius (tanner beetle) q. Scolytus intricatus (European oak bark beetle) r. Scolytus laevis s. Taphroruchus bicolor (beech bark beetle) t. Tremex fuscicornis (tremex wasp) u. Trypodendron demesticum v. Xyleborus dispar (pear blight beetle) w. Xyleborus dryographus x. Xylosandrus germanus (black timber bark beetle) z. Xyloterus domsticus aa. Xyloterus signatus bb. Zeuzera pyrina (wood leopard) Fungi: a. Armillaria cepistipes b. Ascodichaena rugosa c. Bjerkandera fumosa (roger mushroom) e. Cylindrobasidium evolvens	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination. (ii) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 48 g/ m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or Heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or Any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the countryof origin/re-export.

				f. Eutypa lata (eutypa dieback) g. Fomes fomentarius (hoof fungus) h. Fomitopsis pinicola(brown crumbly rot) i. Fusicoccum galericulatum j. Heterobasidion abietinum k. Heterobasidion annosum l. Hypoxylon fragiforme m. Hypoxylon nummularium n. Phellinus igniarius o. Phytophthora citricola p. Phytophthora pseudosyringae q. Phytophthora ramorum (sudden oak death(SOD)	
				r. Stereum hirsitum s. Stereum purpueum t. Stereum rugosum u. Trametes gibbosa v. Trametes hirsute w. Trametes versicolor x. Xylaria hypoxylon (candlesnuff fungus).	
287.	Fatsia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
288.	Festuca arundinacea (Meadow fescue)	(i) Germplasm material for research only	USA	Free from: (a) Aceria tosichella (wheat curl mite) (b) Anguina agrostis (grass nematode) (c) Gloeotinia granigena (d) Neotyphodium coenophialum (e) Pyrenophora dictyoides	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Grafts/budwood/ plantsfor propagation	USA	Free from: (a) Chaetocnema pulicaria (corn beetle) (b)Exomala orientalis (oriental beetle) (c)Oulema melanopus (oat leaf beetle) (d)Pogonomyrmex occidentalis (e)Pogonomyrmex rugosus (f)Belonolaimus longicaudatus (g)Gloeotinia granigena (h)Neotyphodium coenophialum (i)Pyrenophora dictyoides	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.

		(iii) Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from: (a) Gloeotinia granigena (blind seed disease: grasses) (b) Neotyphodium coenophialum (tall fescue endophyte) (c) Pyrenophora dictyoides (netblotch of Fescues (Festuca spp.))	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
289.	Festuca rubra	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from: (a) Monographella nivalis (foot rot of cereals) (b) Pseudomonas syringae pv.atropurpurea	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
290.	Ficus spp.	(i) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Ficus conica virus (b) Fig virus S	Nil
			(ii) Any country except Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
		(ii) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Any Country	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
291.	Flacourtia indica	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
292.	Flemingia macrophylla	Plants for propagation	USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
293.	Flower bulbs:				
	(a) Dahlia spp.	(i) Tubers for planting or propagation	Any Country	Free from viruss affecting dahlia except dahlia mosaic virus	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.(ii) Free from soil.
		(ii) Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Japan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	(b) Gladiolus spp.	Corms/Corm lets for planting or propagation	Any Country	Free from: (a)Smut (<i>Urocystis gladiolicola</i>) (b)Rusts (<i>Uromyces gladioli</i> and <i>U. transversalis</i>) (c) Corm rot (<i>F. oxysporum</i> f.sp. <i>gladioli</i>) (d) Hard rot (<i>Septoria gladioli</i>) (e) Scab and neck rot (<i>Burkholderia marginalis</i>) (f) Base rot (<i>Burkholderia gladioli</i>) pv. <i>gladioll</i>)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.(ii) Free from soil.

(c) Heliconia spp.	Rhizomes for propagation	Any Country	Free from Moko wilt (<i>Burkholderia solanacearum</i> Race 2)	Post-entry quarantine period for one growth season
(d) Hyacinthus spp.	Bulbs for propagation	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bacterial blight or yellow slime (<i>Xanthomonas hyacinthi</i>) (b) Hyacinth mosaic virus (Poty virus) (c) Stem and bulb nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season (ii) Free from soil (iii) Hot-water treatment of bulbs at 45°C for 4 hrs followed by suitable fungicidal treatment and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate. Or Treatment with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 2½ hrs at 21°C or above under NAP or equivalent or any other treatment specified by the Plant Protection Adviser.
(e) <i>Iris</i> spp. (bulbous and rhizomatous varieties)	Bulbs/rhizomes for planting or propagation	Any Country	Free from: (a) Fusarial rot (Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. gladioli) (b) Stem and bulb nematode (Ditylenchus dipsaci) (c) Sclerotinia rot (Sclerotinia bulborum) (d) Iris virus (Potyvirus)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season (ii) Free from soil (iii) Hot-water treatment of bulbs at 45°C for 4 hrs followed by suitable fungicidal treatment and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate. Or Treatment with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 2 ½ hrs at 21°C or above under NAP or equivalent or any other treatment specified by the Plant Protection Adviser.
(f) Lillium spp. (Lilly)	(i) Bulbs for planting	Any Country	Free from: (a) Fusarium wilt (Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. lilii) (b) Anthracnose (Colletotrichum lilii) (c) Bacterial leaf spot (Burkholderia gladioli pv. gladioli) (d) Lilly viruses (lilly rosette, lilly symptom less, tulip breaking and lilly curl stripe)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.(ii) Free from soil

(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Korea ROK, Korea DPR	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tulip breaking virus (b) Lily mottle virus (c) Lily virus X (d) Tobacco mosaic virus (e) Tobacco rattle virus (f) Broad bean wilt fabavirus (g) Tomato ringspot nepovirus (h) Lily mild mosaic virus	Nil
	(ii) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Lily mottle virus (b) Tulip breaking virus (c) Lily virus X (d) Citrus tatter leaf virus	Nil
	(iii) Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Arabis mosaic virus (b) Lily mottle virus (c) Lily virus X (d) Tobacco rattle virus (e) Tulip breaking virus (f) Tulip mosaic virus (g) Necrotic fleck virus complex	Nil
	(iv) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tulip breaking virus (b) Necrotic fleck virus complex	Nil
	(v) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tobacco rattle virus (b) Tulip breaking virus (c) Turnip mosaic virus (d) Narcissus mosaic virus (e) Arabis mosaic virus	Nil
	(vi) Israel	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tulip breaking virus (b) Srawberry latent ring spot virus (c) Lily mottle virus	Nil

		(vii) Taiwan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tulip breaking virus (b) Lily mottle virus (c) Strawberry latent ring spot virus (d) Lily virus X	Nil
		(viii) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tulip breaking virus	Nil
		(ix) China (x) Poland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from lily mottle virus	Nil
		(xi) Any country except Korea ROK, Korea DPR, Japan, Italy, UK, Israel, Taiwan, Netherland, USA, China, Poland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
	(iii) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	The Netherlands	Free from: (a) Lilioceris lilii (lily leaf beetle) (b) Botrytis tulipae (tulip fire) (c) Aphelenchoides fragariae (Strawberry crimp nematode) (d) Pratylenchus vulnus (walnut root lesion nematode) (e) Lily mottle virus (f) Lily symptomless virus (g) Lily virus X (h) Narcissus mosaic virus (i) Strawberry latent ringspot virus (latent ring spot of strawberry) (j) Tulip breaking virus	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 60 days

(g) Narcissus spp. (Narcissus)	Bulbs for planting	Any Country	Free from: (a) Basal rot (Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. narcissi) (b) Stem and bulb nematode (Ditylenchus dipsaci) (c) Narcissus fire (Botryotinia polyblastis) (d) Leaf scorch (Stagnospora curtissi) (e) Narcissus bulb flies (Merodona equesteris, Eumerus strigatus and E. tubuculatus) (f) Narcissus viruses	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season (ii) Free from soil (iii) Hot-water treatment of bulbs at 45°C for 4 hrs followed by suitable fungicidal treatment and the treatment shall be endorsed on the phytosanitary certificate. Or Treatment with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 2½ hrs at 21°C or above under NAP or equivalent or any other treatment specified by the Plant Protection Adviser.
(h) Tulipa spp.	Bulbs for planting or propagation	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bulb and stem nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (b) Yellow pustule and hellfire (<i>Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. oortii</i>) (c) Tulipa viruses viz. band breaking, chlorotic blotch, virus x and other seed borne viruses.	 (i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season (ii) Free from soil (iii) Hot-water treatment of bulbs at 45°C for 4 hrs followed by suitable fungicidal treatment and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate Or Treatment with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 2½ hrs at 21°C or above under NAP or equivalent or any other treatment specified by the Plant Protection Adviser.
(i) Zantedeschia spp. (Calla lilly)	(i) Corms for propagation or planting	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bacterial leaf spot (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. <i>zantedeschiae</i>) (b) Zantadeschia mosaic virus	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.(ii) Free from soil.
	(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Korea ROK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from zantedeschia mosaic virus	Nil
		(ii) Czech Republic	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil
		(iii) Slovenia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	Nil

			(iv) Bulgaria	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Potyvirus	Nil
			(v) New Zealand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
			(vi) Taiwan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Turnip mosaic virus (b) Zantedeschia mosaic virus	Nil
			(vii) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from konjac mosaic virus	Nil
			(viii) Any country except Korea ROK, Taiwan, Czech Republic, Slovenia, Bulgaria, New Zealand, USA		Nil
	(i) Zingiber mioga (Ornamental Zinger)	Rhizomes for propagation	Any Country	Free from Leaf blight ((Xanthomonas campestris pv. zingibericola)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.(ii) Free from soil.
294.	Foeniculum vulgare (Fennel)	Seeds for sowing	France, Chile	Free from Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall)	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination
			Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination
295.	Fragaria ananassa (strawberry)	Fruits for consumption	Sri Lanka	Free from: (a) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (b) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (c) Aphis forbesi (aphids)	Nil
			Thailand	Nil	Free from soil.
296.	Fragaria vesca	Frozen fruits for consumption	Poland	Free from: (a) Otiorhynchus sulcatus (vine weevil) (b) Arion hortensis (garden slug) (c) Deroceras reticulatum (grey field slug)	 (i) Free from any plant debris. (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C and above under NAP before processing/ freezing of fruits and the treatment be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.

297.	Fraxinus spp. (Ash)	Logs with/without bark	Canada	Free from: (a) Agrilus planipennis (Emerald ash borer) (b) Anoplophora glabripennis (Asian long horned beetle) (c) Heterobasidion annosum (d) Phytophthora ramorum [Sudden oak death (SOD)] (e) Rhizobium rhizogenes (Bacterial gall) (f) Xyleborus dispar (Pear blight beetle)	(i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil Contamination. (ii) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 48 g/ m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or Heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export.
298.	Freesia spp. (Freesia)	(i) Seeds forsowing	(i) USA	Free from Tobacco rattle virus (spraing of potato)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from tobacco rattle virus.
			(ii) Europe (iii) Asia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iv) Australia	Free from freesia mosaic virus	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from freesia mosaic virus.
		(ii) Bulbs for propagation	Europe	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.
299.	Fuchsia spp.	(i) Tissue culture plants	(i) Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from Nerine latent virus.	Nil
			(ii) Costa Rica (iii)USA	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
300.	Gaillardia spp. (Blanket flower)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

301.	Garcinia mangostana (Mangosteen)	Fruits for consumption	(i) Thailand	Free from : (a) Bactrocera papayae (papaya fruit fly) (b) Mealy bug	(i) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above or equivalent thereof or (ii) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against papaya fruit fly.
			(ii) Sri Lanka	Nil	Nil
		Cuttings / plants for propagation	(i) Philippines (ii) New Zealand (iii) Sri Lanka (iv) Indonesia (v) Malaysia (vi) Mauritius (vii) USA	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
			(viii) Thailand	Free from <i>Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi</i> (Jack Beardsley mealybug)	
			(i) Australia, (ii) Puerto rico	Free from Bemisia tabaci (B biotype)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine
			(iii) Madagascar (iv) Myanmar (v) Vietnam	Nil	growing for a period of 2-3 months except for research. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
302.	Gardenia spp. (Gardenia)	Tissue cultured plants	Holland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
303.	Gazania spp. (Gazania)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Japan (iv) Guatemala (v) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
304.	Genista spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia (ii) Europe (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
305.	Gentiana spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Bean yellow mosaic virus (b) Broad bean wilt virus (c) Clover yellow vein virus (d) Tobacco rattle virus	Nil

			(ii) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Bean yellow mosaic virus (b) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	Nil
			(iii) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from gentiana carlavirus.	Nil
			(iv) Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from broad bean wilt virus.	Nil
			(v) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tomato black ring virus	Nil
			(vi) Any country except Japan, Germany, Australia, UK, USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
		(ii) Dry plant material (All plant parts) for medicinal purpose	China	Free from <i>Cronartium flaccidum</i> (scot pine blister rust)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
306.	Geranium spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) Asia (iii) Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iv) Guatemala	Free from: (a) Phenacoccus madeirensis (cassava mealybug) (b) Pseudococcus jabeardsleyi (Jack Beardsleyi mealybug) (c) Spodoptera frugiperda (fall armyworm)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Pelargonium line pattern carmovirus (c) Pelargonium ring spot virus (d) Pelargonium vein clearing virus (e) Potato virus S (f) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	Nil

(ii) Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
(ii) i tetitei tallas	from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	
	(a) Pelargonium leaf curl virus	
	(b) Pelargonium vein netting virus	
	(c) Arabis mosaic virus	Nil
	(d) Tomato ring spot virus	
	(e) Tomato black ring virus	
	(f) Tobacco necrosis virus	
(iii) Canada	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	Nil
	(a) Tomato spotted wilt virus	1411
	(b) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	
(iv) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	
	(a) Pelargonium ring spot virus	Nil
	(b) Pelargonium chlorotic ring pattern virus	
	(c) Pelargonium zonate spot virus	
(v) Iran	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
(vi) France	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
(1.2) = 23222	free from tomato spotted wilt virus.	
(vii) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
()	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
	free from pelargonium line pattern carmovirus	1111
(viii) Hungary	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
(ix) Germany	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
(ix) Germany	free from pelargonium flower-break virus	1411
(x) Czech	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
Republic	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
Republic		INII
(') G 1	free from pelargonium leaf curl virus	
(xi) Sweden	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	\ ****
	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
	free from tomato ring spot virus	
(xii) Poland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
	free from tobacco necrosis virus	
(xiii) Any	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
country except	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	
USA, UK, Italy,	free from virus.	
Hungary,		
Germany,		Nil
Netherlands,		- 111
Czech Republic,		
Sweden, Poland,		
Canada		
Canada		

307.	Gerbera jamesonii	(i) Seeds for	(i) USA	_	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	(Gerbera)	sowing	(ii) Europe (iii) Asia	NIL	
		(ii) Plants for propagation	(i) Netherlands	Free from: (a) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (b) Otiorhynchus sulcatus (Vine weevil) (c) Thrips angusticeps (Field thrips) (d) Phytonemus pallidus (Strawberry mite) (e) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato root rot)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
			(ii) Germany	Free from: (a) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (b) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (Glasshouse white fly) (c) Phytonemus pallidus (Strawberry mite) (d) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
			(iii) Europe (except Germany)	Free from: (a) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (b) Otiorhynchus sulcatus (vine weevil) (c) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (glasshouse white fly) (d) Thrips angusticeps (field thrips) (e) Phytonemus pallidus (Strawberry mite) (f) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
			(iv) USA	Free from: (a) Chrysodeixis includens (soybean looper) (b) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (c) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (Glasshouse white fly) (d) Phytonemus pallidus (Strawberry mite) (e) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
		(iii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Europe (ii) Australia (iii) Argentina (iv) Greece (v) Japan (vi) Columbia (vii) USA (viii) Mexico (ix) Slovenia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil

			(x) Turkey	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tobacco mosaic virus	Nil
			(xi) Russia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from tobacco rattle tobravirus	Nil
			(xii) Any country except Europe, Argentina, Greece, Japan, Columbia, Italy, USA, Mexico, Slovenia, Turkey, Russia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
		(iv) Plants/cuttings for propagation purpose	(i) Kenya (ii) Israel	Free from <i>Franklimiella occidentalis</i> (western flower thrips)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
308.	Gliricidia sepium (Mother of Cocoa)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
309.	Gloriosa spp. (Gloriosa)	Seeds for sowing	(i) South Africa (ii) Ghana	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
310.	Glossostigma elatinoides	(i) Plants for propagation	Japan	Nil	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 60 days.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Japan	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
311.	(i) Glycine spp. (Soybean)	(i) Seed for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Downy mildew (Peronospora manshurica) (b) Stem canker (Diaporthe phaseolorum var. caulivora) (c) Root and stem rot (Phytophthora megasperma var. sojae) (d) Pod and stem blight (Phomopsis longicolla) (e) Soybean cyst nematode (Heterodera glycines) (f) Bacterial wilt (Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. flaccumfaciens), (g) Soybean viruses viz. dwarf, chlorotic mottle, stunt, poty. (h) Bruchids (Bruchidius spp.)	(i) Import except the trial material of the same crop species or variety as specified in Schedule XII of this Order subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture. (ii) Free from soil.

	(ii) Glycine max (Soybean)	(ii) Seeds for consumption/processing	Any Country Bhutan	Free from Bruchids (Bruchidius spp.) Nil	(i) (a) Weed free crop/area certification or (b) Zero dockage certification in respect of quarantine weed seeds in the Phytosanitary Certificate or (c) Devitalization of seed by heat treatment at 120°C for 15 minutes or any other equivalent treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India (ii) Management of handling, transportation, milling, and processing of import consignment and manner of disposal of refuse as per the guidelines prescribed by the Plant Protection Advisor to the Government of India Free from soil.
		vegetable for consumption	(S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)		
312.	Gomphrena spp. (Globosa)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Japan	Free from soybean dwarf virus	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil.
	(Globe amaranth)		(ii) Germany (iii) Taiwan (iv) USA (v) Netherlands (vi) France (vii) UK (viii) Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
313.	Goodenia spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
314.	Gossypium spp. (Cotton)	Raw cotton bales for industrial use	Any Country	Free from Cotton boll weevils (Anthonomus grandis, A. peninsularis and A. vestitus)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 24 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above under NAP at the port of entry or by any other fumigant/ substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.

315.	Grevillea spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
316.	Guaiacum spp.	Plants for propagation	USA	Free from <i>Diaprepes abbreviatus</i> (citrus weevil)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
317.	Guizotia spp. (Niger)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Uganda	Nil	(i) Freedom from quarantine weed seeds (ii)Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
		(ii) Grains for consumption	(i) Ethiopia	Free from: (a) Spodoptera littoralis (cotton leaf worm) (b) Orobanche minor (common broomrape)	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ at @ 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP of heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes
			(ii) Myanmar	Nil	or by any other fumigant/ substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
318.	Gypsophillia sp	Plants for propagation	The Netherlands	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine period for one growth season
319.	Gypsophilla paniculata	(i) Tissue culture plants	Israel	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
		(ii) Stems/ cuttings and plants for propagation	Israel	Free from Erysiphe buhrii	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 90 days.(ii) Free from soil.
		(iii) Seeds for sowing	Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil.
320.	Hasslerina spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Netherlands (ii) France	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
321.	Hedera spp. (Hedera)	Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.

322.	Hedichium spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
323.	Helianthus spp. (Sunflower)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Downy mildew (<i>Plasmopara halstedii</i>) (b) Bruchid (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp.) (c) Larger Dermestid beetle (<i>Trogoderma versicolor</i>)	 (i) Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agricultue and Cooperation in the Ministry of Agriculture. (ii)Seed treatment with metalaxyl @ 2% at the country of origin prior to shipment and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
		(ii) Seeds for consumption or processing	Any Country	Nil	(i) (a) Weed free crop/ area certification or (b) Zero dockage certification in respect of quarantine weed seeds in the Phytosanitary Certificate or (c) Devitalization of seed by heat treatment at 120°C for 15 minutes or any other equivalent treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India (ii) Management of handling, transportation, milling, and processing of import consignment and manner of disposal of refuse as per the guidelines prescribed by the Plant Protection Advisor to the Government of India.
324.	Helichrysum spp.	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
325.	Helichrysum bracteatum (Straflower)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
326.	Helleborus spp. (Lantern/ Christmas flower)	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Germany (ii) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from Helleborous mosaic (Carlavirus) virus.	Nil
			(iii) Any country except Germany and Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil

327.	Hemarthria altissima/ Hyparrhenia rufa (Jaragua grass)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
328.	Hemerocallis spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
329.	Heuchera spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
330.	Hibiscus spp. (Hibiscus)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Dominican Republic	Free from Ascochyta abelmoschi (Leaf spot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) China	Free from Colletotrichum hibisci (Anthracnose)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iii) Japan	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
			(iv) Ecuador	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil.
		(ii) Seeds for consumption purpose	Ecuador	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil.
	(iii) Plants for propagation	(iii) Plants for propagation	(i) Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
			(ii) Australia	Free from Hibiscus chlorotic ring spot virus	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
			(iii) USA	Free from: (a) Parabemisia myricae (Bayberry whitefly) (b) Paracoccus marginatus (Papaya mealybug) (c) Pectinophora scutigera (Pink spotted bollworm) (d) Phenacoccus madeirensis (Cassava mealybug) (e) Pseudococcus calceolariae (Citrophilus mealybug) (f) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (g) Spodoptera frugiperda (Fall armyworm) (h) Steirastoma breve (Cacao beetle) (i) Armillaria tabescens (Armillaria root rot) (j) Rhizobium rhizogenes (Bacterial gall) (k) Hibiscus chlorotic ring spot virus	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days. (i) Free from soil.
			(iv) Spain	Free from: Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) Parabemisia myricae (bayberry whitefly) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) Spodoptera littoralis (cotton leafworm) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (greenhouse whitefly)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.

			(v) French Polynesia	Free from Chaetocnema confinis (flea beetle)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Spain (ii) French Polynesia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
331.	Hibiscus cannabinus, Hibiscus and its wild relatives (Kenaf)	Seeds for sowing	(ii) Angola (ii) El Salvador (iii) Guatemala (iv) Sri Lanka (v) South Africa	Free from Spermophagus pygopubens Free from Anthonomus grandis (cotton boll weevil) Free from Spermophagus convolvuli Free from Spermophagus maurus	Free from quarantine weed seeds
			(vi) USA	Free from: (a) Althaeus hibisci (b) Anthonomus grandis (c) Cristulariella maricola (d) Grovensinia pyramidalis	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Fumigation with phosphine @ 3 g/m³ at NAP.
			(vii) Australia (viii)Bangladesh (ix) Benin (x) Indonesia (xi) Iran (xii)Ivory Coast (xiii)Nigeria (xiv)Myanmar (xv)Thailand (xvi)Vietnam	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
332.	Hieracium pilosella	Germplasm material for research only	(i) Australia (ii) Brazil (iii) Czech Republic (iv) Kenya (v) Romania (vi) Syria	Free from Ditylenchus dipsaci	Free from quarantine weed seeds
		Whole plant (dried) (except seeds) for processing	Any country	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (stem and bulb nematode)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ at @ 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.

333.	Hoordia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
334.	Hordeum spp. (Barley)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Glume rot (<i>Pseudomonas syringe</i> pv. atrofaciens) (b) Barley Stripe mosaic (Hordeivirus) (c) Ergot (<i>Claviceps purpurea</i>) (d) Granary weevil (<i>Sitophilus granarius</i>)	 (i) Free from quarantine weeds. (ii) Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture.
		(ii) Grains for consumption	Any Country	Free from: (a) Ergot (Claviceps purpurea) (b) Granary weevil (Sitophilus granarius)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ @ 21°C and above for 24 hrs under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
		(iii) Grains for malting	(i) Any Country	Free from: (a) Ergot (Claviceps purpurea) (b) Granary weevil (Sitophilus granarius)	Fumigation with Methyl Bromide @ 32 g/m³ at 21°C or above under NAP or Fumigation with Aluminium Phosphide @ 9 g/metric tonne (in case of import in bulk) with an exposure period of 21 days and either of the above treatment is to be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate.
			(ii) Australia	Free from: (a) Ergot (Claviceps purpurea) (b) Granary weevil (Sitophilus granarius)	(i) Fumigation with Methyl Bromide @ 32 g/m³ at 21°C or above under NAP or (ii) Fumigation with Phosphine @ 2 g/M³ with an exposure period of 7 days at 25°C or above and 10 days at 15-25°C. The details of the treatment to be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate.
335.	Hosta spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (b) Tomato ring spot virus (c) Hosta virus X	Nil

			(ii) Any country except USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from hosta virus X	Nil
336.	Howea spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country (Except from Africa, America and Caribbean countries)	Free from Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months
337.	Humulus spp. (Hops)	(i) Cuttings (rooted/ un- rooted)/ saplings	Any Country	Free from: (a) Downy mildew (<i>Pseudoperonospora humuli</i>) (b) Hops cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera humuli</i>) (c) Hop viruses	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 6 months.(ii) Free from soil.
		(ii) Dried flower cones (hops) in bales for industrial processing	Any Country	Free from: Hops cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera humuli</i>)	 (i) Heat treatment at 63°C for 6 hrs. (ii) The refuge collected from the Mill and the jute bags that are used for packing should be destroyed by incineration
338.	Hydrangea spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Columbia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Hydrangea ring spot virus (b) Hydrangea latent virus (c) Tomato ring spot virus	Nil
			(ii) Canada	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tomato ring spot virus (b) Hydrangea latent virus (c) Hydrangea ring spot virus	Nil
			(iii) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Hydrangea mosaic virus (b) Hydrangea ring spot virus (c) Tomato ring spot virus	Nil
			(iv) USA (v) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Tomato ring spot virus (c) Hydrangea ring spot virus	Nil
			(v) Any country except Columbia, Canada, UK, USA, Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from : (a) Hydrangea ring spot virus (b) Tomato ring spot virus	Nil

339.	Hydrastic Canadensis	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii)Canada	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
340.	Hygrophila polysperma	(i) Plants for propagation	Japan	Nil	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 60 days.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Japan	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
341.	Hylocereus undatus (Dragon fruit)	(i) Fresh fruit for consumption	(i) Sri Lanka (ii) Thailand	Nil	Free from soil.
			(iii) Vietnam	Nil	Nil
		(ii) Stems/ cuttings / Plant for propagation	Malaysia	Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period 6 to 9 months.
		(iii)Plants for propagation	Thailand	Nil	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
342.	Hypericum spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia (ii) Europe (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
343.	Hypericum perforatum	Plants/cuttings for propagation	Netherlands	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
344.	Hyphaene spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country	Nil	(i) Free from soil(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.
345.	Hypnum curvifolium (Hypnum Moss/ Green Moss)	Moss for consumption/ processing	Any country	Nil	 (i) Import Permit should be obtained from Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India, Faridabad (ii) Free from soil, grain and weed seeds. (iii) Steam sterilized for 30 min.
346.	Hypocalymma robustum	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil

347.	Hypoestes spp.	Seed for sowing	Netherlands, Denmark and Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil.
348.	Hypolaena spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
349.	Iberis spp. (Candytuft)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia (ii) Europe (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
350.	Icacinaceae (Nothapodytes roots)	Dried roots for consumption purpose	China	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
351.	Illicium verum (Star Aniseed)	Seeds for sowing	China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
352.	<i>Împatiens</i> spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark	Free from Phyllosticta impatiens	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	(Impatiens)		(ii) Europe	Free from: (a) Tomato ring spot virus (b) Tomato aspermy virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from tomato ring spot virus and tomato aspermy virus
			(iii) USA	Free from Impatiens necrotic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from impatiens necrotic virus.
			(iv) Japan (v) Taiwan (vi) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vii) Guatemala	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
		(i) Plants for propagation	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (b) Hercinothrips femoralis (banded greenhouse thrips) (c) Otiorhynchus sulcatus (vine weevil) (d) Phytonemus pallidus (strawberry mite) (e) Rhizobium rhizogenes (f) Clover yellow vein virus (CYVV) (g) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (TSWV-I)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
			(ii) The Netherlands	Free from: (a) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (b) Otiorhynchus sulcatus (vine weevil) (c) Phytonemus pallidus (strawberry mite) (d) Clover yellow vein virus (CYVV)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.

				(e) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (TSWV-I)	
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA (ii) The Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from clover yellow vein virus (CYVV) and impatiens necrotic spot virus (TSWV-I) viruses.	Nil
353.	Imperata cylindrica	Wood with/without bark	Indonesia	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/reexport.
354.	Indigofera hirsuta (Hairy indigo)/ Indigofera spp.	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from soil. and quarantine weed seeds
355.	Inga edulis	(i) Plants for propagation	(i) Australia, (ii) Thailand, (iii) USA	Nil	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
		(ii) Plants/cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 3-4 months.
356.	Inula L. (Pushkaramoola)	Dried plant material for medicinal use	China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
357.	Ipomoea spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Netherlands (ii) France (iii) Germany (iv) Taiwan (v) Japan (vi) UK (vii) Thailand (viii) Guatemala	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.

		(ii) Rhizomes for	(i) Germany	Free from:	(i) Free from soil.
		propagation	(ii) Netherlands (iii) France	(a) Ditylenchus destructor (potato tuber nematode)(b) Ditylenchus dipsaci (brown ring disease of hyacinth)	(ii) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.
		(iii) Plants for propagation	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (b) Hercinothrips femoralis (banded greenhouse thrips) (c) Otiorhynchus sulcatus (vine weevil) (d) Phytonemus pallidus (strawberry mite) (e) Rhizobium rhizogenes (f) Clover yellow vein virus (CYVV) (g) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (TSWV-I)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
			(ii) The Netherlands	Free from: (a) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (b) Otiorhynchus sulcatus (vine weevil) (c) Phytonemus pallidus (strawberry mite) (d) Clover yellow vein virus (CYVV) (e) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (TSWV-I)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
		(iv) Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA (ii) The Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from clover yellow vein virus (CYVV) and impatiens necrotic spot virus (TSWV-I) viruses.	Nil
358.	Iris germanica	(i) Dry roots for consumption purpose	(i) Morocco, (ii) China	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
359.	Iris pallida	(i) Dry roots for consumption purpose	Italy	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
360.	Irvingia gabonensis	Seeds for consumption/ processing	West Africa	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris.
361.	Ixodia achilleoides (daisy)	Dry flowers for decoration	Australia	Nil;	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil
362.	Ixora spp. (Ixora)	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
363.	Jatropha curcas	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Diaprepes abbreviatus (citrus weevil) (b) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (c) Armillaria tabescens (armillaria root rot)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days
			(ii) Europe	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days

		(iii) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses	Nil
		(iv) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Singapore	Free from: Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug)	(i) Free from soil (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
364.	Jessenia spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any Country	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.
365.	Juglans spp. (Walnut)	(i) Wood with/ without bark	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Hyphantria cunea (Blackheaded webworm) (b) Popillia japonica (Japanese beetle) (c) Xyleborus affinis (Shot-hole borer of sugarcane) (d) Xylosandrus germanus (Smaller alnus bark beetle) (e) Zeuzera pyrina (moth, wood leopard) (f) Rhizobium rhizogenes (bacterial gall)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export.
			(ii) Europe	Free from Apomyelois ceratoniae (Carob, moth)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ or 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export.
			(iii) North America except USA	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export.
		(ii) Dry fruits for consumption (shelled and unshelled)	(i)USA	Free from: (a) Acrobasis nuxvorella (pecan nut casebearer) (b) Amyelois transitella (navel orange worm) (c) Curculio caryae (pecan weevil) (d) Cydia caryana (hickory shuckworm) (e) Brenneria rubrifaciens (deep bark canker of walnut) (f) Brenneria nigrifluens (shallow bark canker)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 16 g/m ³ for 24 hrs at 21 ^o C and above under NAP and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.

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		(ii) Chile	Free from:	Fumigation with Phosphine at
			Pantomorus cervinus (Fuller's rose beetle)	3gm/ metric ton for minimum 5-7
				days.
				The treatment shall be endorsed
				on Phytosanitary Certificate
				issued at the country of origin/re-
				export
				S. O. 3141(E) dated 29 th August,
				2019
		(iii) Afghanistan	Free from:	Fumigation with Methyl bromide
			Erschoviella musculana (Asian walnut moth)	at 16 g/m ³ for 24 hrs at 21 ^o C and
				above under NAP or by any other
				fumigant/substance in the manner
				approved by the Plant Protection
				Adviser for this purpose.
				The treatment should be endorsed
				on Phytosanitary certificate issued
				at the Country of origin/re-export.
		(iv) Ukraine	Free from:	Fumigation with Methyl bromide
			Erschoviella musculana (Asian walnut moth)	at 48 g/m^3 for 24 hrs at 21°C and
				above or equivalent thereof or
				Fumigation with Aluminium
				Phosphide (ALP) @ 9 g/metric
				ton for minimum 5-7 days.
				The treatment should be endorsed
				on Phytosanitary certificate issued
				at the Country of origin/re-export.
		(v) Uzbekistan	Free from:	Fumigation with Methyl bromide
			Erschoviella musculana (Asian walnut moth)	at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs at 21 ^o C and
				above or equivalent thereof Or
				Fumigation with Aluminium
				Phosphide (ALP) @ 9 g/metric
				ton for minimum 5-7 days.
				The treatment should be endorsed
				on Phytosanitary certificate issued
				at the Country of origin/re-export.
		(vi) Kyrgyzstan	Free from:	Fumigation with Methyl Bromide
		, , , ,	(a) Erschoviella musculana (Asian walnutmoth)	at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and
			(b) Cydia pomonella (walnut worm)	above or equivalent thereof. Or
			(c) <i>Ophiognomonia leptostyla</i> (walnutanthracnose)	Fumigation with Aluminium
				Phosphide (ALP) @ 9 g/metric
				ton for minimum 5-7 days.
				The treatment should be endorsed
				on Phytosanitary certificate issued
				at the Country of origin/re-export.
L				at the Sound of originate export.

366.	Juniperus sabina	Seeds for sowing	(vii) Australia (i) Europe	Free from: (a) <i>Cydia pomonella</i> (Codling moth)	Methyl bromide fumigation @ 16 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above. The treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export. Free from quarantine weed seeds
	(Sabina)		(ii) USA (iii)Canada	Nil	and soil contamination.
367.	Kalanchoe spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
368.	Kalmia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
369.	Khaya ivorensis (Khaya)	Timber logs with/ without bark	Africa	Free from: (a) Cledus obesus (b) Gyroptera robertsi (c) Hypsipyla robusta (d) Catopyla dysorphnaea	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP and the treatment to be endorsedon Phytosanitary certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
370.	Khaya senegalensis (African mahogany)	(i) Seeds for sowing (ii) Wood with/ without bark	Africa (i)Australia	Nil Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds. Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination.
371.	Kochia spp. (Kochia)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia (ii) Europe (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
372.	Lactuca sativa (Lettuce)	(i) Fresh vegetable for consumption	Thailand	Nil	Free from soil.
		(ii) Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark	Free from: (a) <i>Pythium tracheiphilum</i> (bottom rot of lettuce) (b) Arabis mosaic virus (c) Tobacco rattle virus (d) <i>Lolium multiflorum</i>	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (b) and (c) by a competent authority at the country of origin.

	(ii) Italy	Free from:	(i) Free from soil contamination
		(a) Pyrenochaeta lycopersici (brown rot of tomato) (b) Sclerotinia minor (Sclerotinia disease of lettuce) (c) Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. vitians (leaf spot) (d) Arabis mosaic virus (e) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (f) Lettuce big vein virus (g) Tobacco rattle virus (h) Tomato infectious chlorosis virus (i) Lolium multiflorum	(ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (c) to (h) by a competent authority at the country of origin
	(iii) Netherlands	Free from: (a) Mycocentrospora acerina (anthracnose of caraway) (b) Arabis mosaic virus (c) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (d) Lettuce big vein virus (e) Tobacco rattle virus (f) Lolium multiflorum	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for Free from (b) to (e) by a competent authority at the country of origin
	(iv) USA	Free from: (a) Pyrenochaeta lycopersici (brown rot of tomato) (b) Sclerotinia minor (Sclerotinia disease of lettuce) (c) Xanthomonas axonopodis pv. vitians (leaf spot) (d) Biden mottle virus (e) Impatiens necrotic spot virus (f) Lettuce big vein virus (g) Lettuce infectious yellow virus (h) Tobacco rattle virus (i) Tomato infectious chlorosis virus (j) Brachiaria plantiginea (k) Lolium multiflorum	
	(v) France	Free from Arabis mosaic virus (hop barebine)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from Arabis mosaic virus (hop barebine)
	(vi) China	Free from: (a) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (b) Sclerotinia minor (sclerotinia disease of lettuce) (c) Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall) (d) Lolium multiflorum (Italian ryegrass) Australia	 (i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination. (ii) Fumigation with phosphine @ 3 g/m³ at NAP. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export.

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			(vii) Australia	Free from: (a) Chrysodeixis includens (soybean looper) (b) Deroceras reticulatum (grey field slug) (c) Sclerotinia minor (sclerotinia disease of lettuce) (d) Pseudomonas syringae pv. tagetis (bacterial:	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination. (ii) Fumigation with phosphine @ 3 g/m³ at NAP.
				Tagetes spp. leaf spot) (e) Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall) (f) Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare-bine) (g) Lolium multiflorum (Italian ryegrass) (h) Orobanche minor (common broomrape)	The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export.
			(viii) Philippines	Free from: (a) <i>Helix aspersa</i> (common snail) (b) <i>Lolium multiflorum</i> (Italian ryegrass)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
			(ix) Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
			(x) Israel	Free from: (a) <i>Peridroma saucia</i> (pearly underwing moth) (b) <i>Orobanche minor</i> (common broomrape	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil.
		(iii) Raw Iceberg Lettuce for consumption leaves of lettuce)	(i) Lebanon	Free from: (a) Chrysodeixis chalcites (golden twin-spot moth) (b) Henosepilachna elaterii (melon (ladybird) beetle) (c) Liriomyza huidobrensis (serpentine leafminer) (d) Nasonovia ribisnigri (currant-lettuce aphid) (e) Spodoptera littoralis (cotton leafworm) (f) Helix aspersa (common snail) (g) Beet western yellows virus (turnip(mild) yellows)	 (i) Free from soil and other plant debris. (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 2½ hrs at 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
			(ii) Egypt	Free from: (a) Bemisia tabaci (B biotype) (silverleaf whitefly) (b) Chrysodeixis chalcites (golden twin-spot moth) (c) Henosepilachna elaterii (melon (ladybird) beetle) (d) Spodoptera littoralis (cotton leafworm) (e) Helix aspersa (common snail) (f) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	hrs. at 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
373.	Lagenaria siceraria (Bottle gourd)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Thailand (ii) Vietnam (iii) Italy (iv) Philippines (v) Korea DPR (vi) Korea ROK (vii) Taiwan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vii) Japan	Free from Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. lagenariae (bottle gourd wilt)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

			(viii) Indonesia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
				INII	and soil contamination.
374.	Lagerstroemia spp.	Seeds for sowing	Taiwan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
375.	Lansium domesticum	(i) Plants for propagation	Australia, USA, Thailand	Nil	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months. (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
376.	Laportea spp. (Laportea)	Whole plants (dried) for consumption	Pakistan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
377.	Larrea tridentate (Chaparral)	Dried plants for consumption purpose	Mexico	Free from Heterodera schachtii (beet cyst eelworm)	 (i) Free from soil contamination and other plant debris. (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin or reexport.
378.	Latania spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country (Except from Africa, Caribbean, Philippines and Soloman Island countries)	Free from:- (a) Coconut cadang cadang viroid (b) Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.
379.	Lathyrus spp. (Sweet pea)	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) France (iii) Japan (iv) Germany (v) Netherlands (vi) Denmark (vii) Australia (i) UK	Nil Free from:	Free from quarantine weed seeds. Free from quarantine weed seeds
				(a) Bruchus rufipes (b) B. tristis	The first quantum weed seeds

			(ii) Syria (ICARDA)	Free from: (a)Bruchidius jocosus (b)Bruchus rufimanus (c)B. rufipes (d)B. tristiculus (e)B. tristis	Free from quarantine weed seeds
380.	Lawsonia inermis	(i) Dried leaves and its powder for consumption/ processing		Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
		(ii) Dried leaves for consumption/ processing	(i) Pakistan	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris
381.	Lens spp.	Seeds for sowing	Syria (ICARDA)	Free from: (a) Acanthoscelides obtectus (b) Bruchidius algiricus (c) Bruchus atomarius (d) Bruchus ervi (e) Bruchus loti (f) Bruchus luteicornis (g) Bruchus rufimanus (h) Bruchus rufipes (i) Bruchus signaticornis (j) Bruchus tristiculus (k) Bruchus tristis (l) Bruchus ulicis ulicis (m) Ditylenchus dipsaci (n) Heterodera glycines	(i) Freedom from quarantine weed seeds (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
382.	Lens culinaris (Lentils)		(i) Australia (ii) Canada (iii) China (iv) Iran (v) USA (vi) Nepal (vii) Tanzania (viii) Myanmar	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (stem and bulb nematode) Nil	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Fumigation by Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin or re-export.
			(ix) Turkey	Free from: (a) Bruchus lentis (b) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode)	
			(x) Chile	Free from: Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode)	 (i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination. (ii) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection

		Seeds for sowing	Pakistan	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (stem and bulb	Adviser to the Govt. of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export. Free from soil and quarantine
383.	Lepidosperma spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	nematode) Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	weed seeds Nil
384.	Lepidosperma gladiatum	Tissue culture plants		Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
385.	Leucadendron spp.	(i) Plants/cuttings for propagation	(i) USA (ii) Israel	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 6 months.(ii) Free from soil.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	South Africa	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 6 months.(ii) Free from soil.
386.	Leucaena leuccoephala (Leucaena)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds
387.	Leucana leucocephala/ L. glauca (Subabul <u>)</u>	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia (ii) Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iii) Honduras	Free from Stator pruininus	
388.	Leucojum spp. (Snowflake)	Bulbs for propagation	(i) Europe (ii) Asia	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.
389.	Leucospermum spp.	Plants/cuttings for propagation	(i) USA	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 10 months.(ii) Free from soil.
			(ii) Israel	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6 months.
390.	Levisticum officinale	(i) Dry fruit for counsumtion purpose	Europe	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris
391.	Libbertia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
392.	Licuala grandis	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination.
393.	Limonium spp. (Limonium/ Statice)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iii) Japan	Free from Burkholderia andropogonis	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

(ii) Plants for	(i) Europe	Free from :	Post-entry quarantine growing for
propagation	(i) Europe	(a) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	a period of 45 days.
propagation		(b) Limonium yellow vein virus	a period of to days.
	(ii) Netherlands	Free from:	Post-entry quarantine growing for
	() 1 (00101101100	(a) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower	45 days period.
		thrips)	3 1
		(b) <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> (Tomato foot rot)	
		(c) clover yellow vein virus	
	(iii) USA	Free from:	Post-entry quarantine growing for
		(a) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower	a period of 45 days.
		thrips)	
		(b) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	
		(c) Clover yellow vein virus	
		(d) Tobacco rattle virus	
	(2) (2) (1)	(e) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	
(iii) Tissue cultured	(i) Columbia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	2771
plants		obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
	(ii) Czech Republic	free from statice virus Y. Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
	(II) Czecii Kepublic	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
		free from broad bean wilt virus.	IVII
	(iii) Europe	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
	() · F ·	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	
		free from	Nil
		(a) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	
		(b) Limonium yellow vein virus	
	(iv) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
		obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	
		free from	Nil
		(a) Cucumber mosaic cucumovirus	1 111
		(b) Turnip mosaic virus	
	(v) Italy	(c) Statice virus Y	
	(v) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	
		free from	Nil
		(a) Cucumber mosaic cucumovirus	1911
		(b) Clover yellow vein virus	
	(vi) Japan		
		free from	
		(a) Tomato spotted wilt virus	Nil
		(b) Burkholderia andropogonis (bacterial leaf	
		stripe of sorghum and corn)	
		(c) Clover yellow vein virus	
	(viii) Lithuania	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	Nil
	(vi) Japan (vii) Salento (viii) Lithuania	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Tomato spotted wilt virus (b) Burkholderia andropogonis (bacterial leaf stripe of sorghum and corn) (c) Clover yellow vein virus	

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				obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	
			C > > 1 1 1	free from tomato ring spot virus	
			(ix) Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
				obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	
				free from	Nil
				(a) clover yellow vein virus	
				(b) Tomato bushy stunt virus	
			(x) Spain	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
			(X) Spain	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
				free from clover yellow vein virus	INII
			(') IICA		
			(xi) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
				obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	
				free from	Nil
				(a) Tobacco rattle virus	
				(b) Impatiens necrotic spot virus	
			(xii) Any country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	
			except Germany,	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	
			Italy, Czech	free from virus	
			Republic, Spain,		
			Netherlands,		Nil
			Europe, USA,		INII
			Lithuania,		
			Silento, Japan,		
			Columbia		
394.	Limonia acidissima	Fresh fruit for	Sri Lanka	Nil	Free from soil.
	(Wood apple)	consumption		INII	
		Seeds for sowing	(i) Indonesia		(i) Free from quarantine weed
			(ii) Malaysia		seeds.
			(iii) Mauritius		(ii)Commercial imports subject to
			(iv) New Zealand		prior approval of Department
			(v) Philippines	Nil	of Agriculture, Cooperation
			(vi) Sri Lanka		and Farmers Welfare.
			(vii) Thailand		and rainiers wenter.
20.5	7	C . 1 . C	(viii)USA	277	r e
395.	Linaria spp.	Seeds for sowing	Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
396.	Linum spp. (Flax)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia		(i) Imports permitted subject to
			(ii) Europe		prior approval of Department
				Nil	of Agriculture, Cooperation
				INII	and Farmers Welfare.
					(ii) Free from quarantine weed
					seeds.
			(iii) USA	Free from:	(i) Commercial imports permitted
			(111) 05/1	(a) Colletotrichum linicola (Anthracnose)	subject to prior approval of
				(b) Fumaria officinalis (Common fumitory)	Department of Agriculture,
				(b) Fumaria officinatis (Common fumitory)	
					Cooperation and Farmers
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					Welfare. (ii)Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Seeds for consumption	(iv) Nepal	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
397.	Liquidambar styraciflua	(i) Timber logs with/ without bark for consumption	(i) Australia	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
			(ii) USA	Free from: (a) Hyphantria cunea (Mulberry moth) (b) Malacosoma americanum (Eastern tent caterpillar) (c) Malacosoma disstria (Forest tent caterpillar) (d) Orgyia leucostigma (White-marked tussock moth) (e) Armillaria tabescens (armillaria root rot)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export
398.	Liriodendron tulipifera	(i) Timber logs with/ without bark for consumption	(i) Australia	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.

			(ii) USA	Free from: (a) Anoplophora glabripennis (Asian longhorned beetle) (b) Orgyia leucostigma (white-marked tussock moth) (c) Papilio canadensis(tiger swallowtail)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent there of or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 Minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
399.	Litchi chinensis (Litchi)	Stem Cuttings/ rooted plants for propagation	(i) Australia (ii) China	Free from: (a) Carpophilus mutilates (b) Epiphyas postvittana (apple moth) Free from: (a) Ceroplastes pseudoceriferus (horned wax scale)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers
			(iii) Thailand	 (b) Peronophythora litchi (downy blossom blight) Free from: (a) Conopomorpha sinensis (b) Cossus sp. (carpenter moths) (c) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) 	Welfare. (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
400.	Litchi chinensis and subsp. philippinensis (Litchi)	(i)Cuttings/ plants for propagation	(i) Madagascar (ii) Vietnam	Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 6-9 months except for research. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
		(ii) Fresh fruits for consumption	Thailand	Free from: (a) Conopomorpha sinensis (b) Pseudococcus jackbeardslyi (Jack beardsley mealybug)	Free from soil.
401.	Livistona sp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any country (Except from Philippines and Soloman Island)	Free from Coconut cadang-cadang viroid	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country (Except from Africa, America, Philippines, Caribbean and Soloman Island countries)	Free from: (a) Coconut cadang-cadang viroid (b) Palm lethal yellowing phytoplasma (c) Promecotheca caerulipennis (Fiji coconut hispid)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.

402.	Lobelia spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) France (ii) UK (iii) Germany (iv) Netherlands (v) USA (vi) Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	The Netherlands	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
403.	Lolium multiflorum (Italian ryegrass)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Japan	Free from: (a) Monographella nivalis (b) Nectria radicicola (c)Burkholderia glumae (d) Burkholderia plantarii (e) Pseudomonas syringae pv. atropurpurea (f) Pseudomonas syringae pv. coronafaciens (halo blight)	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds
			(ii) USA	Free from: (a) Gloetinia granigena (blind seed disease: grasses) (b) Monographella nivalis (foot rot of cereals) (c) Pseudomonas syringae pv. atropurpurea (d) Pseudomonas syringae pv. coronafaciens (halo blight) (e) Xylella fastidiosa (Pierce"s disease of grapevines)	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds
404.	Lolium perenne (Perennial ryegrass)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from: (a) Anguina agrostis (bentgrass nematode) (b) Fusarium ulmorum (culm rot:cereals) (c) Gloeotinia granigena (blind seed disease: grasses) (d) Monographella nivalis (foot rot: cereals) (e) Pseudomonas syingae pv. Coronafaciens (chocolate spot of maize)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
405.	Lomandra spp.	Tissue culture plants		Certified that the tissue cultured plants obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses	Nil
406.	Lorapatulum spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
407.	Lotus spp. (Lotus)	(i) Bulbs for sowing	(i) Any country except USA (ii) USA	Nil Free from Tomato ring spot virus (Ring spot of tomato)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
		(ii) Grains (seeds) for consumption	Pakistan	Free from Tomato ring spot virus	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

408.	Loxocarya spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
409.	Ludwigia arcuata	(i) Plants for propagation	Japan	Nil	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 60 days.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Japan	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
410.	Luffa acutangula (Ridge gourd)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Taiwan (ii) Thailand (iii) Vietnam (iv) China (v) Philippines (vi) Indonesia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
411.	Luffa aegyptiaca (Sponge gourd)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Thailand (ii) Vietnam (iii) Philippines (iv) Hongkong (v) Taiwan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(v) China	Free from Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus
412.	Lupinus spp. (Lupinus)	(i)Seeds for sowing	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. phaseoli (Wilt of bean) (b) Phomopsis longicolla (Phomopsis seed decay) (c) Phytophthora sojae (Phytophthora root and stem rot) (d) Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Asia (iii) Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Grains (splitted) for consumption	(i)Australia	Free from: a) <i>Phomopsis longicolla</i> (Phomopsis seed decay) b) <i>Phomopsis leptostromiformis</i> (Stem blight: lupin) c) <i>Phytophthora sojae</i> (Phytophthora root and stem rot)	(i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination. (ii)Fumigation by Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin

					or re-export.
413.	Lupinus luteus, L. albus (Lupins)	Seeds for sowing	UK	Free from: (a) Pleiochaeta setosa (lupin leaf spot) (b) Nectria radicicola (black root)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
414.	Lycopersicon esculentum (Tomato)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bacterial canker (Clavibacter michiganensis sub sp. michiganensis) (b) Bacterial leaf spot (Pseudomonas syringae pv. tomato) (c) Bacterial pustule (Pseudomonas syringae pv. punctulens) (d) Potato spindle tuber (viroid) (e) Peronospora hyoscyami pv. Tabacina (f) Phoma andigena (g) Verticillium alboatrum (h) Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. Sepedonicus (i) Pepino mosaic virus (j) Tomato aspermy virus (k) Tomato black ring virus (l) Tomato bushy stunt virus (m)Tomato ring spot virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from (i) to (m).
415.	Lycopersicon peruvianum (Tomato)	Seeds for sowing	Israel	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
416.	Lytocaryum spp	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months
417.	Lytocaryum weddellianum	Seeds for sowing	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination.
418.	Macadamia spp. (Macadamia Nuts)	Nuts (seeds) for consumption	(i) Australia	Nil	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent Or Heat treatment at 60°C for 24 hrs or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviserto the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.

			(ii) Kenya	Free from: (a) Cryptophlebia leucotreta (false codling moth) (b) Pseudotheraptus wayi (coconut bug)	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent Or Heat treatment at 60°C for 24 hrs or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
419.	Macadamia integrifolia (Macademia nut)	Nuts/Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia	Nil	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds (ii)Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
			(ii) Brazil	Free from <i>Hypothenemus obscurus</i> (tropical nut borer)	
420.	Macadamia ternifolia (Macadamia nut)	Cuttings/ rooted plants for propagation	(i) Mauritius (ii) New Zealand (iii) Philippines (iv) Thailand (v) Sri Lanka	Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
			(vi) Indonesia (vii) Malaysia (viii) USA	Free from <i>Rhizobium rhizogenes</i> (bacterial gall) Free from: (a) <i>Hypothenemus obscurus</i> (b) <i>Xyleborus affinis</i> (c) <i>Armillaria tabesce</i>	(iii)Post-entry quarantine growingfor 6-9 month.
				(k) Rhizobium rhizogenes	
421.	Macroptilium (Phaseolus) lathyroides (Phasey bean)	Seeds for sowing	Brazil	Free from <i>Phakopsora meibomiae</i> (soybean rust)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii)Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
422.	Macroptilium lathyroides/ Phaseolus lathyroides/ Macroptilum atropur- pureum (Phasey bean)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
423.	Magnolia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from	Nil

				virus.	
424.	Mahonia aquifolium	Seeds for sowing	(i)Europe (ii)USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
425.	Majorana spp.	Seeds for sowing	Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
426.	Malva sylvestris	Dried plants without seed for processing	Bulgaria	Free from: (a) Puccinia malvacearum (rust: hollyhock) (b) Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall)	(i)Free from soil. (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (iii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP at the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/or substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.
427.	Mandvillia spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
428.	Mangifera caesia (Binjai), M. foetida (Bachang), M. odorata	Germplasm material for research only	(i) Brazil (ii) Cuba (iii) Nigeria (iv) Vietnam	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
429.	Mangifera indica (Mango)	Cuttings/ grafts/ budwood/ rooted plants for propagation	(i) Brazil	Free from: (a) Apate monachus (black borer) (b) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (c) Asterolecanium pustulans (d) Atta spp. (leaf cutting ants) (e) Crematogaster brevispinosa (f) Euschistus heros (g) Horiola picta (cocoa podhopper) (h) Hypothenemus eruditus (i) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (j) Rhynchophorus palmarum (k) Selenaspidus articulatus (l) Sclerotium coffeicola (m) Rhizobium rhizogenes	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month.

(ii) Cuba	Free from:	(i) Free from soil
()	(a) Apate monachus (black borer)	(ii) Commercial imports subject to
	(b) Asterolecanium pustulans	prior approval of Department
	(c) Atta insularis	of Agriculture, Cooperation
	(d) Diaprepes splengleri	and Farmers Welfare
	(e) Ischnaspis longirostris	(iii)Post-entry quarantine growing
	(f) Mycetaspis personata	for 6-9 month.
	(g) Pachnaeus litus	
	(h) Paracoccus marginatus	
	(i) Protopulvinaria mangiferae	
	(j) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley	
	mealybug)	
	(k) Rhynchophorus palmarum	
	(1) Selenaspidus articulatus (red scale)	
	(m) Vinsonia stellifera (stellate scale)	
	(n) Oligonychus yothersi (avocado mite)	
	(o) Cercospora mangiferae (leaf spot)	
(iii) Niger	Free from:	(i) Free from soil.
	(a) Apate monachus (Black borer)	(ii) Commercial imports subject to
	(b) Cryptophlebia leucotreta	prior approval of Department
	(c) Hoplolaimus pararobustus (Lance nematode)	of Agriculture, Cooperation
		and Farmers Welfare
		(iii)Post-entry quarantine growing
		for 6-9 month.
(iv) Nigeria	Free from:	(i) Free from soil.
	(a) Anoplocnemis curvipes	(ii) Commercial imports subject to
	(b) Apate monachus (black borer)	prior approval of Department
	(c) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	of Agriculture, Cooperation
	(d) Bathycoelia thalassina	and Farmers Welfare
	(e) Cryptophlebia leucotreta	(iii)Post-entry quarantine growing
	(f) Helopeltis schoutedeni	for 6-9 month.
	(g) Pachnoda interrupta (chafer beetle)	
	(h) Planococcoides njalensis	
	(i) Scirtothrips aurantii (citrus thrips)	
	(j) Selenaspidus articulatus (red scale)	
	(k) Hoplolaimus pararobustus	

		(v) Thailand	Free from: (a) Bactrocera papayae (Papaya fruit fly) (b) Coptotermus curvitnathus (rubber termite)	 (i) Pest free status for Bactrocera papaya as per international standards or Methyl bromide fumigation 32gm/cum for 2hrs for 21°C or above @ NAP or equivalent thereof against Bactrocera papayae. The treatment shoud be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issue at the country of origin. (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iv) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 months.
	Fruits for consumption	(i) Malawi	Free From: a) Aspidiotus nerii (Oleander scale) b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) c) Ceratitis cosyra (Mango fruit fly) d) Ceratitis quinaria (Five-spotted fruit fly) e) Ceratitis rosa (Natal fruit fly) f) Clavigralla tomentosicollis (African pod bug) g) Helopeltis scnoutedeni (Cacao-mosquito) h) Scirtothrips aurantii (South African citrus thrips) i) Thaumatotibia leucotreta (False codling moth)	Hot water immersion treatment of fruits at 48°C for 60 to 75 minutes based on fruit size (upto 500 gm of fruit 60 minutes; 501-700 gm fruit 75 minutes) and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin / re-export
		(ii) Nepal	Free from Ceroplastes japonicus (tortoise wax scale)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g. per cubic meter for 2 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export.

			(iii) South Africa	Free from: a) Ceratitis capitata(Mediterranean fruit fly) b) Ceratitis cosyra (Mango fruit fly) c) Ceratitis punctata (Cacao fruit fly) d) Ceratitis rosa (Natal fruit fly) e) Clavigralla tomentosicollis (African pod bug) f) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) g) Pseudotheraptus wayi (Coconut bug) h) Selenaspidus articulates (West Indian red scale) i) Thaumatotibia leucotreta (False codling moth)	Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/reexport.
430.	Mangifera spp. (wild mango species)	Germplasm material for research only	(ii) Myanmar (ii) Israel (iii) Vietnam	Free from: (a) Plocaederus ruficornis (b) Raodiplosis orientalis (c) Rhytidodera simulans (d) Oligonychus mangiferus Free from: (a) Apate monachus (black borer) (b) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) Free from: (a) Apoderus crenatus (b) Coptotermes (termites) (c) Euthalia aconthea (d) Olenecamptus bilobus (e) Plocaederus ruficornis (bark borer)	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month.
431.	Manihot esculenta	Dried chips of tuber for consumption	(i) Vietnam	Free from Coptotermes (termites)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/reexport.

			(ii) Nigeria	Free from: (a) Prostephanus truncatus (larger grain borer) (b) Armillaria heimii (armillaria root rot) (c) Scutellonema bradys (yam nematode)	 (i) Free from soil and other plant debris. (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs.at 21°C and above under NAP or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/ re-export.
432.	Matricaria spp.	Seeds for sowing	UK	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
433.	Matricaria recutita	Dried plants without seed for processing	Bulgaria	Free from Xiphinema diversicaudatum	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (iii)Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP at the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.
434.	Matthiola spp. (Stock)	Seeds for sowing	Japan	Nil	Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds.
435.	Matthiola incana (Stock)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark (ii) USA (iii) Brazil (iv) South Afirca (v) Australia (vi) France (vii) UK	Free from Phoma matthiolicola (Leaf spot) Free from: (a) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. matthiolae (Wilt) (b) Xanthomonas campestris p.v. raphani (Raphanus leaf spot) (c) Xanthomonas campestris p.v. incanae Free from Xanthomonas campestris p.v. raphani (Raphanus leaf spot) Free from Xanthomonas campestris p.v. incanae	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vi) France (vii) UK (viii) Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine v

			(ix) Netherlands		
436.	Medicago spp. (Lucerne or Alfa alfa)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Yellow leaf blotch (<i>Pyrenopeziza medicaginis</i>) (b) Sclerotinia wilt (<i>Sclerotinia trifoliorum</i>) (c) Bacterial wilt (<i>Corynebacterium michiganense</i> pv. <i>insidiosum</i>) (d) Alfalfa cryptic virus.	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
437.	Meeboldina spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free fromany virus	Nil
438.	Melia volkensii (Melia)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia (ii) Honduras (iii) Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
439.	Melinis minutiflora (Molasses grass)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
440.	Mentha piperita	Tissue culture plants	Canada	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
441.	Mentha spicata (Mint)	Plants for propagation	Israel	Free from: (a) <i>Peridroma saucia (</i> Pearly underwing moth) (b) <i>Spodoptera littoralis</i> (Cotton leafworm)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
442.	Mesembryanthemum spp. (Livingstone daisy)	Seeds for sowing	(i) France (ii) Germany (iii) Netherlands	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
443.	Mespilus germanica	Plants for propagation	(i) Thailand	Nil	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject toprior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
			(ii) Australia	Free from: (a) <i>Caliroa cerasi</i> (Pear and cherry slugworm) (b) <i>Rhopalosiphum insertum</i> (Applegrass aphid)	(i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months(ii) Free from soil.
			(iii) USA	Free from: (a) <i>Caliroa cerasi</i> (pear and cherry slugworm) (b) <i>Rhopalosiphum insertum</i> (applegrass aphid)	(iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
444.	Metroxylon spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.
445.	Micranthemum umbrosum	(i) Plants for propagation	Japan	Nil	 (i) Free from soil and other plant debris. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 60 days.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Japan	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
446.	Mimulus spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) Japan (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
447.	Mirabilis jalapa	Seeds for sowing	Taiwan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
448.	Miscanthus spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from miscanthus streak virus	Nil
			(ii) Any country except Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
449.	Mitrogyna speciosa	Dried leaves for consumption	Indonesia	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
450.	Momo inula paniculata	Dry flowers for	Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
		decoration			and soil
451.	Momordica charantia (Bittergourd)	Seeds for sowing	(i) China (ii) Hong Kong	Free from: (a) Pythium spinosum (root rot) (b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from
451.		II.		(a) Pythium spinosum (root rot)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and
451.		II.	(ii) Hong Kong	(a) Pythium spinosum (root rot)(b) Zucchini yellow mosaic virus	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from zucchini yellow mosaic virus (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from

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453.	Morinda citrifolia	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii)Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
454.	Morus alba (Mulberry)	Plants for propagation	Canada	Free from: (a) Acrosternum hilare (green stink bug) (b) Hyphantria cunea (black headed webworm) (c) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (d) Pectobacterium rhapontici (rhubarb crown rot) (e) Rhizobium rhizogenes (bacterial gall) (f) Xylella fastidiosa (Pierce"s disease of grapevine)	 (i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Nursery inspection and certification for Free from (e) and (f) by a competent authority at the country of origin (iii) The plants shall be subjected to post-entry quarantine for 60 days.
455.	Mucuna (Mucuna)	Plants for propagation	(i) Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
		F. C.	(ii) USA	Free from: (a) Anticarsia gemmatalis (Soybean caterpillar) (b) Diaprepes abbreviatus (Citrus weevil) (c) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (d) Spodoptera frugiperda (fall armyworm)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
456.	Murraya koenigi (Nutmeg)	Seeds for sowing	Sri Lanka	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
457.	Musa spp. (Banana)	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Philippines	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Abaca mosaic virus (b) Banana mild mosaic virus	Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
			(ii) Australia (iii) Africa (iv) Latin America (v) Thailand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from banana mild mosaic virus	Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
			(vi) Any country Except Philippines, Australia, Africa, Latin America, Thailand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
458.	Mushroom: Agaricus bisporus (Button), Agaricus subrufescens (Almond), Auricularia polytricha (Cloud Ear), Boletus edulis	(i) Frozen mushroom for consumption	(i) France	Free from: Soil, insects, diseases, weed seeds and contamination of other plant material.	 (i) Mushroom shall be washed with clean water before packing. (ii) Pre-shipment freezing at -18°C or below for 7 days or above. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

	(Porcini), Cantharellus cibarius(Chantrelles), Craterellus cornucopioides (Black Trumpets),	(ii) Dried mushroom for consumption	(i) France	Free from: Soil, insects, diseases, weed seeds and contamination of other plant material.	Fumigation with Phosphine (PH ₃) at 3 g/m ³ for 5-7 days at NAP The treatment should be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
	Flammulina velutipes (Enoki), Lentinula edodes (Shiitake), Morchella esculenta (Morels), Marasmius oreades (Fairy ring), Pleurotus ostreatus (Oyster), Pleurotus eryngii (King oyster)	(iii) Mushroom spawn for propagation	i) Netherlands ii) USA iii) France iv) China v) Italy vi) Belgium vii) South Korea viii) Thailand	Free from: Soil, insects, diseases, weed seeds and contamination of other plant material.	 (i) The substrate (prior to inoculation) shall be subjected to steam heat (autoclave) at 121°C for 30 minutes at 15 psi. (ii) The above mentioned treatment and the name of the substrate shall be endorsed in Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of Origin/reexport.
459.	Myosotis spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i)USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	(Myosotis)		(ii) Netherland	Free from <i>Phytonemus pallidus</i> (Strawberry mite)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
460.	Myrciaria cauliflora	(i) Plants for propagation	Australia, USA, Thailand	Nil	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months (ii)Free from soil. (iii)Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
461.	Myrciaria dubia	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject toprior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
462.	Nandina compacta	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
463.	Nandina spp. except Nandina compacta	(i) Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Closterovirus (b) Nandina mosaic virus (c) Nandina stem pitting capilovirus	Nil
			(ii) Any country except USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil

		(ii) Plants for propagation	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Clostero virus (b) Nandina mosaic virus (c) Nandina stem pitting capilovirus	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days
			(ii) Europe	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days
464.	Nauclea diderrichii (Bilinga)	Wood with/without bark	Africa	Free from Orygmophora mediofoveata	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
465.	Nelumbium speciosum (Nelumbo nucifera)	(i) Grain (seeds) for consumption	(i) China (ii)Thailand (iii)Vietnam	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris
		(ii) Stamens for consumption	(i) China (ii)Thailand (iii)Vietnam	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
466.	Nemesia strumosa (Nemesia)	Seeds for sowing	Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
467.	Neoregelia spp. (Neoregelia)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Asia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
468.	Nepeta cataria (Catmint)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
469.	Nephelium lappaceum (Rambutan)	Fruits for consumption	(i) Thailand	Free from: (a) Bactrocera papaya (papaya fruit fly) (b) Cataenococcus hispidus (citrus mealy bug) (c) Conopomorpha cremerella (cocoa moth) (d) Darna diducta (nettle caterpillar) (e) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug)	(i) Pest-free area status for <i>Bactrocera</i> papayae (papaya fruit fly) as per international standards or (ii) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 3 ½ hrs at 21°C or above or equivalent thereof or (iii) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against papaya fruit fly.

			(ii)Sri lanka	Free from: (a) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug)	Methyl bromide fumigation at 32 g/m³ for 3 ½ hrs at 21°C or above or equivalent thereof. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
		Cuttings/ grafts/ rooted plants for propagation	(i) Indonesia (ii) Malaysia (iii)Philippines (iv)Thailand	Free from: (a) Conopomorpha cramerella (b) Darna diducta (nettle caterpillar) (c) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers
			(v) Mauritius (vi) New Zealand	Nil	Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing
			(vii) Sri Lanka (viii) USA	Free from Conopomorpha cramerella (cocoa moth) Free from: (a) Diaprepes abbreviatus (citrus weevil) (b) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug)	for 6-9 month except for research. Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
470.	Nephrolepis spp. (Nephrolepis)	Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	
471.	Nicotiana spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) UK	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (brown ring disease of hyacinth) (b) Pepino mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for Free from Pepino mosaic virus.
			(ii) Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
			(iii) USA	Free from <i>Pseudomonas syringae pv. mellea</i> (brown spot of tobacco)	Free from quarantine weed seeds
		(ii) Leaves (unmanufactured) in bales	Any Country	Free from: (a) Chocolate moth (<i>Ephestia elutella</i>) (b) Blue mould (<i>Peronospora hyoscyami</i> f.sp. <i>tabacina</i>)	Fumigation with phosphine @ 3 gm per tonne for 5-7 days.
472.	Nigella sativa (Black Cumin)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Europe	Nil	Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds.
		(ii) Seed for consumption / Processing	Europe	Free from: (a) Quarantine weed seeds as listed under Schedule-VIII of PQ Order, 2003 (b) Soil and other plant debris	Nil
473.	Nuphar lutea	(i) Seeds for sowing	Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
474.	Nymphaea spp. (Nymphea)	Plants for propagation	(i) Thailand (ii) USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
475.	Nypa spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds

		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any country	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.
476.	Ochroma pyramidale (Balsa)	Wood with or without bark	Germany	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
477.	Ocimum basilicum (Basil)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Russia (iv) Thailand (v) Japan	Nil Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf	Free from quarantine weed seeds. Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(v) Japan	blight)	Tree from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Grains (seeds) for consumption		Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
		(iii) Vegetables for consumption	Thailand	Nil	Nil
478.	Oenothera spp. (Oenothera)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) Netherlands (iii) France (iv) Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses.	Nil
479.	Olea Africana (wild olive)	Cuttings/ plants for propagation	South Africa	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Phaeoacremonium aleophilum (Petri disease) (c) Phialophora parasitica (wilt)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 2-3 months except for research.
480.	Olea europaea (Olive)	(i) Dried leaves for consumption	Morocco	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (c) Saturnia pyri (giant emperor moth) (d) Zeuzera pyrina (leopard moth)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.

(ii) Plants for propagation	Spain	Free from: (a) Acherontia atropos (death's Head Hawkmoth) (b) Apate monachus (black borer) (c) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (d) Euzophera pinguis (olive moth) (e) Hylesinus varius (bark beetle) (f) Lasioptera berlesiana (g)Otiorhynchus armadillo (armadillo weevil) (i) Phloeotribus scarabaeoides (olive bark beetle) (j) Prays oleae (olive kernel borer) (k) Saturnia pyri (giant emperor moth) (l) Zeuzera pyrina (leopard moth) (m) Pezicula alba (bark canker) (n) aster yellows phytoplasma group (o) Pseudomonas savastanoi pv. savastanoi (oleander knot)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 60 days.
(iii) Fruits for consumption/ processing	(i) Spain	Free from: (a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterrean fruit fly) (b) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (c) Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth) (d) Prays oleae (Olive kernel borer) (e) Phaeoacremonium maleophilum (Petri disease)	 (a) Pest free status for <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs @ 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or (c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

(ii) Peru	Free from: (i) Pest free status for <i>Anastre</i>	enha
(II) I cru	(a) Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly) fraterculus (South American fruit fly)	
	(b) Selenaspidus articulatus (West Indian red scale) fruit fly) as per internation	
	standards Or	Oliai
	(ii) Pre-shipment cold treatmen	nt ot
	0^{0} C or below for 10 days	
	0.55° C or below for 11 days	
	1.1°C or below for 12 days p	
	in transit refrigeration aga	
	Anastrepha fraterculus (Sc	
	American fruit fly) and 0° C	
	below for 13 days; 0.55° C	
	below for 14 days; 1.1°C	
	below for 18 days p	
	intransit refrigeration aga	
	Anastrepha fraterculus (Sc	outh
	American fruit fly) Or	
	(iii) Methyl bromide fumigation	
	32 g/m ³ for 2 hrs at 21 ⁰ C	
	above at NAP or equiva	
	thereof against Anastre	
	fraterculus (South Ameri	rican
	fruit fly).	
(iv) Plants/ cuttings (i) Israel	Free from: (i) Free from soil and other plan	nt
for propagation	(a) Acherontia atropos (Death"s head hawkmoth) debris.	
	(b) Aceria oleae (Olive bud mite) (ii) Post-entry quarantine for 60)
	(c) Apate monachus (Black borer) days.	
	(d) Aspidiotus nerii (Aucuba scale) (iii)Commercial imports permitt	ted
	(e) Euphyllura olivine subject to prior approval of	
	(f) Prays oleae (Olive kernel borer) Department of Agriculture,	
	(g) Saturnia pyri (Giant emperor moth) Cooperation and Farmers	
	(h) Zeuzera pyrina (Moth, wood leopard) Welfare.	
	(i) <i>Theba pisana</i> (White garden snail) (iv)Fumigation with Methyl bro	omide
	(j) Pseudomonas savastanoi pv. Savastanoi (Oleander @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C	and
	knot) above under NAP or equival	
	thereof or any other treatmen	
	approved by Plant Protection	
	Adviser to the Government	
	India. The treatment should	
	endorsed on Phytosanitary	-
	Certificate issued at the cour	ıntrv
	of origin/ re-export.	,

		(v) Seeds for sowing	(i) Jordan	Free from: Amaranthus blitoides Raphanus raphanistrum	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
			(ii) Europe	Free from: (a) Pezicula alba (b) Phaeoacremonium aleophilum (c) Rotylenchus roubustus (d) Heterodera crotae	Free from quarantine weedseeds
		(vi) Cuttings/ grafts/ rooted plants for propagation	USA	Free from: (a) Epidiaspis leperii (pear scale) (b) Metcalfa pruinosa (c) Otiorhynchus cribricollis (d) Selenaspidus articulatus (e) Zeuzera pyrina (leopard moth) (f) Eutypa lata (Eutypa dieback) (g) Mycocentrospora cladosporioides (h) Phaeoacmonium deophilus (i) Spilocaea oleaginea (leaf spot) (j) Pseudomonas savastanoi pv. savastanoi (olive knot)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research purposes.
481.	Opuntia ficus indica (Cactus pear/ Prickly pear)	Germplasm material for research only	Mexico	Free from Anthonomus grandis (Mexican cotton boll weevil)	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45-60 days.
482.	Orchids: (Aranda, Cattleya, Cymbidium, Dendrobium, Lawlio- cattleya, Mokara, Odontoglosum, Phalaenopsis, Vanda,	(i) Saplings	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bacterial leaf spots (<i>Burkholderia gladioli</i> pv. <i>gladioli</i> and <i>Erwinia chrysanthemi</i>) (b) Blossom blight (<i>Phyllostica capitalensis</i>) (c) Orchid viruses such as vanilla necrosis, Odontoglosum ring spot and orchid fleck etc.	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45-60 days.
	Vanila etc.)	(ii) Tissue-cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue-cultured plants are obtained from mother stock tested and maintained virus-free.	Nil
	(i) Cattleya spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Korea (ii) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	Nil
			(iii) USA (iv) Hungary (v) Canada (vi)Italy (vii) Ukraine (viii) Columbia	Free from: (a) Odontoglossum ring spot virus	Nil
			(ix) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from rhabdovirus	Nil

		(x) Indonesia (xi) South Africa	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from cattleya colour break virus	Nil
		(xii) Taiwan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Odontoglossum ring spot virus (c) Rhabdovirus	Nil
		(xiii) Thailand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tobacco mosaic virus (b) Odontoglossum ring spot virus	Nil
		(xiv) Any country except Korea, Taiwan, Thailand, Japan, USA, Hungary, Canada, Italy, Ukraine, Columbia, Germany, Indonesia and South Africa	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
(ii) Dendrobium spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Odontoglossum ring spot tobamo virus (b) Tomato spotted wilt tospovirus (c) Poty viruses (d) Tobacco mosaic virus (e) Dendrobium virus	Nil
		(ii) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Potyviruses (b) Tobacco mosaic virus (c) Dendrobium mosaic virus (d) Bean yellow mosaic virus (e) Tomato ring spot virus (f) Orchid fleck virus (g) Phalenopsis virus (h) Dendrobium virus (i) Grammatophyllum (bacilliform) virus	Nil

			(iii) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tobacco mosaic virus (b) Dendrobium mosaic virus (c) Tomato ring spot virus (d) Orchid fleck virus	Nil
			(iv) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Grammatophyllum (bacilliform) virus (b) Dendrobium vein necrosis virus (c) Rhabdovirus	Nil
			(v) Malaysia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from potyviruses.	Nil
			(vi) Denmark	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from dendrobium virus.	Nil
			(vii) Any country except USA, Italy, Japan, Germany, Malaysia and Denmark	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
	(iii) Vanilla planifolia	Seeds for sowing	Papua New Guinea	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
483.	Orchis laxiflora	Seeds for Medicinal purpose	China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
484.	Origanum spp.(Origanum)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
485.	Ornamental Palm species: (Arikuryoba, Borasus, Caryot a, Carypha, Chamaeodorea, Chrysalidocorpus, Dictyosperma, Washingtonia, Roystonia,	Seeds/Seed sprouts	Any Country	 (i) Free from: (a) Bactrial blight (<i>Acidovorax avenae</i> sub sp. <i>avenae</i>)- For <i>Carypha</i> spp only (b) Mosaic (Poty virus)- For <i>Washingtonia</i> spp only (c) Red ring nematode (<i>Rhadinaphelenchus</i> 	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 10-12 months
	Hyophorbe, Pritchardia, Sabal, Syogrus, Trachycorpus, Vietchia, Mascarena)			cocophilus) (ii) Certified that the seeds/seed sprouts collected from mother palms free from Cadang cadang (viroids)	
486.	Hyophorbe, Pritchardia, Sabal, Syogrus, Trachycorpus, Vietchia,	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Japan (ii) Israel	cocophilus) (ii) Certified that the seeds/seed sprouts collected from	Nil

			(vi) Any country except Japan, Israel, Kenya, South Africa, USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
487.	Oryza sativa (Rice)	(i) Grains for consumption	Any Country	Free from Granary weevil (Sitophilus granarius)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ at 21°C and above for 24 hrs under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.
		(ii) Fortified rice kernel for consumption	China	Free from: (a) Trogoderma variabile (Grain dermestid) (b) Typhaea stercorea (Hairy fungus beetle) (c) Monographella nivalis (Foot rot of cereals)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ at 21°C and above for 24 hrs under normal atmospheric pressure (NAP) and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
488.	Osteospermum spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
489.	Pachira insignis	Plants for propagation	Australia, Thailand USA	Nil Free from Steirastoma breve (Cacao beetle)	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 4-6 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
490.	Paeonia suffruticosa (Peonia)	Plants/ Cuttings for propagation	Netherlands	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
491.	Panax quinquefolius (Ginseng)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from Nectria radicicola (Black root)	Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds.
492.	Pandanus spp. (Pandanus)	Vegetable (leaves) for consumption	Thailand	Nil	Nil
493.	Panicum spp.	Germplasm material for research only	(i) Brazil (ii) China (iii) Kenya (iv) Nepal (v) USA	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds

494.	Panicum antidotale (Elbow grass) /Panicum maximum var. trichoglume (Guinea grass)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Free from Sugarcane chlorotic streak virus	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds (ii)Crop inspection and certification for freedom from Sugarcane chlorotic streak virus
495.	Panicum sumatrense (Little millet)	Seeds for sowing	Nepal	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
496.	Papaver spp. (Ornamental Poppy)	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) France (iii) U.K (iv) The Netherlands (v) Spain (vi) Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vii) Italy	Free from <i>Artichoke</i> Italian latent virus	Free from quarantine weed seeds
497.	Papaver somniferum (Opium poppy)	Germplasm material for research only	(i) Afghanistan (ii) Australia (iii) Austria (iv) Finland (v) Germany (vi)Hungary (vii) Bulgaria (viii) Turkey	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds
498.	Paspalum commersonii/ Paspalum notatum	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Freedom from quarantine weed seeds
499.	Paspalum scrobiculatum, P. dilatatum/Paspalam spp.	Germplasm material for research only	(i) China (ii) Nepal (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
500.	Passiflora edulis (Passion fruit)	(i) Cuttings/ plants for propagation	(i)Australia (ii) Brazil	Free from: (a) Pantomorus cervinus (rose beetle) (b) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. passiflorae (c) Pseudomonas passiflora (d) Pseudomonas viridiflava (e) Passion fruit woodiness virus Free from: (a) Dione juno (b) Eueides isabella (Isabella tiger) (c) Pantomorus cervinus (d) Selenaspidus articulates (Red scale) (e) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. passiflorae (f) Pseudomonas viridiflava (g) Passion fruit woodiness virus	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 months. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.

			(iii) South Africa	Free from: (a) Pantomorus cervinus (b) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. passiflorae (c) Pseudomonas passiflora	
		(ii) Leaves for consumption	(i) Germany, (ii) Netherland, (iii) Belgium	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)	Free from soil and other plant debris
			(iv) France	Free from: (i) Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA) (ii) Pantomorus cervinus (Fullar"s rose beetle)	
		(iii) Scion/ Budwood /Rooted plants for propagation	(i) Philippines (ii) Sri Lanka (iii) Thailand (iv) Indonesia (v) Malaysia (vi) Mauritius	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
			(vii) New Zealand	Free from: (a) Pantomorus cervinue (b) Pseudomonas passiflora (c) Pseudomonas viridiflava (d) Passion fruit woodiness virus	(iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
			(viii) USA	Free from: (a) Agraulis vanillae (b) Pantomorus cervinus (c) Selenaspidus articulatus (d) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. passiflorae (Base rot disease of passionfruit) (e) Pseudomonas viridiflava	
		(iv) Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia	Free from: (a) Fusariumoxysporum f.sp. passiflorae (Base rot disease of passionfruit) (b) Pseudomonas passiflora (c) Pseudomonas viridiflava	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Brazil	Free from: (a) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. passiflorae (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava	Free from quarantine weed seeds
			(iii) South Africa	Free from: (a) Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. passiflorae (b) Pseudomonas passiflora (Grease spot of passion fruit)	Free from quarantine weed seeds
(Stone	ora foetida Flower)	Dried flowers for medicinal use	Any country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
502. Paulow	nia kawakamii	Tissue culture plants	USA, Netherlands	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil

503.	Peganum harmala	Dried seeds for consumption	Pakistan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
504.	Pelargonium spp. (Pelargonium)	(i) Seeds/ Cuttings/ Saplings for planting or propagation	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bacterial spot (<i>Xanthomonas campestris</i> pv. pellargonii) (b) Pelargonium viruses viz. flower break virus, leaf curl virus, vein clearing virus and zonate spot virus.	(i)Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45-60 days.
		Seeds for sowing	Australia	Free from tomato ring spot virus	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from tomato ring spot virus.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Pelargonium flower break virus (b) Pelargonium line pattern virus	Nil
			(ii) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Pelargonium vein clearing virus (b) Pelargonium zonate spot virus	Nil
			(iii) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from pelargonium leaf curl virus	Nil
			(iv) Europe, USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from pelargonium ringspot virus	Nil
			(v) Any country except UK, Italy, Germany, Europe, USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
505.	Penicicum vergatum	Tissue culture plants	USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
506.	Pennisetum americanum/ Pennisetum glaucum (Pearl millet)	Seeds for sowing	Nepal	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
507.	(i) Pennisetum clandestinum /Pennisetum purpureum/ Pennisetum spp. Pennisetum hybrids	(i) Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from viruses.
	(ii) Pennisetum purpureum	(i) Plants/Cuttings for propagation	(i) China	Free from Sugarcane chlorotic streak virus (sugarcane chlorotic streak disease).	(i) Commercial import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.

508.	Pennisetum glaucum (Pearl millet)		(i) Niger (ii) China (iii) Nigeria	Nil Free from <i>Aphelenchoides arachidis</i> (groundnut testa nematode)	 (ii) Free from soil. (iii)Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6 months. (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation
			(iv) USA	Free from Wheat streak mosaic virus	and Farmers Welfare. (i) Free from quarantine weed
					seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 months, (iv) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from Wheat streak mosaic virus
			(v) Australia	Free from: (a) Johnsongrass mosaic virus (b) Wheat streak mosaic virus (wheat virus 6 & 7)	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 months. (iv) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from Johnson grass mosaic virus and Wheat streak mosaic virus (wheat virus 6 & 7).
509.	Penstemon spp. (Pentas)	Seeds for sowing	Europe	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
510.	Pepromia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
511.	Perilla frutescens (Perilla)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Japan (ii) Korea (iii) Turkey (iv) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds

512.	Persea americana (Avocado)	(i) Plants for propagation	(i) Israel	Free from: (a) Parabemisia myricae (bayberry whitefly) (b) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (c) Protopulvinaria pyriformis (pyriform scale) (d) Spodoptera littoralis (cotton leafworm) (e) Avocado sunblotch viroid	 (i) Imports subject to prior approval of the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year. (iii) Free from soil.
			(ii) South Africa	Free from: (a) Cacoecimorpha pronubana (carnation tortrix) (b) Ceroplastes destructor (white wax scale) (c) Pantomorus cervinus (Fuller's rose beetle) (d) Protopulvinaria pyriformis (pyriform scale) (e) Pseudotheraptus wayi (coconut bug) (f) Spodoptera littoralis (cotton leafworm) (g) Xyleborus ferrugineus (h) Cercospora purpurea (spot blotch) (i) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (j) Sphaceloma perseae (avocado scab) (k) Rhizobium rhizogenes (l) Avocado sunblotch viroid	 (i) Imports subject to prior approval of the Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year. (iii) Free from soil.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Israel (ii) South Africa	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from avocado sun blotch viroid.	Imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
		(iii) Cuttings/	(i) Indonesia	Free from Rhizobium rhizogenes	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month.
		budwoods/ rooted plants for propagation	(ii) Malaysia	Free from (a) <i>Xyleborus ferrugineus</i> (b) Rhizobium rhizogenes	
			(iii) Mauritius	Free from Spodoptera littoralis (cotton leafworm)	
			(iv) Mexico	Free from: (a) Aleurodicus cocois (Whitefly) (b) Aleurodicus pulvinatus (Whitefly) (c) Atta spp. (Ants) (d) Caulophilus oryzae (e) Conotrachelus perseae (f) Heilipus lauri (Avocado seed weevil) (g) Pantomorus cervinus (Rose beetle) (h) Paracoccus marginatus (i) Peridroma saucia (Pearly moth) (j) Platynota stultana (Leaf roller) (k) Rhynchophorus palmarum (l) Scirtothrips perseae (Thrips) (m Selenaspidus articulatus (Red scale) (n) Spodoptera eridania (o) Stenoma catenifer (Moth)	

		 (p) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (q) Rosellinia pepo (Black root rot) (r) Sphaceloma perseae (Scab) (s) Xyleborus ferrugineus 	
		Free from: (a) Ceroplastes destructor (wax scale) (b) Epiphyas postvittana (apple moth) (c) Pantomorus cervinus (rose beetle) (d) Phytophthora cryptogea (foot rot)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
	, 11	Free from: (a) Niphonoclea spp. (b) Suana concolor (c) Sphaceloma perseae (scab)	(iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month
(viii	ii) Thailand	Free from <i>Peridroma saucia</i> (pearly underwing moth) Free from (a) <i>Ceroplastes japonicus</i> (wax scale) (b) <i>Oligonychus mangiferus</i> (mango red spider mite)	
(ix)) USA	Free from: (a) Amorbia cuneana (b) Atta sp. (c) Avocado sunblotch viroid (d) Cacoecimorpha pronubana (carnation tortrix) (e) Caulophilus oryzae (f) Chrysodeixis includens (g) Diaprepes abbreviatus (h) Epiphyas postvittana (apple moth) (i) Melanaspis obscura (obscure, scale) (j) Oligonychus peruvianus (k) Oligonychus punicae (l) Pantomorus cervinus (rose beetle) (m) Parabemisia myricae (n) Paracoccus marginatus (o) Peridroma saucia (underwing moth) (p) Phytophthora citricola (root rot) (q) Phytophthora citricola (root rot) (r) Platynota stultana (leaf roller) (s) Protaetia fusca (t) Rhizobium rhizogenes (u) Sabulodes aegrotata (looper) (v) Scirtothrips perseae (w) Selenaspidus articulatus (red scale) (x) Sphaceloma perseae (avocado scab) (y) Spodoptera eridania (armyworm) (z) Xyleborus ferrugineus (aa) Xyleborus immaturus (bark beetle)	(ii) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month

(iv) Cuttings/ Plants	(i) Australia	Free from:	(i) Free from soil.
for propagation	(I) Australia	(a) Ceroplastes destructor	(ii) Post-entry quarantine
ioi propagation		(b) Chrysodeixis includens	growing for 6-9 months
		(c) Epiphyas postvittana (Apple moth)	
			(iii) Commercial imports subject
		(d) Monolepta australis (Leaf beetle)	to prior approval of
		(e) Pantomorus cervinus (Rose beetle)	Department of Agriculture,
		(f) Phytophthora cryptogea Rhizobium rhizogenes	Cooperation and Farmers
		(Gall)	Welfare
		(g) Avocado sunblotch viroid	
	(ii) Chile	Free from:	(i) Free from soil.
		(a) Chrysodeixis includens	(ii) Post-entry quarantine
		(b) Pantomorus cervinus	growing for 6-9 months
		(c) Peridroma saucia	(iii) Commercial imports subject
		(d) Spodoptera eridania	to prior approval of
		(e) Trialeurodes vaporariorum	Department of Agriculture,
		(f) Phytophthora cryptogea	Cooperation and Farmers
			Welfare
	(iii) Columbia	Free from:	(i) Free from soil.
		(a) Aleurodicus pulvinatus	(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing
		(b) Atta (leaf cutter ant)	for 6-9 months
		(c) Chrysodeixis includens	(iii) Commercial imports subject
		(d) Heilipus lauri	to prior approval of
		(e) Peridroma saucia	Department of Agriculture,
		(f) Rhynchophorus palmarum	Cooperation and Farmers
		(g) Selenaspidus articulatus	Welfare
		(h) Stenoma catenifer(avocado moth)	Wellare
		(i) <i>Trialeurodes vaporariorum</i> (greenhouse	
		whitefly)	
		(j) Oligonychus peruvianus	
		(k) Rosellinia pepo (black root rot)	
	(i) (C , t,, 1,	(1) Rhizobium rhizogenes	() F C 1
	(iv) Guatemala	Free from:	(i) Free from soil.
		(a) Atta (leaf cutter ant)	(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing
		(b) Caulophilus oryzae (grain weevil)	for 6-9 months
		(c) Conotrachelus perseae	(iii) Commercial imports subject
		(d) Heilipus lauri (avocado weevil)	to prior approval of
		(e) Paracoccus marginatus	Department of Agriculture,
		(f) Peridroma saucia (pearly moth)	Cooperation and Farmers
		(g) Rhynchophorus palmarum	Welfare
		(h) Scirtothrips perseae	
		(i) Stenoma catenifer (avocado moth)	
		(j) Xyleborus ferrugineus	
		(k) Oligonychus peruvianus	
		(1) Sphaceloma perseae	

		1	I- 2	
		(v) Israel	Free from: (a)Parabemisia myricae (bayberry whitefly) (b)Peridroma saucia (c)Protopulvinaria pyriformis (pyriform scale) (d)Spodoptera littoralis (e)Avocado sunblotch viroid	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 months (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
		(vii) Spain	Free from: (a) Cacoecimorpha pronubana (b) Pantomorus cervinus (c) Parabemisia myricae (d) Peridroma saucia (e) Spodoptera littoralis (f) Trialeurodes vaporariorum (g) Phytophthora cryptogea (h) Avocado sunblotch viroid (Avocado sun blotch)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 months (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
		(viii) Caribbean Countries	Free from Lagocheirus araneiformis	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 months (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
	(v) Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) Chile (S.O. 3141 (E), dated 29 th August, 2019)	Free from: (a) Chrysodeixis includes (Soybean looper) (b) Naupactus xanthographus (South Americanfruit tree weevil) (c) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (d) Spodoptera eridania (southern armyworm) (e) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) *In case if MB fumigation is used instead of PFA for Med fly and Stenomo catenifer then ADR for Ceratitis capitata and Sternoma catenifer must be included. **If any non-compliance is detected, the consignment will be dealt as per the relevant provisions of Plant Quarantine Order, 2003. NPPO, India also reserves the right to review the conditions if violations of the conditions are observed.	thereof against Mediterranean

	(i	ii) Peru	Free from Stenoma catenifer (avocado moth)	Pest free status for <i>Stenoma</i> catenifer (avocado moth) as per international standards or Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m ³ for 3 ½ hrs at 21°C or above under NAP or equivalent thereof
	(i	iii) New Zealand	Free from: (a) Linepithema humile (Argentine ant) (b) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot)	Nil
	(S da	iv)Tanzania S.O. 4870 (E) lated 25 th November, 2021)	Free from: Insects/Mites: a. Amorbia cuneana (Avocado leafroller), b. Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly), c. Ceratitis rosa (Natal fruit fly), d. Ceroplastes destructor (White wax scale), e. Heleopeltis schoutedeni (Cacao mosquito), f. Pseudotheraptus wayi (Coconut bug), g. Scirtothrips perseae (Avocado thrips), h. Spodoptera littoralis (Cotton leafworm), i. Thaumatotibia leucotreta (False codling moth), Plant pathogens: a. Sphaceloma perseae (Avocado scab), b. Avocado sunblotch viroid	1. Export consignment must comply with Systems Approach for production and export and 2. Methyl bromide fumigation @32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly and Natal fruit fly or 3. Pre-shipmemt/ in-transit cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1° C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and Natal fruit fly. The details on treatment and production under Systems Approach should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of Origin/Reexport. [Special condition of import on in-transit cold treatment will come into force on successful completion of 10 trial shipments]

513.	Petroselinum crispum (Parsley)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark	Free from: Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode)	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds
			(ii) Italy	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (Stem and bulb nematode) (b) Pleosporum herbarum (Leaf blight of onion) (c) Pseudomonas viridiflava (d) Celery mosaic virus (e) Chicory yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (d) and (e) by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(iii) Japan	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (Stem and bulb nematode) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (c) Celery mosaic virus	 (i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from I by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(iv) Netherlands (v) France	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (Stem and bulb nematode) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava	(i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vi) USA	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (Stem and bulb nematode) (b) Pleosporum herbarum (Leaf blight of onion) (c) Pseudomonas viridiflava (d) Celery mosaic virus	 (i) Free from soil contamination (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (d) by a competent authority at the country of origin
		(vii) U.K.	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (b) Celery mosaic virus (c) Pseudomonas viridiflava	(i) Free from soil. And quarantine weeds seeds (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (b) by a Competent Authority at the country of origin.	
			(viii) Germany	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (b) Pleospora herbarum (Leaf blight of onion) I Celery mosaic virus (d) Pseudomonas viridiflava (e) Chicory mosaic virus	 (i) Free from soil and quarantine weeds seeds (ii) Seed Crop inspection and certification for free from I and (e) by a Competent Authority at the country of origin.

			(ix) Spain	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
			(x) Israel	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Stem and bulb nematode	Free from quarantine weeds seeds
		(ii) Fresh leaves for consumption	Europe	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Stem and bulb nematode)	Nil
514.	Petunia spp.	(i) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Hungary	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintainedfree from: (a) Tobacco mosaic virus (b) Tomato mosaic virus I Potato virus Y (d) Potato X virus	Nil
			(ii) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tobacco mosaic virus (b) Potato virus Y (c) Arabis mosaic virus (d) Tomato black ring nepo virus	Nil
			(iii) Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Tobacco mosaic virus (b) Tomato mosaic virus (c) Tomato black ring nepoviruses (d) Potato virus Y (e) Petunia vein clearing virus (f) Broad bean wilt fabavirus	Nil
			(iv) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Petunia asteroid mosaic virus (b) Petunia flower mottle potyvirus (c) Datura Colombian potyvirus (d) Petunia vein clearing virus	Nil
			(v) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Petunia asteroid mosaic virus (b) Artichoke latent virus	Nil
			(vii) France	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from : (a) Tobacco mosaic virus (b) Potato virus Y	Nil
			(viii) Switzerland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from Petunia vein clearing virus	Nil

	(i) TICA	C-4:6-44-44-4:	
	(ix) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
		from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	
		(a) Petunia vein clearing virus	Nil
		(b) Petunia asteroid mosaic virus	
		(c) Tomato infectious chlorosis closterovirus	
	(x) Israel	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
		from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	
		(a) Tobacco mosaic virus	Nil
		(b) Tomato mosaic virus	
		(c) Petunia vein clearing virus	
	(xi) Brazil	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	(m) Bruzii	from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	
		(a) Tobacco mosaic virus	Nil
		(b) Petunia vein clearing virus	
	(xii) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants wereobtained	
		from mother stock tested and maintained free from	X
	(xiii) Egypt	tobacco mosaic virus	Nil
		tobacco mosaic virus	
	(xiv) Korea ROK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	(xv) Korea DPR	from mother stock tested and maintained free from	Nil
		Petunia asteroid mosaic virus	- 1.22
	(xvi) Slovenia	Contified that the tiggue outsumed mlants years abtained	
	(XVI) Slovenia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from	Nil
		potato virus Y.	INII
	(xvii) Czech	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	Republic	from mother stock tested and maintained free from:	
	Republic	(a) Arabis mosaic virus	Nil
		(a) Arabis mosaic virus (b) Turnip mosaic potyvirus	
	(xviii) China	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	(XVIII) China	from mother stock tested and maintained free from	Nil
			INII
	(xix) Canada	turnip mosaic potyvirus Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	(AIX) Callada	from mother stock tested and maintained free from	Nil
		tomato spotted wilt virus	1111
	(xx) Any country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
	except Canada,	from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	
	China, Czech	from mounci stock tested and manifamed free from virus.	
	Republic, Slovenia,		
	Japan, Egypt, Korea		
	ROK, Korea		Nil
	DPR, Poland, Italy,		
	UK, Netherlands,		
	Switzerland,		
	Hungary, Germany,		
	France, USA, Brazil,		
	Israel		

		(ii) Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) South Africa (iii) Canada (iv) Australia (v) New Zealand (vi) Kazakhstan (vii) Turkey (i) South America	Free from Arabis mosaic nepho virus Free from Andean Potato Virus (stain)	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from Arabis mosaic nepho virus. (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from Andean Potato Virus (stain)
			(ix) USA (x) Japan	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
515.	Petunia axillaris, P. Integrifolia (Petunia)	Cuttings/ planting material/ rooted plants for propagation	(xi) Guatemala (i) Germany (ii) The Netherlands	Free from: (a) Peridroma saucia (Pearly moth) (b) Phytonemus pallidus (Mite) (c) Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. Dieffenbachiae (Stem rot) (d) Pseudomonas viridiflava (e) Phytophthora cryptogea (Foot rot) (f) Petunia asteroid mosaic virus (g) Petunia flower mottle virus (h) Petunia vein clearing virus Free from: (a) Peridroma saucia (Pearly moth) (b) Phytonemus pallidus (Mite) (c) Pseudomonas viridiflava (d) Phytophthora cryptogea (Foot rot) Free from: (a) Anthonomus eugenii (Pepper weevil) (b) Exomala orientalis (Oriental beetle) (c) Heliothis virescens (d) Peridroma saucia (Pearly moth) (e) Phytonemus pallidus (mite) (f) Erwinia chrysanthemi pv. Dieffenbachiae (Stem rot) (g) Pseudomonas viridiflava (h) Phytophthora cryptogea (Foot rot) (i) Rhizobium rhizogenes	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for one growth season. (i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for one growth season.
516.	Philotheca myoporoides (Wax flower)	Plants/cuttings for propagation	USA	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 6 months.(ii) Free from soil.

517.	Phlox spp. (Phlox)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Japan (iv) Australia	Free from: (a) <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Brown ring disease of hyacinth) (b) Tobacco rattle virus (Spraing of potato). Nil	(i) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from tobacco rattle virus. Free from soil and quarantine
			•	INII	weed seeds.
518.	Phoenix spp.	Seeds for sowing	Any country (Except from African, American, Caribbean, Philippines And Soloman Island countries)	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination.
519.	Phoenix dactylifera (Date palm)	(i) Suckers/Plants for planting	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bayood (Fusarium oxysporum f.sp. albedinis) (b) Palm lethal yellowing (Phytoplasmas) (c) Texas root rot (Phymatotrichum omnivorum) (d) American palm weevil (Rhyncophorus palmarum)	 (i) Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants for propagation	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
		(iii) Fresh/Dry fruits for consumption	Any Country	Free from Palm kernel borer (Pachymerus lacerdae)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 16 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
520.	Phormium spp.	(i) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Australia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
521.	Phyllostachys spp. (Bamboo)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Thailand (ii) China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(i) Stem cuttings/ saplings for propagation	China	Free from: (a) Top blight (<i>Ceratosphaeria phyllostachydis</i>) (b) Clum base rot (<i>Arthrinium</i> spp.) (c) Witches broom (<i>Phytoplasma</i>) (d) Bamboo mosaic virus	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.

522.	Physalis peruviana (Cape gooseberry)	Cuttings/ grafts/ rooted plants for propagation	(i) Italy (ii) Spain (iii) USA	Free from Aculops lycopersici (tomato russet mite)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
523.	Picea abies (Spruce)	(i) Wood with/ without bark	(i) North America	Free from: (a) Pityogenes bidentatus (Two-toothed pine beetle) (b) Ips typograthus(Spruce bark beetle) (c) Dendroctonus micans (European Spruce beetle) (d) Pissodes spp. (Pine weevil) (e) Tomicus piniperda (Beetle, pine) (f) Bursaphenchus xylophilus (Pine wood nematode) (g) Gilpinia hercyniae (Spruce sawfly) (h) Gremmeniella abietina (Brunchorstia disease) (i) Heterobasidion parviporum (j) Hylurgops 207isinfest (Lesser spruce shoot beetle) (k) Neonectria fuckeliana (Flute canker of radiata pine) (l) Ophiostoma piceae (Vascular mycosis of oak) (m) Otiorhynchus singularis (Clay coloured weevil) (n) Sirex juvencus (Steel-blue woodwasp) (o) Sirococcus conigenus (Sirococcus blight of conifers) (p) Tetropium fuscum (Brown spruce longhorn beetle) (q) Trypodendron lineatum (Striped ambrosia beetle) (r) Xylosandrus germanus (Black timber bark beetle) (s) Arceuthobium pusillum (Eastern dwarf mistletoe) (t) Choristoneura fumiferana (Spruce budworm) (u) Leptographium procerum (White pine root decline) (v) Neodiprion sertifer (European pine sawfly) (w) Operophtera brumata (Winter moth) (x) Orgvia 207isinfe (European tussock moth) (y) Rhyacionia buoliana (European pine shoot moth) (z) Sirex noctilio (Wood wasp) (aa) Chrysomyxa pirolata (Inland spruce cone rust) (bb) Chrysomyxa rhododendri (European Rhododendron rust) (cc) Cydia strobilella (Spruce seed moth) (dd) Dryocoetes autographus (Spruce Bark beetle) (ee) Endocronartium harknessii (Western gall rust) (ff) Neonectria radicicola (Black root of strawberry) (gg) Petrova albicapitana (Northern pitch twig moth)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/reexport.

	(ii) China	Free from: (a) Dendroctonus micans (European Spruce beetle) (b) Ips typograthus (Spruce bark beetle) (c) Heterobasidion parviporum (d) Hylobius abietis (Large pine weevil) (e) Hylurgops 208isinfest (Lesser spruce shoot beetle) (f) Ips 208isinfesta (Double-spined bark beetle) (g) Lymantria monacha (Nun moth) (h) Thekopsora areolata (Cherry spruce rust) (i) Trypodendron lineatum (Striped ambrosia beetle) (j) Xylosandrus germanus (Black timber bark beetle) (k) Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Pine wilt nematode) (l) Monochamus 208isinfesta (Japanese pine sawyer); (m) Monochamus galloprovincialis (Pine sawyer); (n) Chrysomyxa rhododendri (European Rhododendron rust); (o) Cydia strobilella (Spruce seed moth) (p) Dendrolimus pini (Pine-tree lappet) (q) Neonectria radicicola (Black root of strawberry)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/reexport.
	(iii) Africa	Free from: (a) Hylobiud abietis (Fir-tree weevil)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
	(iv) Europe	Free from: (a) Pityogenes bidentatus (Two-toothed pine beetle) (b) Ips typograthus (Spruce bark beetle) I Dendroctonus micans (European Spruce beetle) (d) Pissodes spp. (Pine weevil) (e) Tomicus piniperda (Beetle, pine) (f) Zeiraphera spp.	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
	(v) Malaysia	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

524.	Picea engelmannii	Wood with/without bark	Canada	Free from: (a) Choristoneura fumiferana (Spruce budworm) (b) Choristoneura occidentalis (western spruce budworm) I Dendroctonu sponderosae (black hills beetle) (d) Dendroctonus rufipennis (spruce beetle) (e) Dryocoetes confuses (western balsam bark beetle) (f) Monochamus notatus (northeastern sawyer) (g) Trypodendron lineatum (striped ambrosia beetle) (h) Bursaphelenchus xylophilus(pine wilt nematode)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India.
				 (i) Heterobasidion annosum (j) Heterobasidion parviporum (k) Lambdina fiscellaria (eastern hemlock looper) (l) Sirococcus conigenus (sirococcus blight of conifers) (m) Choristoneura 209isinfe (western spruce budworm) (n) Ips pini (pine engraver) (o) Lymantria dispar (gypsy moth) (p)Orgyia pseudotsugata (douglas-fir tussock moth) 	The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
525.	Picea glauca	Wood with/ without bark	Canada	Free from: (a) Choristoneura fumiferana (spruce budworm) (b) Choristoneura occidentalis (western spruce budworm) (c) Choristoneura pinus pinus (jack-pine budworm) (d) Dendroctonus rufipennis (spruce beetle) (e) Monochamus notatus (northeastern sawyer) (f) Monochamus titillator (southern pine sawyer) (g) Pissodes nemorensis (northern pine weevil) (h) Heterobasidion parviporum (i) Arceuthobium pusillum (eastern dwarf mistletoe) (j) Gilpinia hercyniae (spruce sawfly) (k) Lambdina fiscellaria (eastern hemlock looper) (l) Sirococcus conigenus (sirococcus blight of conifers) (m) Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (pine wilt nematode) (n) Choristoneura 209isinfe (western spruce budworm) (o) Gremmeniella abietina (Brunchorstia disease) (p) Ips pini (pine engraver) (q) Lymantria dispar (gypsy moth) (r) Orgyia leucostigma (white-marked tussock moth) (s) Tetropium fuscum (brown spruce longhorn beetle) (t) Polygraphus rufipennis (foureyed spruce bark beetle)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

526.	Picea sitchensis Wood with/without bark	(i) Canada	Free from: (a) Dendroctonus rufipennis (spruce beetle) (b) Operophtera brumata(winter moth) (c) Sirex juvencus (steel-blue woodwasp) (d) Trypodendron ineatum (striped ambrosia beetle) (e)Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (pine wilt nematode) (f) Heterobasidion annosum (g) Heterobasidion parviporum (h) Gilpinia hercyniae (spruce sawfly) (i) Lambdina fiscellaria (eastern hemlock looper) (j) Pityogenes chalcographus (sixtoothed spruce bark beetls) (k) Sirococcus conigenus (sirococcus blight of conifers) (l) Ips plastographus (California pine engraver) (m) Phytophthora ramorum (sudden oak death (SOD))	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP orheat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/reexport.	
			(ii) Ivory Coast	Nil	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export. (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris.
527.	Picea mariana	Wood with/without bark	Canada	Free from: (a) Chrysomyxa pirolata (Inland spruce cone rust) (b) Cydia strobilella (Spruce seed moth) (c) Dryocoetes affaber (Spruce Bark beetle) (d) Dryocoetes autographus (Spruce Bark beetle) (e) Hylobius congener (Seedling debarking weevil) (f) Ips perturbatus (Northern spruce engraver) (g) Polygraphus rufipennis (Foureyed Spruce Bark beetle) (h) Arceuthobium pusillum (eastern dwarf mistletoe) (i) Dendroctonus rufipennis (spruce beetle) (j) Gilpinia hercyniae (spruce sawfly) (k) Lambdina fiscellaria (eastern hemlock looper)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

				(l) Lymantria dispar (gypsy moth) (m) Pissodes nemorensis (northern pine weevil) (n) Sirococcus conigenus (sirococcus blight of conifers) (o) Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (pine wilt nematode) (p) Choristoneura fumiferana (spruce budworm) (q) Choristoneura pinus pinus (jack-pine budworm) (r) Gremmeniella abietina (Brunchorstia disease) (s) Tetropium fuscum (brown spruce longhorn beetle)	
528.	Picea rubens	Wood with/without bark	Canada	Free from: (a) Arceuthobium pusillum (Eastern dwarf mistletoe) (b) Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Pine wilt nematode) (c) Dendroctonus rufipennis (Spruce beetle) (d) Gremmeniella abietina (Brunchorstia disease) (e) Heterobasidion annosum (f) Ipspini (Pine engraver) (g) Lambdina fiscellaria (Eastern hemlock looper) (h) Monochamus marmorator (Balsam fir sawyer) (i) Sirococcus conigenus (Sirococcus blight ofconifers) (j) Tetropium fuscum (Brown spruce longhornbeetle) (k) Gilpinia hercyniae (spruce sawfly) (l) Choristoneura fumiferana (spruce budworm) (m) Lymantria dispar (gypsy moth)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/reexport.
529.	Pimenta racemosa	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
530.	Pinus taeda	(i) Timber logs with/ without bark for consumption	(i) Australia	Free from: (a) Sirex noctilio (woodwasp) (b) Heterobasidion araucariae	Fumigation with Methyl bromide 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.

			(ii) USA	Free from: (a) Ips calligraphus (Six-spined ips) (b) Monochamus carolinensis (Pine sawyer) (c) Pineus boerneri (Pine woolly aphid) (d) Pissodes nemorensis (Northern pine weevil) (e) Sirex noctilio (Woodwasp) (f) Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (Pine wilt nematode) (g) Atropellispiniphila (Twig blight of pine) (h) Gibberella circinata (Pitch canker) (i) Heterobasidion annosum (j) Leptographium procerum (White pine root decline)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. 21°C and above or equivalent Thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
531.	Piratinera guianenesis (Snakewood)	Wood with and without bark	Central & South America	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
532.	Pistacia vera (Pistachio nut)	Cuttings/ grafts/ rooted plants for propagation	Iran	Free from <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> (foot rot)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
533.	Pisum spp. (Pea)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Pod and stem blight (<i>Phomopsis logicolla</i>) (b) Stem and bulb nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) I Pea cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera goettingiana</i>) (d) Bruchids (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp. <i>Specularis impressithorax</i>) (e) Pea viruses viz. early-browning, enation mosaic and green mottle.	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds (iii) Seed shall be appropriately treated with suitable fungicide and treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate.

		(ii) Seeds for consumption or processing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Stem and bulb nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (b) Pea cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera goettingiana</i>) I Bruchids (<i>Bruchidius</i> spp. <i>Specularis impressithorax</i>)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ at @ 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.
534.	Pisum sativum (Snow pea)	Fresh vegetable for consumption	(i)Thailand	Nil	Free from soil.
			(ii) Bhutan (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Nil	Free from soil.
535.	Pisum sativum (peas)	Seeds (Frozen green peas) for consumption	China	Free from: (a) Adelphocoris lineolatus (213isinfe bug) (b) Halyomorpha halys (brown marmorated stink bug) (c) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (d Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (e) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)) (f) Broad bean wilt virus (g) Lettuce mosaic virus (h) Peanut stunt virus (peanut stunt)	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris. (ii) Pest-free area status for Ditylenchus dipsaci (Stem and bulb nematode) as per international standards or (iii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above under NAP before processing & freezing and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate of by any other phytosanitary treatment in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.
			(i) Belgium (ii) United Kingdom	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (b) Rhodococcus fascians (fasciation: leafy gall) (c) Pea early browning virus	 (i) The consignment should be free from contamination of soil, weed seeds and other plant debris. (ii) Pre-shipment freezing at - 18°C or below for 7 days or above. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

536.	Plumeria rubra	(i) Plants for propagation	(i) USA	Free from; (a) Aspidiotus nerii (Acuba scale) (b) Selenaspidus articulates (West Indian red scale)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
			(ii) Australia	Free from Aspidiotus nerii (acuba scale)	Post-entry quarantine rowing for a period of 45 days.
			(i) Thailand (iv) Singapore	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
		(i) Tissue cultured Plants	Any Country	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
537.	Poa pratensis (Kentucky blue grass)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from: (a) Anguina agrostis (Bentgrass nematode) (b) Claviceps purpurea (ergot) (c) Monographella nivalis (foot rot:cereals) (d) Sclerotinia homoeocarpa (dollar spot: grasses) (e) Pantoea stewartii (Bacterial leaf blight of maize)	(i) Imports permitted subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.(ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
538.	Polygala myrtifolia/ Polygala paniculata	(i) Seeds for sowing (ii) Cuttings	USA	Nil	(i) Free from soil. And quarantine weed seeds(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one growth season except for research
539.	Polypodium spp. (Polypodium)	Plants for	Any Country	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
540.	Polyscias spp. (Polyscias)	Plants for propagation	Any Country Any Country	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
541.	Pome Fruits: (Apple, Pear (Pyrus spp.) and Quince (Cydonia spp.)).	(i) Cuttings/ Saplings/ Bud wood for planting or propagation	Any Country	Free from: (a) Fire blight (Erwinia amylovora) (b) Crown gall (Agrobacterium tumefaciens) (c) Hairy root (A.rhizogenes) (d) Apple and pear rusts (Gymnosporangium spp) non Asiatic (e) Apple scar skin, apple stem grooving viruses. (f) Seed chalcid (Megastigmus spermotrophus) (g) Viruses/ phytoplasmas affecting Pomidae.	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 1-2 years. (ii) Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the planting material is obtained from mother stock indexed/tested and maintained free from viruses and phytoplasmas affecting Pomidae.	The above condition at (i) shall not apply.
		(iii) Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) Australia	Free from: (a) Bactrocera tryoni (Queensland fruit fly) (b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) Cydia pomonella (Codling moth) (d) Epiphyas postvittana (Light brown apple moth) (e) Pseudococcus calceolariae (Scarlet mealybug)	(i) Pest free status for <i>Bactrocera</i> tryoni (Queensland fruit fly) and <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (ii) Pre-shipment/ in-transit cold treatment at 0°C or below for

	(ii) Canada (iii) Chile	Free from: (a) Cydia molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (b) Erwinia amylovora (Fireblight) (c) Pandemis heparana (apple brown tortrix) (d) Peridroma saucia (pearly under wing moth) (e) Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealy bug) (f) Rhagoletis pomonella (apple maggot) Free from Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) Free from: (a) Adoxophyes orana (summer fruit tortrix)	 (a) Pest free area status for Rhagoletis pomonella (Apple maggot) as per international standard or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Rhagoletis pomonella (Apple maggot) (a) Pest free status for Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly (a) Pest free status for Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly
		(a) Naoxophycs orana (staminer that tourns) (b) Cydia funebrana (red plum maggot) (c) Cydia inopinata (Manchurian fruit moth) (d) Cydia molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (e) Cydia pomenalla (Codling moth) (f) Pandemis cerasana (Common twist moth) (g) Pandemis heparana (apple brown tortrix) (h) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth)	fly) as per international standards or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly

	(v) France	Free from:	(a) Pest free status for <i>Ceratitis</i>
		(a) Adoxophyes orana (summer fruit tortrix) (b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) Cydia funebrana (red plum maggot) (d) Cydia molesta (oriental fruit moth) (e) Cydia pomonella (codling moth) (f) Erwinia amylovora (fire blight) (g) Pandemis heparana (apple browntortrix) (h) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (i) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug)	capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly
	(vi) Iran	Free from Cydia pomonella (codling moth)	Nil
	(vii) New Zealand	Free from: (a) Cydia molesta (oriental fruit moth) (b) Cydia pomonella (Codling moth) (c) Epiphyas postvittana (light brown apple moth) (d) Erwinia amylovora (fire blight) (e) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealy bug)	Nil
	(viii) South Africa	Free from: (a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (b) Ceratitis rosa (Natal fruit fly) (c) Cydia molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (d) Cydia pomenella (Codling moth) (e) Erwinia amylovora (fire blight) (f) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealy bug)	(a) Pest free status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata Mediterranean fruit fly) and <i>Ceratitis rosa</i> (Natal fruit fly) or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit Fly.
	(ix) USA	Free from: (a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (b) Cydia pomonella (codling moth) (c) Epiphyas postvittana (light brown apple moth) (d) Erwinia amylovora (firteblight) (e) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealy bug) (f) Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealy bug) (g) Rhagoletis pomonella (apple maggot) (h) Anastrepha fraeerculus (South American fruit fly) (i) Anastrepha 216isinfe (Mexican fruit fly) (j) Anastrepha serpentine (Sapodilla fruit fly) (k) Anastrepha suspense (Caribbean fruit fly) (l) Anthonomus quadrigibbus (apple curculio) (m) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (n) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit fly)	(a) Pest free status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs @ 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or I Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/ re-export.

	(x) Italy	Free from: (a) Adoxophyes orana (summer fruit tortrix)	(a) Pest free status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit
		(b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) Cydia funebrana (red plum maggot) (d) Cydia molesta (oriental fruit moth) (e) Erwinia amylovora (fireblight) (f) Pandemis cerasana (common twist moth) (g) Pandemis heparana (apple brown tortrix) (h) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (i) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealy bug)	fly) as per international standards or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly
	(xi) Brazil	Free from: a. Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly) b. Anastrepha serpentine (Sapodilla fruit fly) c. Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) d. Pantomorus cervinus (Fuller"s rose beetle) e. Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth) f. Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot) g. Pseudococcus calceolariae (Scarlet mealybug) h. Pseudococcus Comstocki (Comstock mealybug) i. Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)) j. Venturia pyrina (Black spot of pear)	
	(xii) Poland	Freedom from: a) Adoxophyes orana (Summer fruit tortrix) b) Archips podana (Great brown twist moth) c) Aspidiotus nerii (Aucuba scale) d) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) e) Erwinia amylovora (Fire blight) f) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) g) Orthosia cerasi (Common quaker) h) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth)	Fumigation by Methyl Bromide at 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or equivalent thereof. Or Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; or 0.55°C or below for 11 days; or 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration. The treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

7 *** A C.1 *	Free from:	(a) Methyl bromide fumigation
(xiii) Afghanistan	(a) Byturus tomentosus (raspberry beetle) (b) Venturia pyrina (black spot of pear)	(a) Methyl blomide fullingation (a) 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs (a) 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Byturus tomentosus (Raspberry beetle) (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Byturus tomentosus (Raspberry beetle). The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
(xiv) Belgium	Free from: (a) Adoxophyes orana (Summer fruit tortrix) (b) Ametastegia (c) Archips podana (Great browntwist moth) (d) Byturus tomentosus (Raspberry beetle) (e) Caliroa cerasi (Pear andcherryslugworm) (f) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (g) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (h) Grapholita funebrana (Red plum maggot) (i) Gymnosporangium fuscum (European pear rust) (j) Harmonia axyridis (Harlequin ladybird) (k) Hoplocampa (l) Leucoptera malifoliella (Pear leaf blister moth) (m) Operophtera brumata (Winter moth) (n) Orthosia cerasi(Common quaker) (o) Ostrinia nubilalis (European maize borer) (p) Pandemis heparana (Apple brown tortrix) (q) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth) (r) Venturia pyrina (Black spot of pear) (s) Erwinia amylovora (Fireblight) (t) Apple stem pitting virus (Apple spy 227 epinasty & decline)	Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs @ 21°C or above at NAP or Equivalent there of against <i>Byturus tomentosus</i> (Raspberry beetle). The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

(xv) Argentina	Free from: (a) Ametastegia spp.(Sawflies) (b) Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly) (c) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (d) Harmonia axyridis (Harlequin ladybird) (e) Pantomorus cervinus (Fuller's rose beetle) (f) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth) (g) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot) (h) Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight	Pre-shipment/In-transit cold treatment @ 0.0°C for 40 days. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
(xvi) Bulgaria	Free from: (a) Aculus schlechtendali (Apple rust mite) (b) Adoxophyes orana (Summer fruit tortrix) (c) Ametastegia (Sawflies) (d) Archips podanus (Great brown twist moth) (e) Byturus tomentosus (Raspberry beetle) (f) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (g) Cornu aspersum/Helix aspera (Common snail). (h) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (i) Erwinia amylovora (Fireblight) (j) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (k) Grapholita funebrana (Red plum maggot) (l) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (m) Harmonia axyridis (Harlequin ladybird) (n) Hedya nubiferana (bud moth) (o) Hoplocampa spp. (p) Lacanobia oleracea (Bright-line brown- eye moth) (q) Leucoptera malifoliella (Pear leaf blister moth) (r) Metcalfa pruinosa (Frosted moth-bug) (s) Orthosia cerasi (Common quaker) (t) Pandemis heparana(Apple brown tortrix) (u) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth) (v) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot) (w) Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)) (x) Venturia pyrina (Black spot of pear)	(a) Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against fruit fly and (b) Methyl Bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

	(xvii) Spain	Free from:	a) Pest free status for Ceratitis
	() ~ F	(a) Adoxophyes orana(Summer fruit tortrix)	spp. as per international
		(b) Ametastegia (Sawflies)	standards
		(c) Byturus tomentosus(Raspberry beetle)	or
		(d) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly)	b) Pre shipment cold treatment
		(e) Cornu aspersum/Helix aspera (Common snail).	at 0°C or below for 10 days;
		(f) <i>Cydia pomonella</i> (Codling moth)	0.55°C or below for 11 days;
		(g) Dorosophila simulans	1.1°C or below for 12 days
		(h) <i>Epidiaspis leperii</i> (European pear scale)	plus in-transit refrigeration
		(i) Erwinia amylovora(Fireblight)	against fruit flies
		(j) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips)	
		(k) Grapholita funebrana(Red plum maggot)	c) Methyl bromide fumigation
		(1) <i>Grapholita molesta</i> (Oriental fruit moth)	@ 32 g/cubic metre for 2 hrs
		(m) Harmonia axyridis(Harlequin ladybird)	at 21°C or above at NAP or
		(n) Leucoptera malifoliella(Pear leaf blister moth)	equivalent thereof.
		(o) Metcalfa pruinosa(Frosted moth-bug)	1
		(p) Monilinia fructigena(Blossom blight of fruit	The treatment should be
		trees)	endorsed on Phytosanitary
		(q) Orthosia cerasi(Common quaker)	Certificate issued at the country
		(r) Pantomorus cervinus(Fuller"s rose beetle)	of origin/re-export.
		(s) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth)	
		(t) Phytophthora cryptogea(Tomato foot rot)	
		(u) Pseudococcus calceolariae(Scarlet mealybug)	
		(v) Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight	
		oftomato (USA))	
		(w) Venturia pyrina (Black spot of pear)	
	(xviii) United	Free from:	a) Methyl Bromide fumigation
	Kingdom	(a) Aculus schlechtendali (apple rust mite)	@ 32 g/m^3 for 2 hrs at 21° C
		(b) Adoxophyes orana (summer fruit tortrix)	or above at NAP or
		(c) Ametastegia glabrata	equivalent thereof.
		(d) Archips podanus (great brown twist moth)	
		(e) Blastobasis decolorella	The treatment should be
		(f) Cydia pomonella (codling moth)	endorsed on Phytosanitary
		(g) Forficula auricularia	Certificate issued at the
		(h) Harmonia axyridis (harlequin ladybird)	country of origin/re-export.
		(i) Hoplocampa testudinea	
		(j) Quadraspidiotus pyri	
		(k) Syndemis musculana	

		(xix) Netherlands	Free from: (a) Aculus schlechtendali (apple rust mite) (b) Adoxophyes orana (summer fruit tortrix) (c) Archips podanus (great brown twist moth) (d) Botrytis cinerea (e) Cydia pomonella (codling moth) (f) Harmonia axyridis (harlequin ladybird) (g) Hedya nubiferana (bud moth) (h) Monilinia fructigena (brown rot) (i) Orthosia cerasi (common quaker) (j) Pencillium expansum (k) Pezicula alba (l) Pezicula malicorticis (apple anthracnose) (m) Phytophthora cactorum (n) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (o) Phytophthora syringae (p) Venturia inaequalis (q) Venturia pyrina (black spot of pear)	a) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against fruit flies or b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
(ii) Malus domestica (Apple)	(iii) Fruits for consumption	(i) Afghanistan	Free from: (a) Byturus tomentosus (Raspberry beetle) (b) Venturia pyrina (Black spot of pear)	(a) Pest free status for <i>Byturus</i> tomentosus (Raspberry beetle) as per international standards or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against <i>Byturus tomentosus</i> (Raspberry beetle) or (c) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs @ 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against <i>Byturus tomentosus</i> (Raspberry beetle).

(ii) Belgium	Free from: (a) Adoxophyes orana (Summer fruit tortrix) (b) Ametastegia (c) Archips podana (great browntwist moth) (d) Byturustomentosus (raspberry beetle) (e) Caliroa cerasi (pear andcherryslugworm) (f) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (g) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (h) Grapholita funebrana (Red plum maggot) (i) Harmonia axyridis (Harlequin ladybird) (j) Hoplocampa (k) Leucoptera malifoliella (Pear leaf blister moth) (l) Operophtera brumata (Winter moth) (m) Orthosia cerasi (Common quaker) (n) Ostrinia nubilalis (European maize borer) (o) Pandemisheparana (apple brown tortrix) (p) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (q) Venturia pyrina (black spot of pear) (r) Erwinia amylovora (fireblight)	(a) Pest free status for <i>Byturus</i> tomentosus (raspberry beetle) as per international standards or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against <i>Byturus tomentosus</i> (Raspberry beetle) or (c) I Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs @ 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against <i>Byturus</i> tomentosus (Raspberry beetle)
(iii) Romania	Free from: (a) Adoxophyes orana (Summer fruit tortrix) (b) Ametastegia (c) Archips podana (Great brown twist moth) (d) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (e) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flowerthrips) (f) Grapholita funebrana (Red plum maggot) (g) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (h) Hedya nubiferana (Bud moth) (i) Hoplocampa (j) Leucoptera malifoliella (Pear leaf blister moth) (k) Orthosia cerasi (common quaker) (l) Ostrinia nubilalis (European maize borer) (m) Pandemis heparana (apple brown tortrix) (n) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (o) Venturia pyrina (black spot of pear) (p) Erwinia amylovora (fireblight) (q) Apple stem pitting virus (Apple Spy 227 epinasty & decline)	(a) Pest free status for <i>Grapholita</i> funebrana (Red plum maggot) and Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) as per international standards or (b) Methyl Bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs @ 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Grapholita funebrana (Red plum maggot) and Grapholita molesta (oriental fruit moth) or (c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Grapholita funebrana (Red plum maggot) and Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth). The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

	(iv) Turkey	Free from (a) Byturus tomentosus (raspberry beetle) (b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (d) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flowerthrips) (e) Grapholita funebrana (red plum maggot) (f) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit fly) (g) Hedya nubiferana (bud moth) (h) Hoplocampa (i) Lymantria monacha (nun moth) (j) Erwinia amylovora (fire blight) (k) Tomato ring spot virus (ringspot of tomato)	(a) Pest free status of <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per International Standarad or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly.
	(v) Greece (vide S.O. 3357 (E) dt. 17 th September, 2019)	Free from: (a) Aculus schlechtendali (Apple rust mite) (b) Adoxophyes orana (summer fruit tortrix) (c) Ceratitis capitata (Mediteranian fruit fly) (d) Cydia pomonella (codling moth) (e) Erwinia amylovora (fireblight) (f) Forficula auricularia (European earwig) (g) Harmonia axyridis (harlequin ladybird) (h) Hoplocampa (i) Orthosia cerasi (common quaker) (j) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (k) Pseudococcus viburni (223isinfe mealybug) (l) Ametastegia (m) Cornu aspersum (common garden snail) (n) Grapholita funebrana (red plum maggot) (o) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (p) Operophtera brumata (winter moth) (q) Ostrinia nubilalis (European maize borer) (r) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (s) Pseudomonas viridiflava [bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)] (t) Venturia pyrina (black spot of pear)	Methyl Bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof. OR Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
	(vi) Serbia (vide S.O. 1404(E) dt. 27 th April, 2020)	Free from: (a) Aculus schlechtendali (Apple rust mite) (b) Adoxophyes orana (summer fruit tortrix) I Ceratitis capitata (Mediteranian fruit fly) (d) Cydia pomonella (codling moth) (e) Erwinia amylovora (fireblight) (f) Lacanobia oleracea (bright-line brown eye moth) (g) Orthosia cerasi (common quaker) (h) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (i) Grapholita inopinata (Manchurian fruit moth) (j) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (k) Ostrinia nubilalis (European maize borer)	Pest free status for <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly), <i>Grapholita inopinata</i> (Manchurian fruit moth) and <i>Grapholita molesta</i> (Oriental fruit moth) as per international standards. Or Methyl Bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against <i>Ceratitis capitata</i>

(vii) Bhutan	(l) Pandemis heparana (Apple brown totrix) (m) Monilia polystroma (Asiatic brown rot) (n) Venturia pyrina (black spot of pear) Free from:	(Mediterranean fruit fly), Grapholita inopinata (Manchurian fruit moth) and Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth). Or Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly), Grapholita inopinata (Manchurian fruit moth) and Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth). The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
(S.O. 3646 (E) dt. 14 th October, 2020)	(a) Byturus tomentosus (b) Marssonina coronaria (Synonym – Phyllachora pomigera)	Nil
(viii) South Korea (S.O. 1139(E), dt. 9 th March, 2021)	Free from: a. Aculus schlechtendali (Apple rust mite) b. Adoxophyes orana (Summer fruit tortrix) c. Botryosphaeria berengeriana f.sp. pyricola (Physalospora canker) d. Carposina sasaki (Peach fruit moth) e. Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) f. Harmonia axyridis (harlequin ladybird)	(i) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof or (ii) Pre-shipment / in-transit cold treatment at 0.0 degree C or below for 40 days.
	g. Metcalfa pruinosa (frosted moth-bug) h. Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth)	The treatment should be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin- re-export.
(ix) Portugal (vide S.O.1491(E), dt. 7 th April, 2021)	Free from: (a) Aculus schlechtendali (Apple rust mite) (b) Candidula intersecta (Wrinkled dune snail) (c) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (d) Cydia pomonella (Codling moth) (e) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (f) Epiphyas postvittana (light brown apple moth)	Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof or Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days;

			 (g) Forficula auricularia (European earwig) (h) Harmonia axyridis (harlequin ladybird) (i) Hoplocampa spp. (j) Leucoptera malifoliella (pear leaf blister moth) (k) Orthosia cerasi (common quaker) (l) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (m) Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealybug) (n) Pseudococcus viburni (Obscure mealybug) (o) Ametastegia spp. (p) Cornu aspersum (Common garden snail) (q) Grapholita funebrana (red plum maggot) (r) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (s) Ostrinia nubilalis (European maize borer) (t) Pantomorus cervinus (Fuller's rose beetle) (u) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (v) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)) (w) Venturia pyrina (black spot of pear) 	1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration. The treatment should be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin- re-export.Methyl bromide fumigation
(iii) Pyrus communis (Pears)	(iii) Fruits for consumption	(i) Belgium	Free from: (a) Adoxophyesorana (summer fruit tortrix) (b) Archips podana (great brown twist moth) (c) Cacopsylla pyri (pear sucker) (d) Cacopsylla pyricola (psyllid, pear) (e) Caliroa cerasi (pear and cherry slugworm) (f) Epidiaspisleperii (European pear scale) (g) Harmonia axyridis (harlequin ladybird) (h) Hoplocampa (i) Leucoptera malifoliella (pear leaf blister moth) (j) Operophtera brumata (winter moth) (k) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (l) Epitrimerus pyri (pear rust mite) (m) Helix aspersa (common snail) (n) Gymnosporangium fuscum (European pear rust) (o) Venturia pyrina (black spot of pear) (p) Erwiniaamylovora (fireblight)	Nil

	(iv) Pyrus spp.	(iii) Fruits for consumption	(ii) South Korea	Free from: (a) Aculus schlechtendali (Apple rust mite) (b) Adoxophyes orana (Summer fruit tortrix) (c) Botryosphaeria berengeriana f.sp. pyricola (Physalospora canker) (d) Carposina sasakii (Peach fruit moth) (e) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (f) Harmonia axyridis (Harlequin ladybird) (g) Metcalfa pruinosa (Frosted moth-bug) (h) Peridoma saucia (Pearly underwing moth)	(a) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs @ 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof or (b) Pre-shipment in-transit cold treatment at 0.0°C or below for 40 days. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
	(v) Cydonia spp. (Quince)	Fresh fruits for consumption	(i) South Korea (S.O. 1139(E), dt. 9 th March, 2021)	Free from: a. Aculus schlechtendali (Apple rust mite) b. Adoxophyes orana (Summer fruit tortrix) c. Botryosphaeria berengeriana f.sp. pyricola (Physalospora canker) d. Carposina sasaki (Peach fruit moth) e. Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) f. Harmonia axyridis (harlequin ladybird) g. Metcalfa pruinosa (frosted moth-bug) h. Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth)	(i) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof or (ii) Pre-shipment / in-transit cold treatment at 0.0 degree C or below for 40 days. The treatment should be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin- re-export.
542.	Populus nigra	(i) Timber logs with/without bark	(i) Belgium	Free from (a) Lymantria monacha (nun moth) (b) Anoplophora glabripennis (Asian longhorned beetle) (c) Cryptorhynchus lapathi (Poplar and willow borer) (d) Saperda carcharias (Large poplar borer) (e) Xanthomonas populi (Bacterial canker of poplar)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/reexport.

			(ii) Germany	Free from: (a) Anoplophora glabripennis (Asian longhorned beetle) (b) Lymantria monacha (nun moth) (c) Tremexf uscicornis(Tremex wasp) (d) Heterobasidion annosum (e) Cryptorhynchus lapathi (Poplar and willow borer) (f) Saperda carcharias (Large poplar borer) (g) Xanthomonas populi (Bacterial canker of poplar) (h) Eutypa lata (Eutypa dieback)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
543.	Portulaca spp. (Portulaca)	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA (ii) Australia	Free from Tobacco rattle virus (Spraing of potato)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from tobacco rattle virus.
			(iii) Netherlands	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(iv) Taiwan	Free from Aster yellows phytoplasma group	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from aster yellows phytoplasma group.
			(v) UK	Free from: (a) Duponchelia fovealis (Southern European marshland pyralid) (b) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth) (c) Phytonemus pallidus (Strawberry mite)	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
			(vi) Japan	Free from: (a) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth) (b) Phytonemus pallidus (Strawberry mite)	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds.
544.	Populus euramericana (Poplar)	(i) Seeds forsowing	Canada	Nil	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
		(ii) Cuttings	Canada	Free from: (a) Anoplophora glabripennis (b) Choristoneura rosaceana	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of

545.	Pot pourie/ dried decorative plant material	Decorative plant material (dried) for consumption	Any Country	(c) Euproctis chrysorrhoea (d) Hyphantria cunea (e) Leucoma salicis (satin moth) (f) Lygus lineolaris (plant bug) (g) Malacosoma americanum (h) Malacosoma disstria (i) Operophtera brumata (j) Peridroma saucia (pearly moth) (k) Zeuzera pyrina (leopard moth) (l) Botryosphaeria stevensii (m) Cryptodiaporthe populea (canker) (n) Drepanopeziza populorum (o) Heterobasidion annosum (p) Heterobasidion parviporum (q) Hypoxylon mammatum (canker) (r) Mycosphaerella populorum (s) Ophiostoma piceae (t) Phellinus tremulae (u) Phytophthora cryptogea (foot rot) (v) Rhizobium rhizogenes	Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month. (i) Fumigation with Methylbromide at 48 g/m³for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export. (ii) Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
546.	Pouteria caimito	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.

547.	Pouteria locuma	Plants/ cuttings	Israel		(i) Free from soil
547.	1 outerta tocuma	for propagation	151401		(ii) Commercial imports subject
		Tot propugation		to prior approval of	
					Department of Agriculture,
				Nil	Cooperation and Farmers
				1111	Welfare
					(iii) Post-entry quarantine for a
					growing period of 6-9
					months.
548.	Pouteria sapota	(i) Plants for	Thailand,		(i) Post-entry quarantine growing
	The state of the s	propagation	Australia, USA		for a period of 4-6 months
			,		(ii) Free from soil.
				277	(iii) Commercial imports subject
				Nil	to prior approval of
					Department of Agriculture,
					Cooperation and Farmers
					Welfare
		(ii) Plants/ cuttings	Israel		(i) Free from soil.
		for propagation			(ii) Commercial imports subject
				Nil	to prior approval of
					Department of Agriculture,
					Cooperation and Farmers
					Welfare.
					(iii) Post-entry quarantine for a
					growing period of 6-9
					months.
549.	Pouteria viridis	(i) Plants for	Thailand,		(i) Post-entry quarantine growing
		propagation	Australia, USA		for a period of 4-6 months
					(ii) Free from soil.
				Nil	(iii) Commercial imports subject
				INII	to prior approval of
					Department of Agriculture,
					Cooperation and Farmers
					Welfare
550.	Primula spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe		Free from soil and quarantine
	(Primula)		(ii) USA	Nil	weed seeds.
			(iii) Japan		
			(iv) Australia	Free from Pseudomonas syringae pv. Primulae (leaf	Free from quarantine weeds
				spot)	seeds.
551.	Protea spp.	(i) Plants/ cuttings	(i) Australia		Post-entry quarantine for a period
		for propagation		Nil	of 45 days.
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			(ii) USA	Free from: (a) Botryosphaeria dothidea (canker of almond) (b) Botryosphaeria stevensii (Botryosphaeria disease, grapevine)	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 10 months. (ii) Free from soil.
			(iii) Equador	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days. (ii) Free from soil
			(iv) Israel	Free from <i>Rosellinia necatrix</i> (dematophora root rot)	(i) Free from soil (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days
552.	Prunus spp. (Cherry)	Wood with/without bark	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Scolytus rugulosus (Shothole borer) (b) Synanthedon exitiosa (peachtree borer) I Xyleborus dispar (ambrosia beetle)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs at 21 ^o C and above or equivalent there of or any other treatment
			(ii) North America (except USA)	Free from <i>Pseudococcus maritimus</i> (Grape mealybug)	duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
			(iii) Europe	Free from <i>Phenacoccus aceris</i> (Apple mealybug)	The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
553.	Prunus avium (Sakura/Stella/Cherry blossom)	Rooted cuttings for propagation	(i)Japan	Free from: (a) Peach wart disease (b) Adoxophyes orana (fruit tortrix) (c) Caliroa cerasi (cherry sawfly) (d) Ceroplastes 230isinfest (wax scale) (e) Chaetocnema confinis (flea beetle) (f) Euproctis chrysorrhoea (g) Grapholita molesta (h) Homona magnanima (tea tortrix) (i) Hyphantria cunea (j) Malacosoma 230isinfes (k) Operophtera brumata (l) Parabemisia myricae (m) Philaenus spumarius (froghopper) (n) Sphaerolecanium prunastri (o) Amphitetranychus viennensis (p) Phytophthora cryptogea (foot rot) (q) Pseudomonas viridiflav (r) Rhizobium rhizogenes (s) Arabis mosaic virus (t) Little cherry virus (u) Peach latent mosaic viroid (v) Prune dwarf virus (w) Tomato ringspot virus	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month

			(ii) UK	Free from:	(i) Free from soil.
			(ii) UK	 (a) Apiognomonia erythrostoma (cherry leaf scorch) (b) Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare-bine) (c) Carnation ring spot virus (d) Cherry leaf roll virus (walnut ringspot) (e) Cherry rusty mottle disease (cherry rusty mottle (American) (f) Cherry virus A (g) Choreutis pariana (apple-and-thorn skeletonizer) (h) Conotrachelus nenuphar (plum curculio) (i) Euproctis chrysorrhoea (brown-tail moth) (j) Grapholita molesta (oriental fruit moth) (k) Leucoptera malifoliella (pear leaf blister moth) (l) Little cherry virus (m) Operophtera brumata (winter moth) (n) Orgyia 231isinfe (European tussock moth) (o) Philaenus spumarius (meadow froghopper) (p) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (q) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA) IRaspberry ring spot virus (ring spot of raspberry) (s) Strawberry latent ring spot virus (latent ring spot of strawberry) (t) Thekopsora areolata (cherry spruce rust) (u) Tomato ring spot virus (ring spot of tomato) 	\ /
				(v) <i>Venturia cerasi</i> (cherry scab) (w) <i>Xyleborus dispar</i> (pear blight beetle)	
				(x) Yponomeuta padellus (cherry ermine moth)	
554.	Prunus persica (Peach)	Scion/ budwoods/ graftsRooted plants for Propagation	(i) Iran	Free from: (a) Agriotes lineatus (wireworm) (b) Aporia crataegi (white butterfly) (c) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (d) Epidiaspis leperii (pear scale) (e) Operophtera brumata (f) Ostrinia nubilalis (maize borer) (g) Saturnia pyri (giant moth) (h) Sphaerolecanium prunastri (i) Thrips angusticeps (field thrips) (j) Xyleborus dispar (pear beetle) (k) Amphitetranychus viennensis (l) Xiphinema rivesi (m) Phytophthora cryptogea (foot rot) (n) Tomato ringspot virus	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month.

(ii) USA	Free from:	(i) Free from soil.
	(a) Acrosternum hilare (green bug)	(ii) Commercial imports subjec
	(b) Agriotes lineatus (wireworm)	to prior approval of
	(c) Archips fuscocupreanus	Department of Agriculture,
	(d) Archips rosana (leaf roller)	Cooperation and Farmers
	(e) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale)	Welfare.
	(f) Ceresa alta (buffalo treehopper)	(iii) Post-entry quarantine
	(g) Conotrachelus nenuphar	growing for 6-9 month.
	(h) Dysaphis plantaginea (apple aphid)	
	(i) Edwardsiana rosae (leafhopper)	
	(j) Epidiaspis leperii (pear scale)	
	(k) Epiphyas postvittana (apple moth)	
	(1) Frankliniella occidentalis	
	(m) <i>Grapholita molesta</i> (fruit moth)	
	(n) Grapholita packardi (fruitworm)	
	(o) Grapholita prunivora (plum moth)	
	(p) Homalodisca 232isinfest	
	(q) Lygus lineolaris (plant bug)	
	(r) Malacosoma americanum	
	(s) Metcalfa pruinosa	
	(t) Operophtera brumata (winter moth)	
	(u) Orgyia leucostigma (moth)	
	(v) Ostrinia nubilalis (maize borer)	
	(w) Pantomorus cervinus (rose beetle)	
	(x) Parabemisia myricae (whitefly)	
	(y) <i>Peridroma saucia</i> (pearly moth)	
	(z) Philaenus spumarius (froghopper)	
	(aa) Platynota stultana (leaf roller)	
	(bb) Scolytus schevyrewi (bark beetle)	
	(cc) Sphaerolecanium prunastri	
	(dd) Spilonota ocellana	
	(ee) Spodoptera frugiperda	
	(ff) Synanthedon pictipes (tree borer)	
	(gg) Thyridopteryx ephemeraeformis	
	(hh) <i>Xyleborus dispar</i> (pear beetle)	
	(ii) Aculus fockeui (plum rust mite)	
	(jj) Xiphinema diversicaudatum	
	(kk) Xiphinema rivesi (dagger nematode)	
	(II) <i>Apiosporina morbosa</i> (black knot)	
	(mm) Armillaria tabescens (root rot)	
	(nn) Botryosphaeria dothidea	
	(00) Botryosphaeria obtuse	
	(pp) Botryosphaeria stevensii	
	(qq) Diaporthe eres	
	(rr) Eutypa lata (Eutypa dieback)	

				(ss) Heterobasidion annosum (tt) Nectria radicicola (black root) (uu) Phymatotrichopsis 233isinfes (vv) Phytophthora citricola (ww) Phytophthora cryptogea (xx) Peach rosette phytoplasma (yy) Peach yellows phytoplasma (zz) Rhizobium rhizogenes (aaa) American plum line pattern virus (bbb)Cherry green ring mottle virus (ccc)Cherry rasp leaf virus (ddd) Cherry rusty mottle virus (eee)Peach rosette mosaic virus (fff) Prune dwarf virus (ggg) Strawberry latent ringspot virus (hhh) Tomato ringspot virus	
555.	Pseudotsuga menziesii (Douglas fir)	(i) Wood with/ withoutbark	(i) China	Free from: (a) Dendroctonus pseudotsugae (Dougles fir beetle) (b) Bursaphenchus xylophilus (Pine wood Nematode) (c) Hylobius abietis (Large pine weevil) (d) Hylastes ater (Black pine bark beetle) (e) Phellinus weirii (Laminated root rot) (f) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot) (g) Sirex juvencus (Steel-blue wood wasp) (h) Trypodendron lineatum (Striped ambrosia beetle) (i) Amylostereum areolatum (Sirex wasp fungus) (j) Botryosphaeria laricina (Shoot blight of larch) (k) Hylotrupes bajulus (House longhorn beetle) (l) Ips typographus (Eight-toothed bark beetle) (m) Lymantria monacha (Nun moth) (n) Orthotomicus erosus (Mediterranean pine beetle) (o) Rhizobium rhizogenes (Gall)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

	(ii) North America	Free from:	Fumigation with Methyl
		(a) Dendroctonus pseudotsugae (Dougles fir	bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs. at
		beetle)	21°C and above or equivalent
		(b) Bursaphenchus xylophilus (Pine wood	thereof or heat treatment at 56°C
		Nematode)	(core temperature) for 30
		(c) Choristoneura 234isinfe (Western spruce	minutes or any other treatment
		budworm)	approved by Plant Protection
		(d) Choristoneura fumiferana (Spruce budworm)	Adviser.
		(e) Choristoneura lambertiana (Sugar pine	The treatment should be
		Tortrix) (f) Heterobasidion annosum	The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary
		(g) Lambdina fiscellaria (Eastern hemlock looper)	
		(h) <i>Monochamus notatus</i> (Northeastern sawyer)	of origin/re-export.
		(i) Ophiostoma wageneri (Black-stain root	or originate export.
		disease)	
		(j) Orgyia pseudotsugata (Douglas-fir tussock	
		moth)	
		(k) Phaeocryptopus gaeumannii (Swiss needle	
		cast)	
		(l) Phellinus weirii (Laminated root rot)	
		(m) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot)	
		(n) Sirex juvencus (Steel-blue woodwasp)	
		(o) <i>Trypodendron lineatum</i> (Striped ambrosia beetle)	
		(p) Amylostereum areolatum (Sirex wasp fungus)	
		(q) Gibberella circinata (Pitch canker)	
		(r) Gremmeniella abietina (Brunchorstia disease)	
		(s) Heterobasidion parviporum (t) Hylotrupes bajulus (House longhorn beetle)	
		(u) <i>Leptographium procerum</i> (White pine root	
		decline)	
		(v) Ophiostoma piceae (Vascular mycosis of oak)	
		(w) Orthotomicus erosus (Mediterranean pine	
		beetle)	
		(x) Rhyacionia buoliana (European pine shoot	
		moth)	
		(y) Rhizobium rhizogenes (Gall)	
		(z) Otiorhynchus ovatus (Strawberry root weevil) (aa) Polygraphus rufipennis (Foureyed spruce	
		bark beetle)	
		vark beetle)	

	(iii) New Zealand	Free from:	Fumigation with Methyl
	(iii) New Zealand		Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs. at
		(a) Hylastes ater (Black pine bark)	
		(b) Otiorhynchus ovatus (Strawberry root weevil)	21°C and above or equivalent
		(c) Pseudocoremia suavis	thereof or heat treatment at 56°C
		(d) Heterobasidion annosum	(core temperature) for 30
		(e) Leptographium procerum (White pine root	minutes or any other treatment
		decline)	approved by Plant Protection Adviser.
		(f) Ophiostoma piceae (Vascular mycosis of oak)	Adviser.
		(g) Phaeocryptopus gaeumannii (Swiss needle	Til
		cast)	The treatment should be
		(h) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	endorsed on Phytosanitary
		(i) Phytophthora megasperma (root rot))	Certificate issued at the country
('') T' 1	(;) IIG A	(j) Amylostereum areolatum (Sirex wasp fungus)	of origin/re-export.
(ii) Tissue cul	ture (i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained	
plants		from mother stock tested and maintained free from	Nil
		virus.	
(iii) Timber lo		Free from:	Fumigation with Methyl
with/ with	out	(a) <i>Hylastes ater</i> (black pine bark beetle)	bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs. at
bark		(b) Heterobasidion annosum	21°C and above or equivalent
		(c) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	thereof or heat treatment at 56°C
		(d) Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall)	(core temperature) for 30
		(e) Ergates spiculatus (spined pine borer)	minutes or any other treatment
		(f) Phaeocryptopus gaeumannii (Swiss needle	approved by Plant Protection
		cast)	Adviser.
		(g) Phytophthora megasperma (root rot)	
		(h) Sirex juvencus (steel-blue wood wasp)	The treatment should be
		(i) Amylostereum areolatum (Sirex wasp fungus)	endorsed on Phytosanitary
		(j) Gibberella circinata (pitch canker)	Certificate issued at the country
		(k) Hylotrupes bajulus (house longhorn beetle)	of origin/re-export.
		(l) Otiorhynchus ovatus (strawberry root weevil)	
		(m) Ophiostoma piceae (vascular mycosis of oak)	
	(ii) Fiji	Free from:	Fumigation with Methyl
		(a) Orthotomicus erosus (Mediterranean pine	bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs. at
		beetle)	21°C and above or equivalent
		(b) Ergates spiculatus (spined pine borer)	thereof or heat treatment at 56°C
	(iii) Papua New	Free from:	(core temperature) for 30
	Guinea	(a) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomata foot rot)	minutes or any other treatment
		(b) Ergates spiculatus (spined pine borer)	approved by Plant Protection
	(iv)South Africa	Free from:	Adviser.
		(a) Hylotrupes bajulus (house long horn beetle)	
		(b) Orthotomicus erosus (Mediterranean pine	The treatment should be
		beetle)	endorsed on Phytosanitary
		(c) Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (pine wilt	Certificate issued at the country
		nematode)	of origin/re-export.

				 (d) Gibberella circinata (pitch canker) (e) Leptographium procerum (white pine root decline) (f) Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall) (g) Ergates spiculatus (spined pine borer) (h) Ophiostoma piceae (Vascular mycosis of oak) (i) Phytophthora cryptogea (trunk rot) (j) Amylostereum areolatum (Sirex wasp fungus) 	
		(iv) Cone for tissue culture production	USA	Free from: (a) Barbara colfaxiana (Douglas-fir cone moth) (b) Choristoneura fumiferana (Spruce budworm) (c) Conophthorus radiatae (Cone beetle, Monterey pine) (d) Lambdina fiscellaria (Eastern hemlock looper) (e) Gibberella circinata (Pitch canker) (f) Gremmeniella abietina (Brunchorstia disease) (g) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot) (h) Sirococcus conigenus (Sirococcus blight of conifers) (i) Contarinia oregonensis (Douglas-fir conegall midge) (j) Dioryctria abietivorella (Fir coneworm)	Nil
556.	Psidium cattleianum	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
557.	Psidium friedrichsthalia	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.

558.	Psidium guajava (Guava)	(i) Fruits for consumption	Thailand	Free from: (a) Bactrocera 237isinf (papaya fruit fly) (b) Bactrocera prifoliae	 (i) Pest free area status for Bactrocera papaya (Papaya fruit fly) and Bactrocera prifoliae as per international standards or (ii) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 3½ hrs at 21°C or above or equivalent thereof or (iii) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Bactrocera 237isinf (papaya fruit fly) and Bactrocera prifoliae.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Thailand	Free from Chondracris rosea (Citrus locust)	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Post entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
559.	Pteris (Pteris)	Plants for Propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
560.	Ptilotus spp.	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained form mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
561.	Ptychosperma macarthurii	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination.
562.	Pueraria phaseoloides (Tropical Kadzu)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds
563.	Punica granatum (Pomegranate)	(i) Fruits for consumption	Afghanistan	Nil	Nil
		(ii) Plants (graft) for propagation	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Paracoccus marginatus (papaya mealybug) (a) Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealy bug) (c) Armillaria tabescens (armillaria root rot) (d) Rhizobium rhizogenes	 (i) Commercial imports permitted subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.

		(ii) Europa	From from Anomyalois acustonias (corol moth)	(i) Commoraial imports
		(ii) Europe	Free from Apomyelois ceratoniae (carob moth)	 (i) Commercial imports permitted subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (ii) Post entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
	(iii) Scion/budwoods	(i) Afghanistan	Nil	(i) Free from soil.
	/grafts/ rooted plants for propagation	(ii) Iran	Free from: (a) Spodoptera littoralis (b) Zeuzera pyrina (Leopard moth)	 (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii)Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
	(iv) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	(iii) Israel	Free From: (a) Apate monachus(black borer) (b) Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth) (c) Spodoptera littoralis (cotton leafworm) (d) Zeuzera pyrina (moth, wood leopard)	(i) Free from soil. (ii)Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
	(v) Cuttings/	(i) Yemen	Free from: Spodoptera littoralis	(i) Free from soil.
	budwoods/ plants for propagation	(ii) Azerbaijan (iii) Georgia (Republic) (iv) Tajikistan, (v) Turkmenistan (vi) Uzbekistan	Free from: a) Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth) b) Pseudococcus comstocki (Comstock mealybug)	(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 months (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers
		(vii) Iran	Free from: a) Apomyelois ceratoniae	Welfare
			b) Lobesia botrana c) Spodoptera littoralis d) Zeuzera pyrina (leopard moth)	
		(viii) Turkey	Free from: a) Lobesia botrana b) Spodoptera littoralis c) Zeuzera pyrina	
		(ix) China	Free from: a) Pseudococcus comstocki b) Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 months

			(x) Thailand (xi) Syria	Free from: a) Pseudococcus comstocki b) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) c) Thosea 239isinfes (nettle grub) Free from: a) Apate monachus (black borer) b) Lobesia botrana c) Spodoptera littoralis d) Zeuzera pyrina	(iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
564.	Quassia amara (Quassia)	Wood with/without bark	(i) Mexico (ii) Brazil	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export
565.	Quercus spp. (Maju phal)	Grains (seeds) for consumption	Iran	Nil	(i) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
566.	Quercus spp. (Oak)	(i) Galls for consumption	(i) Turkey	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
567.	Ranunculus spp. (Ranunculus)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Japan (iv) Netherland	Free from <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Brown ring disease of hyacinth) Free from: (a) <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Brown ring disease of hyacinth) (b) Arabis mosaic virus (Hop bare-bine) Free from: (a) <i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i> (Brown ring disease of hyacinth) (b) Arabis mosaic virus (Hop bare-bine)	Free from quarantine weed seeds. Free from quarantine weed seeds. (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination (ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (a)

					authority at the country of origin.
		(ii) Bulbs for propagation	Netherlands	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (brown ring disease of hyacinth) (b) Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare-bine)	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season.
		(iii) Tissue culture plants	(i) Italy	a) Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from Impatiens necrotic spot virus (TSWV-1)	Nil
568.	Ranunculus arvensis	Tissue culture plants	Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
569.	Raphanus sativus (Radish)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia	Free from : (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (b) Turnip yellow mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds(ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin.
			(ii) Denmark (iii) Hong Kong (iv) Korea DPR (v) Vietnam	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vi) Korea ROK (vii) China	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(viii) Italy	Free from: (a) Pleosporum herbarum (leaf blight of onion) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (c) Radish mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds(ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from I by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(ix) Japan	Free from: (a) Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (b) Radish mosaic virus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds(ii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (b) by a competent authority at the country of origin
			(x) New Zealand	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(xi) France	Free from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (b) <i>Xanthomonas campestris pv. Campestris</i> (black rot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

			(xii) Chile	Free from <i>Peridroma saucia</i> (Pearly underwing moth)	Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds
			(xiii) Nepal	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination
			(xiv) USA	Free from: (a) Epitrix tuberis (Tuber flea beetle) (b) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing moth) (c) Pleospora herbarum (Leaf blight of onion) (d) Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)) (e) Xanthomonas campestris pv. Raphani (Leafspot) (f) Radish mosaic virus	 (i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil contamination. (ii) Fumigation with phosphine @ 3 g/m³ at NAP. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export. (iii) Seed crop inspection and certification for free from (e) and (f) by a competent authority at the country of origin
		Fresh vegetable for consumption	Nepal	Free from: (a) Erysiphe cruciferarum (Powdery mildew of crucifers)) (b) Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA))	Free from soil and other plant debris.
570.	Raphia spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Dried plant material for processing	(i) Madagascar (ii) Philippines	Free from <i>Oryctes monoceros</i> (coconut beetle)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
		(iii) Plants for propagation	Any country	Nil	(i) Free from soil.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months.
571.	Rheum spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Africa (ii) Kazakistan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from arabis mosaic nepovirus.	Nil

			(iii) Europe (iv) USA (v) Australia (vi) New Zealand (vii) Turkey (viii) Canada	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Arabis mosaic nepovirus (b) Cherry leaf roll nepovirus	Nil
			(ix) China	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from cherry leaf roll nepovirus	Nil
			(x) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Arabis mosaic nepovirus (b) Rhubarb temperate alphacryptovirus	Nil
			(xi) Any country except Europe, USA, Australia, New Zealand, Turkey, Canada, Africa, Kazakastan, Japan, China	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
572.	Rheum rhabarbarum	Frozen fruits for consumption	Poland	Free from: (a) Ametastegia (b) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (c) Pectobacterium rhapontici (rhubarb crown rot) (d) Turnip mosaic virus (cabbage A virus mosaic)	 (i) Free from any plant debris. (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C and above under NAP before processing/freezing of fruits and the treatment be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
573.	Rhododendron spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from rhododendron necrotic ringspot virus	Nil
			(ii) Any country except USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
574.	Ribes spp. (Gooseberry)	Fresh vegetable for consumption	Thailand	Nil	Free from soil.
575.	Ribes nigrum	Frozen Black currants for consumption	France	Nil	Free from any plant debris.
576.	Ribes rubrum	Frozen Red currants for consumption	Poland	Nil	Free from any plant debris.

577.	Ricinus communis (Castor)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Nepal (ii) Serbia (iii) Herzigovina	Nil	Commercial imports subject toprior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
			(iv) USA	Free from Rhizobium rhizogenes (gall)	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds
578.	Rosa spp. (Rose)	Rooted cuttings/ Grafts/ Bud wood/Saplings for planting	Any Country	Free from: (a) Crown gall (Agrobacterium tumefaciens) (b) Hairy root (A. rhizogenes) (c) Brand canker (Coniothyrium wernsdorfiae) (d) Brown canker (Cryptosporella umbrina) (e) Downy mildew (Peronospora sparsa) (f) Rust (Phragmidium spp.) (g) Rose streak virus (h) Rose wilt virus	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 18 months except budding for 90 days(ii) Free from soil for rooted cuttings.
579.	Rosmarinus officinalis (Rosemary)	(i) Plants for propagation	Israel	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
		(ii) Seeds for sowing	France	Free from <i>Helix aspersa</i> (common snail)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
580.	Rotalla rotundifolia	(i) Plants for propagation	Japan	Nil	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 60 days.
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Japan	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
581.	Rubus idaeus (Vilamete raspberries)	Frozen fruits for consumption	Serbia	Nil	Free from any plant debris
582.	Rudbeckia spp. (Black eyed susan)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Taiwan (ii) USA (iii) Russia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
583.	Rumohra adiantiformis (Leather leaf fern)	(i) Tissue culture plants	Israel	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
		(ii) Rhizome/ Plants for propagation	(i) Israel (ii) South Africa (iii)The Netherlands	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days. (ii) Free from soil.
584.	Ruscus aculeatus	Plants for propagation	South Africa	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 4-6 months. (ii) Free from soil

585.	Salix spp. (Willows)	(i) Wooden logs with/without bark/clefts	Europe	Free from: (a) Saperda carcharias (Greater poplar longhorn) (b) Saperda populnea (Poplar borer) (c) Zeuzera pyrina (Wood leopard moth)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g. per cubic metre for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export
		(ii) Cuttings/ grafts/ rooted plants for propagation	(i) Germany	Free from: (a) Adoxophyes orana (fruit tortrix) (b) Ametastegia (c) Cryptorhynchus lapathi (d) Euproctis chrysorrhoea (tail moth) (e) Malacosoma Neustria (f) Operophtera brumata (winter moth) (g) Orgyia 244isinfe (tussock moth) (h) Orthosia cerasi (common quaker) (i) Otiorhynchus armadillo (j) Peridroma saucia (pearly moth) (k) Rabdophaga saliciperda (gall midge) (l) Saturnia pavonia (small moth) (m) Saturnia pyri (giant moth) (n) Scolytus intricatus (bark beetle) (o) Thrips angusticeps (field thrips) (p) Tremex fuscicornis (Tremex wasp) (q) Xyleborus dispar (ambrosia beetle) (r) Phellinus igniarius (s) Xanthomonas populi	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research
			(ii) USA	Free from: (a) Adoxophyes orana (fruit tortrix) (b) Ametastegia (c) Cryptorhynchus lapathi (d) Euproctis chrysorrhoea (tail moth) (e) Malacosoma Neustria (f) Operophtera brumata (winter moth) (g) Orgyia 244isinfe (tussock moth) (h) Orthosia cerasi (common quaker) (i) Peridroma saucia (pearly moth) (j) Rabdophaga saliciperda (gall midge) (k) Saturnia pavonia (small moth)	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research

		iii) Clefts for processing	(i) Australia	(l) Scolytus intricatus (bark beetle) (m) Thrips angusticeps (field thrips) (n) Xyleborus dispar (ambrosia beetle) (o) Eutypa lata (Eutypa dieback) Free from: (a) Tremex fuscicornis (tremex wasp) (b) Agrianome spinicollis (longocorn beetle) (c) Anoplophora glabripennis (Asian longhorned beetle) (d) Paroplites australis (Longocorn beetle) (e) Bifiditermes improbus (f) Coptotermes acinaciformis (g) Coptotermes frenchi	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above Or Heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes. The treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of origin/re-export.
586.	Salvia spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing		Free from:- (a) Lygus lineolaris (tarnished plant bug) (b) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (c) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealy bug)	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	(i) Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from Nerine latent virus.	Nil
			(ii) Costa Rica (iii)USA	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
587.	Salvia divinorum	Dried leaves for consumption	Mexico	Free from: (a) Lygus lineolaris (tarnished plant bug) (b) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth)	 (i) Free from soil and other plant debris. (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
588.	Salvia hispanica	(i) Seeds for sowing	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil
		(ii) Seeds for consumption (S.O. 2525(E) dated 15 th July, 2019)	Argentina	Nil	Free from (a) Quarantine weed seeds as listed under Shedule VIII of PQ Order, 2003 (b) Soil Contaminations

589.	Salvia officinalis (Sage)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark (ii) Netherlands (iii) France	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Israel	Free from: (a) Peridroma saucia (Pearly underwing) (b) Spodoptera littoralis (Cotton leafworm)	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
590.	Salvia splendens (Salvia)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Taiwan (iv) Russia (v) Japan (vi) Israel (vii) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
591.	Sandoricum koetjape	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Israel	Nil	 (i) Free from soil (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Post-entry quarantine for a growing period of 6-9 months.
592.	Sansevieria spp.	(i) Plants for propagation	(i) USA	Free from: (a) Hercinothrips femoralis (Banded greenhouse thrips) (b) Opogona sacchari (Banana moth) (c) Otiorhynchus sulcatus (Vine weevil) (d) Hoplolaimus galeatus	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
			(ii) Europe	Free from <i>Opogona sacchari</i> (banana moth)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
			(iii) Malaysia	Free from <i>Otiorhynchus sulcatus</i> (vine weevil)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 45 days.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses.	Nil
593.	Santalum spp. (Sandalwood)	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
594.	Sarosonia spp.	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
595.	Saussurea lappa (Kuth)	Dried roots for consumption	China	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
596.	Scabiosa	Tissue culture plants	Netherlands	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil

597.	Schefflera spp. (Brassia)	Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
		Plants for propagation	Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
598.	Schinus terebinthifolius (Baie rose bresi)	Fruits for consumption purpose	Brazil, Europe	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris
599.	Schizanthus spp. (Schizanthus)	Seeds for sowing	(i) France (ii) UK (iii) Germany (iv) Netherlands (v) Denmark (vi) USA (vii) Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
600.	Scholtzia involucrate	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
601.	Sclerocarrya birrea	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds
602.	Senecio spp. (Senecio)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Europe (ii) USA (iii) Japan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Japan	Free from: (a) Beet western yellow virus (b) Chrysanthemum virus B	Post-entry quarantine growing for 45 days period.
		(iii) Tissue cultured Plants	(i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Bidens mottle potyvirus (b) Tomato spotted wilt virus (c) Tobacco mosaic virus	Nil
			(ii) New Zealand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from potato virus Y	Nil
			(iii) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from arabis mosaic nepovirus.	Nil
			(iv) Eurasian region	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from beet mild yellowing luteovirus.	Nil
			(v) Gernmany (vi) Scotland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from elm mottle virus.	Nil

	T		(vii) Any country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were	1
			except USA, New	obtained from mother stock tested and maintained	
				free from virus	
			Zealand, Japan,	iree from virus	Nil
			Eurasian region,		
			Germany,		
			Scotland		
603.	Senna siamea	Plants for	(i) Asia	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for
	(Cassia)	propagation	(ii) USA	TVII	45 days period.
604.	(i) Sesamum spp.	(i) Grains (seeds) for	(i) Somalia		(i) Fumigation with Methyl
	(Sesamum)	consumption	(ii) Sudan		bromide at 16 g/m ³ for 24 hrs. at
			(iii) Senegal		21°C and above or equivalent or
			(iv) African		any other treatment approved by
			countries		the Plant Protection Adviser to
			(v) Pakistan		the Government of India and
				Nil	the treatment should be
					endorsed on Phytosanitary
					Certificate issued at the Country
					of Origin/re-export.
					(ii) Free from quarantine weed
					seeds and soil
					contamination.
			(vi) Bangladesh		(i) Free from quarantine weed
			(vii) Mexico		seeds and soil contamination.
			(1-1)		(ii) Methyl Bromide
					fumigation @ 16 g/m ³ for
					24 hrs at 21°C and above or
					equivalent or any other
				Nil	treatment approved by the
					Plant Protection Adviser.
					The treatment should be
					endorsed on Phytosanitary
					certificate issued at the
					country of origin/re-export.
		(::) C1	(i) USA		
		(ii) Germplasm material for research			(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		only	(11) Netherlands		
		Only			(ii) Commercial imports
					subject to prior approval of
				Nil	Department of Agriculture,
					Cooperation and Farmers
					Welfare.
					(iii) Crop inspection for free
					from quarantine weed
					seeds.

	(ii) Sesamum indicum (Sesamum) (Non-GMO) (vide S.O. 352(E) dt. 24 th Jan. 2020)	Grains (seeds) for consumption	Brazil	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination
605.	Sesbania cannabina	Seeds for sowing	Pakistan	Nil	Freedom from quarantine weed seeds, soil and any plant debris
606.	Sesbania sesban Sesbania spp.	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
607.	Setaria glauca, S. italica	Germplasm material for research only	(i) China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) USA	Free from: (a) Foxtail mosaic virus (b) Wheat streak mosaic virus	 (i) Free from soil. And plant debris (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 months (iii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from Wheat streak mosaic virus and Foxtail mosaic virus
608.	Shorea laevis	Wood with/ without bark	Indonesia	Free from: (a) Coptotermescurvignathus (Rubbertermite) (b) Xyleborus pseudopilifer (Shot-hole borer) (c) Xylosandrus ater (Shot-hole borer)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export
609.	Silene spp. (Campion)	Tissue cultured plants	USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from viruses.	Nil
610.	Silybum marianum (Milk Thistle)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
611.	Sinningia spp. (Gloxinia)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia (ii) Europe (iii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
612.	Sisymbrium irio	Seeds for Medicinal purpose	China	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and other plant debris.

613.	Small fruit plant species:				
	(a) Blue berry and Cranberry (Vaccinium spp.)	(i) Cuttings Rooted/ unrooted/ Grafts / Bud wood/ Saplings for planting	Any Country	Free from: (a) Leaf rust (Pucciniastrum myrtili) (b) Red leaf (Exobasidium vaccinii) (c) Red gall (Synchytrium vaccinii) (d) Witches broom (Pucciniastrum goeppertianum) (e) Straw berry weevils (Anthonomus signatus and A. bisignifer) (f) Blue berry viruses viz., blue berry mosaic, shoestring, red (necrotic) ring spot, leaf mottle, peach rosette and tomato ring spot (g) Phytoplasmas (blueberry stunt, witches broom and cranberry false blossom	(i) Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 9-12 months; (iii) Free from soil (iv)Dormant cuttings shall be Appropriately treated or fumigated at the country of origin prior to shipment and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
		(ii) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Mummy berry (<i>Monilia vacciniicorymbasi</i>) (b) Viruses affecting blueberry and cranberry as per item (f) above.	As per conditions (i) and (ii) stated above.
		(iii) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue-cultured plants are obtained from mother stock tested/indexed and maintained virus-free.	As per condition (i) stated above.
		(iv) Fresh fruit for consumption	(i) Canada	Free from:- (i) Grapholita packardi (Cherry fruitworm) (ii) Rhagoletis mendax (Blueberry fruit fly) (iii) Spodoptera frugiperda (Fall armyworm) (iv) Diaporthe vaccinii (Phomopsis twig blight of blueberry) (v) Peach rosettemosaic virus (rosette mosaic of peach) (vi) Tomato ringspot virus (ringspot of tomato)	Pest free status for <i>Rhagoletis</i> mendax (Blueberry fruit fly) as per international standards Or (a) Methyl bromide fumigation (a) 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Blueberry fruit fly. Or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Blueberry fruit fly. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.

T I	(ii) C1-i1-	Free from:-	Experience
	(ii) Chile (Cranberry)	(a) Spodoptera eridania (Southern armyworm) (b) Spodoptera frugiperda (Fall armyworm) (c) Diaporthe vaccinii (Phomopsis twig blight of blueberry) (d) Tomato ringspotvirus (ringspot of tomato)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs @ 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment duly approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Govt. of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/ re-export.
	(iii) Chile [Vaccinium corymbosum (Blueberry)] (S.O. 3141 (E), dated 29 th August, 2019)	Free from: (a) Spodoptera eridania (Southern armyworm) (b) Spodoptera frugiperda (Fall armyworm) (c) Diaporthe vaccinii (Phomopsis twig blight of blueberry) (d) Tomato ringspot virus (ringspot of tomato) * In case if MB fumigation or in-transit cold treatment options are used instead of PFA for Mediterranean fruit fly, then ADR for Ceratitis capitata must be included. **If any non-compliance is detected, the consignment will be dealt as per the relevant provisions of Plant Quarantine Order, 2003. NPPO, India also reserves the right to review the conditions if violations of the conditions are observed.	(i) Pest free area status for Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international Standards. Or b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly. Or c) In transit cold treatment of 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11days, 1.1°C or below for 12 days.
	(iv)Australia	Free from: a) Aspidiotus nerii (Aucuba scale) b) Bactrocera tryoni (Queensland fruit fly) c) Guignardia vaccinii (Berry speckle) d) Pseudomonas viridiflava(Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA))	i. Pest free area status for Bactrocera tryoni (Queensland fruit fly) as per international standards; or ii. Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/ m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above under NAP; or Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/ m³ for 3¹/2 hrs at 15°C or above under NAP; or equivalent thereof against Queensland fruit fly; Or iii. Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days

		(v) Peru (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th	Free from: a) Peridroma saucia b) Phytonemus pallidus	or greater; 0.55°C or below for 14 days or greater; 1.1°C or below for 18 days or greater orin-transit cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days or greater; 0.55°C or below for 14 days or greater; 1.1°C or below for 18 days or greater against Queensland fruit fly. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of Origin/ re-export.
		September, 2021)		
	(v) Fresh and dry fruits	USA	Free from: (a) Grapholita packardi (Cherry fruitworm) (b) Rhagoletis mendax (Blueberry fruit fly) (c) Spodoptera eridania (Southern armyworm) (d) Spodoptera frugiperda (Fall armyworm) (e) Diaporthe vaccinii (Phomopsis twig blight of blueberry) (f) Peach rosette mosaic virus (Rosette mosaic of peach) (g) Tomato ringspot virus (Ringspot of tomato)	Pest free status for <i>Rhagolestis mendax</i> (Blueberry fruit fly) as per international standards Or (a) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly. Or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°Cor below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus intransit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°Cor below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.

(b) Gooseberry and Currants (<i>Ribes</i> spp)	(i) Cuttings Rooted/un- rooted)/Bud wood/ Grafts/ Saplings	Any Country Any Country	Free from: (a) American (Gooseberry) mildew (Sphaerotheca morsuvae) (b) European (Gooseberry) mildew (Microsphaeria grassulariae) (c)Leaf spot (Anthracnose) (Pseudopeziza ribis) (d) Cluster cup rust (Puccinia pringsheimiana) (e) Black pustule (Plowrightia ribesia) (f) Cane blight (Botryosphaeria ribris) (g) Viruses viz., black current reversion, gooseberry vein banding, arabis mosaic, and strawberry latent ring spot. Free from seed-borne viruses such as raspberry ring	 (i) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 9-12 months. (iii) Free from soil (iv) Dormant cuttings shall be appropriately fumigated or treated at the country of origin and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate. As per condition (i) and (ii).
	sowing (iii) Tissue cultured plants	Any Country	spot, arabis mosaic and strawberry latent ring spot. Certified that the tissue-cultured plants are obtained from mother stock tested/indexed and maintained virus-free.	As per condition (i).
(c) Raspberry (Rubus spp.)	(i) Cuttings Rooted/un- rooted)/ Bud wood / Grafts/Saplings.	Any Country	Free from: (a) Crown gall (Agrobacterium tumaefaciens) (b) Hairy root (A. rhizogenes) (c) Rusts (Gymnoconia nitens, Kuehneola uredinalis, Phragmedium bulbosum, P. rubiidaeli, P. violacearum and Pucciniastrum americanum) (d) Downy mildew (Peronospora rubi) (e) Straw berry weevils (Anthonomus signatus and A. bisignifer) (f) Viruses such as leaf mottle, leaf spot, bushy dwarf, leaf curl, raspberry (black) necrosis, vein chlorosis and yellow dwarf, arabis mosaic and strawberry shoestring.	 (i) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 9-12 months. (iii) Free from soil (iv) Dormant cuttings shall be appropriately fumigated or treated at the country of origin and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
	(ii) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from seed-borne viruses such as raspberry ring spot, arabis mosaic and straw berry latent ring spot.	As per condition (i) and (ii).
	(iii) Tissue cultured Plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue-cultured plants are obtained from mother stock tested/indexed and maintained virus-free.	As per condition (i).
(d) Straw berry (Fragaria spp.)	(i) Stem (runner) cuttings (rooted/ un-rooted) for planting.	Any Country	Free from: (a) Phomopsis blight (Phomopsis obscurens) (b) Red stele (Phytophthora fragariae) (c) Crown rot (Phytophthora cactorum) (d) Angular leaf spot (Xanthomonas fragariae) (e) American dagger nematode (Xiphinemaamericanum) (f) Leaf blotch (Gnomonia fragariae) (g) Straw berry weevils (Anthonomus signatus and	 (i) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 9-12 months. (iii)Free from soil (iv) Dormant cuttings shall be

	1	1	1		
		(ii) Seeds for	Any Country	A. bisignifer) (h) Straw berry viruses viz., vein banding, crinkle leaf (rhabdovirus), mild yellow edge, latent ring spot (nepovirus), latent C. (i) Aster yellows, straw berry green petal, phyllody and yellows (phytoplasmas). Free from seed-borne viruses such as arabis mosaic.	appropriately fumigated or treated at the country of origin and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate. The above condition at (i) and (ii)
		sowing (iii) Tissue-cultured plants for planting		raspberry ring spot and straw berry latent ring spot. Certified that tissue-cultured plants are obtained from mother stock indexed/tested and maintained virus-free.	The above condition at (i)
	(e) Blue berry (Vaccinium corymbosum) (S.O. 2512(E), dated 10.06.2021)	Fresh fruits for consumption	Georgia	Free from Adoxyphyes orana (Summer fruit tortrix)	Nil
614.	(i) Soil	In any form (for research purpose)	Any country	Free from: Insect pests, nematodes, microbes and quarantine weed seeds	(i) Dry heat at 121°C (core temp.) for two hours or (ii) Steam heat (autoclave) at 121°C for 30 minutes at 15 psi
	(ii) Growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials)	In any form (with or without plant)		Free from: Insect pests, nematodes, microbes and quarantine weed seeds	Steam heat (autoclave) at 121°C for 30 minutes at 15 psi
	(iii) Sand	In any form (for non-agricultural purpose)		Free from: Insect pests, nematodes, microbes quarantine weed seeds and organic matter like plant debris etc.	Nil
	(iv) Peat or sphagnum moss	In any form		Free from: Insect pests, nematodes, microbes, quarantine weed, soil	(i) Steam heat (autoclave) at 121°C for 30 minutes at 15 <i>psi</i> or (ii) Peat should be excavated beneath 2 meter from the surface.
	(v) Similar materials: inorganic soil additives, Leonardite, Lignite, Pure sand (Silica, Zircon, Quartz etc.), Pure clay like Kaolin etc., Rock aggregates and Gravel, Volcanic, Pumice, Chalk, Rock salt, Diatomaceous earth, All kinds of ore, Vermiculite, Perlite, Gypsum, Geoliote etc.,	In any form (for industrial and non agricultural purpose)		Nil	Free from organic matter like plant debris etc.

	(vi) Stone	Aggregates/dust	(i) Nepal	Free from Organic matter like plant debris etc.	Nil
		(for non-agricultural purpose)	(ii) Brunei (iii) Cambodia (iv) Indonesia (v) Laos (vi) Malaysia (vii) Myanmar (viii) Philippines (ix) Singapore (x) Thailand (xi) Vietnam (S.O.1728(E) dated 6 th May, 2019)	Free from Organic matter like plant debris etc. and soil.	Nil
615.	Solanum quitoense (Naranjilla)	Germplsm material for research only	(i) Spain	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine
	(Ivaranjina)		(ii) Italy (iii) USA	Free from Globodera tabacum	weed seeds
616.	Solanum melongena (Brinjal/ Eggplant/ Aubergine)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) China	Free from <i>Pythium spinosum</i> (root rot)	(i) Free from soil contamination. (ii) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) Europe	Free from: (a) Pepino mosaic virus (b) Tomato bushy stunt virus (<i>Lycopersicon</i> virus 4) (c) Tomato black ring nephovirus	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from Pepino mosaic virus, Tomato bushy stunt virus (Lycopersicon virus 4) and Tomato black ring nephovirus
			(iii) Japan (iv) Vietnam (v) Philippines (vi)Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vii) USA	Free from Tomato bushy stunt virus (<i>lycopersicon</i> virus 4)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from tomato bushy stunt virus.
			(viii) Jordan (ix) Israel	Free from: (a) Peronospora hyoscyami f. sp. Tabacina (angular tobacco leaf spot) (b) Eggplant mottled dwarf virus (hibiscus vein yellowing virus)	(i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from eggplant mottled dwarf virus.
			(x) Russia (xi)Taiwan	Free from: (a) Peronospora hyoscyami f.sp. tabacina (b) Pepino mosaic virus	(i) Freedom from quarantine weed seeds (ii) Post-entry quarantine

	1			(c) Tomato bushy stunt virus	growing for 2-3 months
					(iii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from Pepino mosaic virus and Tomato bushy stunt virus
		(ii) Vegetables for consumption	Thailand	Free from: (a) Bactrocera 256isinf (papaya fruit fly) (b) Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) (c) Tetranychus marianae (d) Tetranychus truncatus	Pest-free area status for papaya fruit fly (<i>Bactrocera 256isinf</i>) as per international standards.
617.	Solanum muricatum (Pepino)	(i) Seeds for sowing (ii) Cuttings	(ii) Spain (iii) USA	Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine for one growth season except for research
		(iii) Plants/ Cuttings for propagation	(iv) Israel	Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii)Post-entry quarantine for one growth season except for research
618.	Solanum tuberosum (Potato)	(i) Tubers for consumption	(i)Egypt	Free from: (a) Phoma exigua var. foveata (Gangrene) (b) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (c) Potato Spindle Tuber Viroid (PSTVd) (d) Pratylenchus goodeyi (banana lesion nematode)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris.(ii) Potato tubers shall be washed with clean water
			(ii)Pakistan	Free from: (a) Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. Sepedonicus (Potato ring rot) (b) Ditylenchus depsaci (Stem and Bulb nematode) (c) Ditylenchus destructor (Potato tuber nematode) (d) Globodera (Hetrodera) 256isinf (Potato cyst nematode) (e) Globodera (Hetrodera) rostochiensis (Potato cyst nematode) (f) Potato mop-top virus (g) Pratylenchus neglectus (California meadow nematode) (h) Pratylenchus scribneri	before packing. (iii) Potato tubers shall be treated with a recommended

			(:::\T1	F f	
			(iii)Turkey	Free from: (a) Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. Sepedonicus (Potato ring rot) (b) Ditylenchus depsaci (Stem and Bulb nematode) (c) Ditylenchus destructor (Potato tuber nematode) (d) Globodera (Heterodera) 257isinf (Potato cyst nematode) (e) Globodera (Heterodera) rostochiensis (Potato cyst nematode) (f) Leptinotarsa decemlineata (Colarado potato beetle) (g) Meloidogyne chitwoodi (Columbia root-knot nematode) (h) Meloidogyne ethiopica (Root-knot nematode) (i) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
			(iv) Bhutan (S.O. 3646(E) dt. 14 th October, 2020)	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris.
		(ii) Tubers for processing	(iv) Germany	Free from: (a) Clavibacter michiganensis subsp. Sepedonicus (Potato ring rot) (b) Ditylenchus destructor (Potato tuber nematodes) (c) Ditylenchus dipsaci (Stem & bulb nematodes) (d) Globodera (Heterodera) rostochiensis (Potato cyst nematodes) (e) Globodera (Heterodera) 257isinf (Potato cyst nematodes) (f) Leptinotarsa decemlineata (Colarado potato beetle) (g) Phoma exigua var. foveata (Gangrene) (h) Phoma exigua var. linicola (Foot rot) (i) Phytophthora cryptogea (Tomato foot rot) (j) Polyscytalum pustulans (Skin spot of potato) (k) Potato mop-top virus (l) Synchytrium endobioticum (Potato wart)	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris. (ii) Potato tubers shall be washed with clean water before packing. (iii) Prophylactic chemical treatment of packages and empty container (iv) Points of entry for this consignment shall be as per the Clause 3 (14), Chapter-II of PQ Order, 2003. (v) Zero spillage during transit from point of entry to processing unit. The conditions (i) to (iii) should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
619.	Solidago spp.	(i) Cuttings/ Plants for propagation	(i) The Netherlands	Free from: (a) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (b) Rhizobium radiobacter (crown gall)	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 90 days.

		(ii) Tissue culture plants	(i) Israel	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus	Nil
620.	Sorghum spp. (Sorghum)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bacterial blight (<i>Burkholderia andropogoni</i>) (b) Bacterial leaf streak (<i>Xanthomonas vasicola pv. Holcicola</i>) (c) Milo disease (<i>Periconia circinata</i>) (d) Striga weed (<i>Striga harmonthica</i>) (e) Sorghum viruses viz. chlorotic spot, mosaic	Import except the trial material of the same crop species or variety as specified in Schedule XII of this Order subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture.
621.	Sterculiae lychnophora	Dried seeds for consumption	(i)Thailand (ii)Indonesia (iii)China (iv)Vietnam	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination.
622.	Sterlinga- S.latifolia	Dry flowers for decoration	Australia	Free from <i>Pineus pini</i> (Pine woolly aphid)	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil
623.	Stevia spp.	(i) Tissue cultured Plants	Any Country	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
		(ii)Cuttings for propagation	(i) Kenya	Free from: Septoria steviae (Septoria leaf spot)	Post entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
624.	(i) Stone fruits (plum, peach, cherry, apricot, almond, 258isinfest) (Prunus spp.)	(i) Stones (Seeds)/ Grafts/ Bud wood/ Cuttings.	Any Country	Free from: (a) Crown gall (Agrobacterium tumefaciens) (b) Hairy root (A. rhizogenes) (c) Bacterial die back of peach (Pseudomonas syringae pv. Persicae syn. P. morsprunorum) (d) Black knot (Dibotryan morbosum) (e) Gummosis (Euitypa armeniaceae) (f) Brown rot (Monilinia fructicola) (American strain) (g) Blossom blight and fruit rot (M. laxa) (h) Scab (Venturia cerasi, V. carpophila) (i) Cherry leaf spot (Blumeriella jaapii) (j) Plum weevil (Conotrachelus menuphar) (k) Stone virus viz. Prunus virus S.	 (i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 1-2 years (ii) Commercial imports are subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (iii) Plants cuttings shall be appropriately fumigated or treated against insect infestation prior to dispatch at the country of origin and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate. The stones (seeds) shall be treated with suitable fungicide.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plant	Any Country	Certified that the tissue-cultured plants obtained from mother stock indexed/tested and maintained virus-free	The above conditions shall not apply except the condition at (ii).

(iii) Fresh fruits (i) Any Country	Free from:	(a) Pest free area status for
for consumption	(a)Oriental fruit moth (Cydia molesta) (b)Gypsy moth (Lymantria dispar) (c) Mediterranean fruit fly (Ceratitis capitata) (d)Manchurian fruit moth (Cydia inopinata) (e)Cherry fruitworm (C. packardi) (f)Plum moth (C. prunivora) (g) Cherry fruit fly (Rhagoletis spp.) (h)Peach fruit moth (Carposina niponenosis) (i) Queensland fruit fly (Bactrocera tryoni)	Mediterranean fruit fly (<i>Ceratitis capitata</i>) and Cherry fruit flies (<i>Rhagoletis</i> spp.) as per internationalstandards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Cherry fruit flies and Mediterranean fruit fly or (c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against cherry fruit flies and
('') 4 (1'		Mediterranean fruit fly
(ii) Australia	Free from: a) Oriental fruit moth (Cydia molesta) b) Gypsy moth (Lymantria dispar) c) Mediterranean fruit fly (Ceratitis capitata) d) Manchurian fruit moth (Cydia inopinata) e) Cherry fruit worm (Cydia packardi) f) Plum moth (Cydia prunivora) g) Cherry fruit fly (Rhagoletis spp.) h) Peach fruit moth (Carposina niponenosis) i) Queensland fruit fly (Bactrocera tryoni)	(i) Pest free status for Bactrocera tryoni (Queensland fruit fly) and Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards. Or (ii)Methyl bromide fumigation 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Cherry fruit flies and Mediterranean fruit fly Or (iii) Pre-shipment / in-transit cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus intransit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in transit refrigeration against Queensland fruit fly.

	(iv) Dry fruits for consumption	Any Country	Free from: (a) Mediterranean flour moth (Ephestia kuehniella) (b) Apricot chalci (c) Ephestia elutella (Tobacco moth) (d) Plodia interpunctella (Indian male moth)	above under NAP and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.
	(v) Almonds for consumption	USA	Free from: (a) Mediterranean flour moth (Ephestia kuehniella) (b) Tobacco moth (Ephestia elutella) (c) Indian meal moth (Plodia interpunctella)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 16 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose. Or for Almonds, fumigation by phosphine or by any other fumigant/ substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose so as to result incomplete mortality of all life stages of quarantine pests mentioned in the column 5 and the treatment shall be endorsed on the Phytosanitary Certificate.
(ii) Prunus domestica (Plum)	Fresh fruits for consumption	Spain (S.O. 1954 (E), dated 11 th June, 2019)	Free from: a) Adoxophyes orana (summer fruit tortrix) b) Amphitetranychus viennensis (hawthorn (spider) mite) c) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) d) Cydia pomonella (codling moth) e) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) f) Erwinia amylovora (fireblight) g) Eupoecilia ambiguella (grapevine moth) h) Forficula auricularia (European earwig) i) Frankliniella tritici (eastern flower thrips) j) Grapholita funebrana (red plum maggot) (Syn: Cydia funebrana) k) Grapholita molesta (Oriental fruit moth) (Syn: Cydia molesta) l) Leucoptera malifoliella (pear leaf blister moth)	 (a) Pest free area status for Mediterranean fruit fly (<i>Ceratitis capitata</i>) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or (c) Pre-shipment/ in-transit cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued

625.	(iii) Prunus persica (Peach) (iv) Prunus persica var. nucipersica (Nectarine)	Fresh fruits for consumption Fresh fruits for consumption (i) Seeds for sowing	(S.O. 1954 (E), dated 11 th June, 2019) Spain (S.O. 1954 (E), dated 11 th June, 2019)	m) Lobesia botrana (European grapevine moth) n) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) o) Pseudococcus viburni (obscure mealybug) p) Sphaerolecanium prunastri (plum scale) q) Spodoptera littoralis (cotton leafworm) Free from: (a) Adoxophyes orana (summer fruit tortrix) (b) Amphitetranychus viennensis (hawthorn spider mite) (c) Aspidiotus nerii (Oleander scale) (d) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (e) Cydia pomonella (codling moth) (f) Epidiaspis leperii (European pear scale) (g) Forficula auricularia (European earwig) (h) Grapholita funebrana (red plum maggot) (Syn: Cydia funebrana) (i) Grapholita molesta (Syn.Cydia molesta) (Oriental fruit moth) (j) Leucoptera malifoliella (pear leaf blister moth) (k) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (l) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) Free from: (a) Grapholita molesta (Syn.Cydia molesta) (Oriental fruit moth)	(a) Pest free area status for Mediterranean fruit fly (<i>Ceratitis capitata</i>) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or (c) Pre-shipment/ in-transit cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export. (a) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or (b) Pre-shipment / in-transit cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export. Free from quarantine weed seeds
023.	Si ciuzia reginac		(ii) South Africa	Nil	-
(0.5		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any Country	Nil	Post entry quarantine for a period of 45 days
626.	Streptocarpus spp.	(i) Tissue culture plants	(i) Australia	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from Nerine latent virus.	Nil

			(ii) Costa Rica (iii) USA	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
627.	Stylosanthes sp.	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
628.	Swertia spp.	Saplings/ Plants for propagation	•	Nil	Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 60 days.
629.	Synsepalum dulcificum (Miracle fruit)	(i) Seeds for sowing		Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
			(ii) Ghana (iii) Congo	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil.
		(ii) Cuttings/ grafts/ rooted plants for propagation	Algeria	Nil	 (i) Freedom from quarantine weed seeds (ii)Post-entry quarantine for one growth season except for research (iii)Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation & Farmers Welfare.
630.	Syringa spp./ Syringa vulgaris (Lilac)	Tissue cultured plants	(i) USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Arabis mosaic nepovirus (b) Lilac ring mottle ilarvirus (c) Lilac mottle carlavirus	Nil
			(ii) Japan	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from (a) Arabis mosaic nepovirus (b) Lilac ring spot carlavirus	Nil
			(iii) UK	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from lilac chlorotic leaf spot capillovirus.	Nil
			(iv) Germany	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from: (a) Arabis mosaic virus (hop bare-bine) (b) Cherry leaf roll virus (berteroa ringspot) (c) Elm mottle virus	Nil
			(v) Scotland	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from elm mottle ilavirus.	Nil

			(vi) Africa (vii) Australia (viii) Europe (ix) New Zealand (x) Turkey (xi) Canada	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from Arabis mosaic nepovirus.	Nil
			(xii) Any country except USA, UK, Germany, Scotland, Africa, Australia, Japan, Europe, New Zealand, Turkey, Canada	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil
631.	Syzygium cuminii (Jamun)		(ii) Thailand (iii) New Zealand (iv) Indonesia (v) Malaysia (vi) Sri Lanka (vii) Mauritius (viii) USA	Nil	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
			(i) Philippines (ii) Thailand (iii) New Zealand (iv) Indonesia (v) Malaysia (vi) Sri Lanka (vii) Mauritius (viii) USA	Nil	 (i) Free from soil. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare (iv) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.
		(iii) Plants for Propagation	Thailand	Nil	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months. (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.

632.	Syzygium jambos (Rose apple)	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Thailand	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine growing for a period of 10-12 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare.
633.	Syzygium samarangense (Java apple)	Fresh fruits for consumption	Thailand	Free from: (a) Bactrocera 264isinf (papaya fruit fly) (b) Bactrocera carambolae (c) Bactrocera albistrigata	 (i) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above or equivalent thereof; or (ii) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against fruit flies.
634.	Tabebuia impetiginosa (Ipe)	Wood with/without bark	Brazil	Nil	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.
635.	Tagetes spp. (Marigold African)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country except Guatemala	Free from: (a) Fusarium oxysporum sp. Callistephi (b) Septoria tageticola (Leaf spot) (c) Pseudomonas tagetis (Bacterial leaf spot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Guatemala Netherlands	Nil Free from <i>Phytophthora cryptogea</i> (Tomato foot rot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds. (i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days (ii) Free from soil.
636.	Tamarindus spp. (Tamarind)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(ii) Malaysia (iii) Mauritius (iv) New Zealand (v) Philippines (vi) Sri Lanka	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vii) USA	Free from <i>Hypothenemus 264isinfes</i> (tropical nut borer)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.

	Tamarindus indica (Tamarind)	(iii) Plants for propagation (iii) Fruits (pods)/ pulp/ seed for consumption	Thailand Any country	Free from: Pseudococcus jackbeardsleyi (Jack Beardsley mealybug) Free from: (a) Apomyelois ceratoniae (knot-horn, blunt-winged, carob moth) (b) Ceroplastes cirripediformis (barnacle scale) (c) Hypothenemus 265isinfes (tropical nut borer) (d) Sitophilus linearis (tamarind weevil) (e) Selenaspidus 265isinfestat (West Indian red scale)	 (i) Post-entry quarantine growing or a period of 10-12 months (ii) Free from soil. (iii)Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture and Cooperation (i) Free from Quarantine weed seeds, soil and other plant debris (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and equivalent thereof. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary
637.	Tanacetum parthenium	Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export. Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
638.	(Feverfew) Taraxacum officinale (Dandelium)	Roots (dried) for processing	Poland	Free from Otiorhynchus sulcatus (vine weevil)	(i) Free from soil. (ii)Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ at @ 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate or by any other fumigant/ substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
		Seeds for sowing	(i) Australia	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (b) Tomato ringspot virus	 (i) Free from quarantine wee seeds (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month (iii)Crop inspection and certification for freedom from Tomato ringspot virus
			(ii) Brazil (iii) Czech Republic (iv) Kenya (v) Romania (vi) Syria	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode) (b) Xylella fastidiosa (Pierce's disease of grapevines) Free from Ditylenchus dipsaci (stem and bulb nematode)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 6-9 month except for research.

639.	Taxus spp.	Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
640.	Taxus baccata (Yew)	Plants for propagation	Nepal	Free from Heterobasidion annosum	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.(ii) Free from soil.
641.	Tectona grandis (Teak)	Tissue cultured plants	Thailand	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
642.	Tephrosia candida (Subabul)	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
643.	Teramnus labialis	Seeds for sowing	Kenya	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
644.	Theobroma cacao (Cocoa)	Beans (fermented and dried) for processing or industrial use	Any Country	Free from: (a) Chocolate moth (Ephestia elutella) (b) Mediterranean flour moth (Ephestia kuehniella) (c) Tropical nut borer (Hypothenemus 266isinfes) (d) Black pod of cocoa (Phytophthora megakarya) (e) Chestnut downy mildew (Phytophthora katsurae)	The consignment shall be fumigated with Methyl bromide @ 16 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above at NAP and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/ substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser
645.	Thuja occidentalis	(i) Timber logs with/ without bark for consumption	(i) Canada	Free from: (a) Lambdina fiscellaria (eastern hemlock looper) (b) Trypodendron lineatum (striped ambrosia beetle) (c) Seiridium 266isinfes (cypress canker)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
646.	Thuja plicata	Timber logs with/ without bark for consumption	Canada	Free from: (a) Lambdina fiscellaria (eastern hemlock looper) (b) Trypodendron lineatum (striped ambrosia beetle) (c) Heterobasidion annosum (d) Heterobasidion parviporum (e) Seiridium cardinal (cypress canker)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56°C (core temperature) for 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.

647.	Thungbergia spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Germany (ii) Netherlands (iii) France (iv) UK (v) Russia (vi) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
648.	Thymus vulgaris	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Denmark	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
	(Thyme)		(i) UK (ii) USA (iii) Netherlands (v) Spain (vi) Italy (vii) France (viii) Germany	Nil	(i) Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds (ii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from <i>Helix aspersa</i> (Common snail)
		(ii) Tissue culture plants	Canada	Certified that the tissue culture plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from any virus.	Nil
649.	Thysanolaena latifolia (Broom grass)	(i) Broom sticks for consumption	(i) Myanmar (ii) Nepal	Nil	Free from soil and other plant debris.
650.	Thysostachys spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Thailand	Free from: (a) Aspergillus wentii (b) Rhizopus sp.	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
651.	. Tilia americana (i) Wood with bark (Bass wood)	(ii) China USA	Nil Free from: (a) Chaetocnema confinis (flea beetle) (b) Malacosoma americanum (eastern tent caterpillar) (c) Malacosoma disstria (forest tent caterpillar) (d) Operophtera brumata (winter moth) (e) Orgyia leucostigma (white-marked tussock moth) (f) Papilio Canadensis (tiger swallowtail) Free from:	Free from quarantine weed seeds. Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export. Fumigation with Methyl bromide	
		(11) Wood without bark	USA	(a) Chaetocnema confinis (flea beetle) (b) Malacosoma americanum (eastern tent caterpillar) (c) Operophtera brumata (winter moth) (d) Papilio Canadensis (tiger swallowtail)	rumgation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof or heat treatment at 56 °C (core temperature) or 30 minutes or any other treatment approved by Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/re-export.

652.	Tillandsia spp (All related spp.) (Air born plants)	Plants for propagation	USA	Free from:- (a) <i>Nipaecoccus nipae</i> (spiked mealybug) (b) <i>Unaspis citri</i> (citrus snow scale)	(i) Post entry quarantine for a growing period of 60 days (ii) Free from soil
653.	Timber logs			() 1	
	(i) Castanea spp. (Chest nut)	Logs with/without bark	Any Country	Free from Chest nut blight (Cryphonectriaparasitica)-American strain	The timber shall be fumigated with Methyl bromide shall be @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or kiln drying as the case may be at the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.
	(ii) Ulmus spp (Elm)	Logs with/without bark	Any Country	Free from: (a) Dutch elm disease (<i>Ceratocystis ulmi</i>)- American and European strains (b) Elm bark beetle (<i>Scolytus scolytus</i>)	The timber shall be fumigated with Methyl bromide shall be @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or kiln drying as the case may be at the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.
	(iii) Quercus spp (Oak)	Logs with/without bark	Any Country	Free from: (a) Oak wilt (<i>Ceratocystis fagacearum</i>) (b) Oak bark beetles (<i>Pseudopityopthorus</i> spp) (c) Sudden Oak death (<i>Phytophthora ramorum</i>)	The timber shall be fumigated with Methyl bromide shall be @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or kiln drying as the case may be at the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.

	(iv) <i>Pinus</i> spp. (Pine wood)	Logs with/ without bark	Any Country	Free from: (a) Branch and trunk cankers (Atropellis piniphila, A. pinicola) (b) Pine wood nematode (Bursaphelenchus xylophilus) (c) Cerambicid vector (Monochamus spp.) (d) Pine beetle (Tomicus piniperda) and pine weevils (Pissodes spp.) (e) Sirex wasp (Sirex spp)	The timber shall be fumigated with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or heat treatment at 56°C and above (core temperature of wood) for 30 minutes or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for the purpose as the case may be at the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
(5.4	(v) Pinus pinaster	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
654.	Timbers (Logs/Sawn and sized wood): (i) Desbordesia glaucescens (Alep) (ii) Detarium microcarpum (Amouk) (iii) Gilbertiodendron preussii (Limbali) (iv) Oxystigma oxyphyllum (Tchitola) (v) Petersia 269isinfes (Essial/Abale) (vi) Sterculia rhinopetala (Lotofa) (vii) Pteleopsis hylodendron (Osanga) (viii) Monopetalanthus spp (Andoung) (ix) Sinodoropsis letestui (Gheombi) (x) Staudtia stipitata (Niove) (xi) Testulea gabonensis (Izombe)		(ii) Gabon	Free from: (a) Apate monachus (Black borer), (b) Coptotermes sjostedii (African termite) (c) Wasmania auropunctata (red fire ant) Free from Wasmania auropunctata (red fire ant)	The timber shall be fumigated with Methyl bromide @ 48 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above or equivalent thereof under NAP or kiln drying as the case may be at the country of origin and treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose
655.	Tithonia	Dry flowers for decoration	Australia	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds and soil
656.	Toluifera perirae (Perou baume)	All plant parts for consumption purpose	EL Salvador	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds, soil and other plant debris.

657.	Torenia spp.	Seeds for sowing	(i) USA		Free from quarantine weed seeds.
037.	Torenta spp.	Seeds for sowing	(ii) Europe (iii) Japan	Nil	rice nom quarantine weed seeds.
658.	Trichosanthes cucumerina (Snakegourd)	Seeds for sowing	Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
659.	Trifolium alexandrium (Berseem and Clovers)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Northern anthracnose (<i>Kabatiella caulivora</i>) (b) Stem and bulb nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (c) Sclerotinia wilt (<i>Sclerotinia trifoliorum</i>)	 (i) Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture. (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
660.	Trifolium pretense (Red clover)	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from: (a) Ditylenchus dipsaci (Brown ring disease of hyacinth) (b) Phomopsis longicolla (Phomopsis seed decay) (c) Sclerotinia borealis (Snow blight of grass) (d) Burkholderia andropogonis (Bacterial leaf stripe of sorghum and corn) (e) Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)) (f) Peanut stunt virus	 (i) Imports permitted subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare. (ii) Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds. (iii)Crop inspection and certification for free from Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA)) & Peanut stunt virus
661.	Tripsacum dactyloides (Eastern gamagrass)	Germplasm material for research only	(i) Australia (ii) Brazil (iii) Czech Republic (iv) Kenya (v) Romania (vi) Syria (vii) USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
662.	Triticale	Germplasm material for research only	Mexico	Free from (a) <i>Pseudomonas fuscovaginae</i> (bacterial rot of rice sheaths) (b) <i>Diuraphis noxia</i>	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
663.	Triticum spp. (Wheat)	Grains for consumption or processing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Granary weevil (Sitophilus 270isinfest) (b) Ergot (Claviceps purpurea) (c) Dwarf bunt (Tilletia contraversa)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ at 21°C and above for 24 hrs under NAP and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose.

		(v) Nepal (vi) Nigeria (vii)Suriname (viii) Fiji (ix) Mauritius	Free from <i>Vanilla mosaic virus</i> Nil	Free from soil.
		(vi) Nigeria (vii)Suriname		
		(vi) Nigeria		
		() 3 T - 1		
		(iv) Mauritius	Nil	research.
(Vanilla)				for 6-9 month except for
	for propagation			(ii) Post-entry quarantine growing
		(i) Australia		(i) Free from soil.
	purpose			
	consumption	_	Nil	debris.
	(ii) Dry roots for	Europe		Free from soil and other plant
Valeriana officinalis	(i) Seeds for sowing	USA	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
				Certificate.
				endorsed on Phytosanitary
				fruits and the treatment be
				before processing/ freezing of
			(0) Lepidosupnes unit (Oystershen scale)	at 21°C and above under NAP
oluevellies)	Consumption			bromide @ 32 g/m ³ for 2 hrs.
		roiana		(ii) Free from any plant debris. (ii) Fumigation with Methyl
		Doland	Free from:	(i) Free from any plant debris.
		Inailand	Nil	Free from soil.
IV		Th. :1 J		Eng from 221
wakame)		(11) Japan	Nil	debris.
				Free from soil and other plant
			blight of tomato)	seeds.
Tropaelum spp.	Seeds for sowing	Australia	Free from Pseudomonas viridiflava (bacterial leaf	Freedom from quarantine weeds
				seeds.
Torenia spp.	Seeds for sowing	Japan	· ·	Freedom from quarantine weeds
		(vi) Italy		
			(a) Peridroma saucia	seeds
		(iv) UK	Free from:	Freedom from quarantine weeds
				viridiflava
		(III) Germany		certification for <i>Pseudomonas</i>
(Nasturtium)				seeds. (ii) Crop inspection and
	Seeds for sowing		Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i>	(i) Free from quarantine weed
				the countryof origin/re-export.
				Phytosanitary Certificate issued at
				The treatment shall be endorsed on
	1			for minimum 5 days.
		Tiny country		Fumigation with Aluminum phosphide (ALP) @ 9 g/metric ton
	Tropaelum spp. Undaria pinnatifida (Dry wakame) Vaccinium spp. (Blueberry) Vaccinium myrtillus (wild blueberries)	(Nasturtium) Torenia spp. Seeds for sowing Tropaelum spp. Seeds for sowing Undaria pinnatifida (Dry wakame) Vaccinium spp. (i) Dried plant material for consumption/processing Vaccinium spp. (Blueberry) Vaccinium myrtillus (wild blueberries) Fresh fruits for consumption Frozen fruits for consumption (ii) Dry roots for consumption Valeriana officinalis (i) Seeds for sowing (ii) Dry roots for consumption purpose Vanilla planifolia / Vanilla tahitensis (i) Cuttings/ grafts for propagation	Tropaeolum majus (Nasturtium) Seeds for sowing (i) Netherlands (ii) France (iii) Germany (iv) U.K. (v) Spain (vi) Italy Torenia spp. Seeds for sowing Tropaelum spp. Undaria pinnatifida (Dry wakame) Vaccinium spp. (Blueberry) Vaccinium myrtillus (wild blueberries) Fresh fruits for consumption Consumption Frozen fruits for consumption Consumption Vaccinium myrtillus (wild blueberries) Valeriana officinalis (i) Seeds for sowing (ii) China (iii) Japan Thailand Consumption Poland Valeriana officinalis (ii) Seeds for sowing (iii) Dry roots for consumption Consumption Valeriana officinalis (i) Seeds for sowing (ii) Australia (ii) Bhutan (iii) China (iii) China	Tropaeolum majus (Nasturtium) Seeds for sowing (i) Netherlands (ii) France (iii) Germany

		(ii) Green bean pods for consumption/ processing	(i) Mauritius	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weed seeds
		(iii) Dried beans (pods) for consumption	Any Country	Nil	Free from soil and quarantine weeds seeds
672.	Verbascum spp.	Tissue cultured plants	USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
673.	Verbena spp. (Verbena)	(i) Seeds for sowing	(i) Asia (ii) France (iii) Germany (iv) Netherlands (v) Denmark (vi) UK (vii) Australia (viii)Guatemala	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vii) USA	Free from <i>Phytonemus pallidus</i> (Straberry mite)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants/ cuttings for propagation	(i) Asia (ii) USA	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
674.	Viburnum spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Germany	Nil	Free from quarantine weeds seeds.
		(ii) Tissue cultured plants	(i) Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from citrus enation-woody gall luteovirus.	Nil
			(ii) Any country except Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
675.	Vicia faba (Broad bean) and Vicia villosa (Vetches)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Leaf and pod spot (Ascochyta fabae) (b) Soybean cyst nematode (Heterodera glycines) (c) Stem and bulb nematode (Ditylenchus dipsaci) (d) Broad bean viruses viz. mottle, necrosis, strain (Comovirus), true mosaic, wilt virus l and 2 (Fabavirus)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Seeds for consumption or processing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Stem and bulb nematode (<i>Ditylenchus dipsaci</i>) (b) Soybean cyst nematode (<i>Heterodera glycines</i>)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.

676.	Vicia sativa (vetch), Vicia villosa	Seeds for sowing	Syria (ICARDA)	Free from: (a) Bruchus rufipes (b) Mimosestes 273isinf (c) Bruchidius bimaculatus (d) B. 273isinfesta (e) B. lividimanus (f) B. quinqueguttatus (g) Bruchus atomarius (h) B. dentipes (i) B. ervi (j) B. hamatus (k) B. lugubris (l) B. luteicornis	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 month (iii) Crop Inspection and certification for freedom from <i>Broad bean stain virus</i>
677.	(i) Vigna (Phaseolus) spp. (Beans).	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	(m) B. rufimanus (n)Bruchus rufipes (o)B. tristiculus (p) B. ulicis ulicis (q) Ditylenchus dipsaci (r) Broad bean stain virus Free from: (a) Scab (Elsinoe phaseoli) (b) Downy mildew of lima bean (Phytophthora phaseoli) (c) Pod and stem blight (Phomopsis longicolla) (d) Bacterial wilt (Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv. Flaccumfaciens) (e) Bean bruchid (Acanthoscelides obtectus)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Seeds for consumption or processing	Any Country	Free from Bean bruchid (Acanthoscelides obtectus)	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds (ii) Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
	(ii)Phaseolus vulgaris (Beans)	Fresh vegetable for consumption	Bhutan (S.O. 3646 (E) dated 9 th September, 2021)	Nil	Free from soil.
678.	Vigna spp. (Cowpea)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Bruchids (<i>Bruchidium</i> spp., <i>Stator</i> spp.) (b) Cowpea seed-borne viruses (bromo virus, poty virus, comovirus, carmovirus)	Import except the trial material of the same crop species or variety as specified in Schedule XII of this Order subject to prior

		(ii) Seeds for	Any Country	Free from bruchids (Bruchidium spp., Stator spp.)	approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture. Fumigation with Methyl bromide
		consumption			@ 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
		(iii) Vegetable (beans) for Consumption	Thailand	Free from: (a) <i>Anomala cupripes</i> (large green chafer beetle) (b) <i>Anomala pallida</i>	Nil
679.	Vinca spp. / Catharanthus spp. (Vinca/ Periwinkle)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Japan (ii) Russia (iii) Europe (iv) USA (v) Taiwan	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
680.	Viola spp. (Pansy)	Seeds for sowing	(i) Germany	Free from: (a) Colletotrichum violaetricoloris (Anthracnose) (b) Spaceloma violae (Scab) (c) Urocystis violae (Smut)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(ii) USA	Free from: (a) Mycocentrospora acerina (Halo blight) (b) Ramularia lacteal (White spot) I Spaceloma violae (Scab) (d) Cherry leaf roll virus (e) Pseudomonas viridiflava (Bacterial leaf blight of tomato (USA))	(i) Free from quarantine weed seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for free from cherry leaf roll virus.
			(iii) France (iv) Denmark (v) Netherlands	Free from <i>Mycocentrospora acerina</i> (Halo blight) Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds. Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(vi) UK (vii) Japan	Free from <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato)	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
			(viii) Australia	Free from: (a) <i>Pseudomonas viridiflava</i> (bacterial leaf blight of tomato) (b) Tobacco rattle virus	(i) Free from quarantine weeds seeds.(ii) Crop inspection and certification for freedom from tobacco rattle virus.
			(ix) Guatemala	Free from: (a) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (b) Spodoptera fugiperda (fall army worm)	Freedom from quarantine weeds seeds and soil.

681.	Vitis vinifera (Grapevine) Grape	(i) Rooted stock/ Bud wood (stem cuttings)/ Saplings	Any Country	Free from: (a) Grapevine Phylloxera or vine louse (Viteus vitifoliae, syn. Daktulosphaira vitifoliae) (b) Rust (Phakopsora vitis) (c) Dead arm (Cryptosporella viticola syn. Phomopsis viticola) (d) Cown gall (Agrobacterium vitis) (e) Gummosis (Pantoea agglomerans) (f) Hairy root (Agrobacterium rhizogenes) (g) Pierce"s disease (Xylella fastidiosa) (h) Bacterial necrosis (Xylophilus ampelinus) (i) Grapevine viruses: Luteovirus, Nepovirus, (j) Closterovirus, Trichovirus, Potyvirus.	 (i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year. (ii) Import subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare in the Ministry of Agriculture.
		(ii) Fresh fruits for Consumption	(i) Afghanistan (ii) Australia		Nil (a) Pest free status for Bactrocera tryoni (Queensland fruit fly) and Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl Bromide fumigation @ 40 g/m³ for 2hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly and Queensland fruit fly or (c) Pre-shipment/ in-transit cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus intransit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Queensland fruit fly.

	(iii) Canada	Free from : (a) Frankliniella occidentalis (Westeran flower thrips) (b) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (c) Spodoptera frugiperda (fall armyworm)	(a) Pest free area status for <i>Bactrocera tryoni</i> (Queensland fruit fly) and <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 40 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly and Queensland fruit fly or (c) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°C
	(iv) Chile	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (d) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (e) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (f) Selenaspidus 276isinfestat (West Indian red scale)	or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Queensland fruit fly (a) Pest free area status for Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or (c) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly

	In a	
(v) China	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (c) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug)	 (a) Pest free area status for Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or (c) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly
(vi) France	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (c) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (d) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (e) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (f) Lobesia botrana (grapve berry moth)	(a) Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis capitata</i> (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°Cor above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or (c) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly
(vii) Iran	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Lobesia botrana (grapve berry moth)	(a) Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or (c) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit

			fly
	(viii) Italy	Free from: (a) Arabic mosaic virus (hop barebine) (b) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (c) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (d) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (e) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (f) Phytonemus pallidus (strawberry mite) (g) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (h) Lobesia botrana (grapve berry moth)	(a) Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or (c) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly
	(ix) New Zealand	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Calepitrimerus vitis (grape leaf rust mite) (c) Epiphyas postvittana (light brown apple moth) (d) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (e) Panonychus citri (citrus red mite) (f) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (g) Pseudococcus longispinus (long-tailed mealybug)	(a) Pest free area status for Bactrocera tryoni (Queensland fruit fly) and Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per

(x) South Africa	Free from: (a) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) (b) Ceratitis rosa (Natal fruitfly) (c) Frankliniella occidentalis (western flower thrips) (d) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (e) Scirtothrips aurantii (South African citrus thrips)	(a) Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) and <i>Ceratitis rosa</i> (Natal fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly and Natal fruit fly (c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and Natal fruit fly.
(xi) USA	Free from: (a) Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly) (b) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (c) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruitfly) (d) Epiphyas postvittana (light brown apple moth) (e) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (f) Panonychus citri (citrus red mite) (g) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (h) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (i) Selenaspidus 279isinfestat (West Indies red scale)	(a) Pest free are status for Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly) and Ceratitis capitata(Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly and Methyl bromide fumigatin @ 40 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly and Methyl bromide fumigatin @ 40 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Anastrepha fraterculata or (c) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; at 0.55°C or below for 11 days; at 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and at 0.55°C or below for 20 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Anastrepha fraterculata
(xii) Egypt	Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Ceratitis capitata (279isinfestatio fruit fly) (c) Harmonia axyridis (harlequin lady bird)	Pest free area status for <i>Ceratitis</i> capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards Or (a) Methyl bromide fumigation @

	(xiii) Morocco	(d) Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth) (e) Otiorhynchus sulcatus (vine weevil) (f) Brevipalpus lewisi (citrus flat mite) (g) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot) (h) Grapevine fan leaf virus (grapevine courtnoue virus) (i) Peach rosette mosaic virus (rosette mosaic of peach) (j) Tomato ringspot virus (ringspot of tomato) Free from: (a) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (b) Ceratitis capitata (280isinfestatio fruit fly) (c) Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth) (d) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (e) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealy bug) (f) Grapevine fan leaf virus (grapevine courtnouevirus)	32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly or (b) Pre-shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of Origin/re-export. (a) Pest free area status for Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards Or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly. Or (c) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and 0°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 13 days; 0.55°C or below for 14 days; 1.1°C or below for 18 days. The treatment should be
			1.1°C or below for 18 days. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of Origin/re-export.
	(xiv) Spain	Free from: (a) Ametastegia (b) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruitfly) (c) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips)	(a) Pest free status for <i>Ceratitis</i> spp. as per international standards or

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		(d) Limothrips cerealium (corn thrips) (e) Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth) (f) Spodoptera frugiperda (fall armyworm) (g) Helix aspersa (common snail) (h) Phaeoacremonium aleophilum (Petri disease) (i) Phaeomoniella chlamydospora (Petri disease) (j) Phytophthora cryptogea (tomato foot rot)	(b) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against fruit flies or (c) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 32 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly. The treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the country of origin/reexport.
	(xv) Peru	Free from: (a) Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly) (b) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (c) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruitfly) (d) Eryophyes vitis (grape mite) (e) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (f) Panonychus citri (citrus red mite) (g) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (h) Pseudococcus longispinus (long tailed mealybug) (i) Selenaspidus 281isinfestat (West Indies red scale) (j) Spodoptera frugiperda (fall armyworm) (k) Nectria radicicola (black rot)	a) Pest free area status for Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly) and Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards or (b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 40 g/m³for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly and South American fruit fly; or (c) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and at 0.55°C or below for 18 days; at 1.1°C or below for 20 days plus intransit refrigeration against Anastrepha fraterculata and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate
	(xvi) Mexico	Free from: (a) Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly) (b) Aspidiotus nerii (aucuba scale) (c) Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruitfly) (d) Amyelois transitella (naval orange worm)	(a) Pest free area status for Anastrepha fraterculus (South American fruit fly) and Ceratitis capitata (Mediterranean fruit fly) as per international standards; or

		(e) Caliothrips faciatus (thrips) (f) Drepanothrips reutri (grape thrips) (g) Drosophila simulans (h) Frankliniella occidentalis (Western flower thrips) (i) Homalodisca 282isinfest (glassy winged sharpshooter) (j) Hyphantria cunea (mulberry moth) (k) Panonychus citri (citrus red mite) (l) Melittia cucurbitae (squash vine borer) (m) Metcalfa pruinosa (frosted moth-bug) (n) Peridroma saucia (pearly underwing moth) (o) Plasmophora viticola (grapevine downy mildew) (p) Planococcous ficus (vine mealy bug) (q) Pseudococcus calceolariae (scarlet mealybug) (r) Pseudococcus longispinus (long tailed mealybug) (s) Selenaspidus 282isinfestat (West Indies red scale) (t) Spodoptera frugiperda (fall armyworm) (u) Tetranychus pacificus (Pacific spider mite) (v) Xylella fastidiosa (Pierce's disease of grapevines) (w) Grapevine fanleaf virus (grapevine court-noué virus) (x) Grapevine leafroll-associated viruses (leafroll disease)	(b) Methyl bromide fumigation @ 40 g/m³ for 2 hrs at 21°C or above at NAP or equivalent thereof against Mediterranean fruit fly and South American fruit fly; or (c) Pre shipment cold treatment at 0°C or below for 10 days; 0.55°C or below for 11 days; 1.1°C or below for 12 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Mediterranean fruit fly and at 0.55°C or below for 18 days; at 1.1°C or below for 20 days plus in-transit refrigeration against Anastrepha fraterculata and the treatment to be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate.
(iii) Raisins (dried grapes) for consumption	Any Country		Fumigation with Methyl bromide @ 16 g/m³ for 24 hrs at 21°C and above at NAP and treatment shall be endorsed on phytosanitary certificate or by any other fumigant/ substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser for this purpose

		(iv) Seeds (dried) for medicinal use	France	Nil	 (i) (a) Weed free crop/area certification or (b) Zero dockage certification in respect of quarantine weed seeds in the Phytosanitary Certificate or (c) Devitalization of seed by heat treatment at 120°C for 15 minutes or any other equivalent treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India, and (ii) Management of handling, transportation, milling and processing of import consignment and manner of disposal refure as per the guidelines prescribed by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India
682.	Wodyetia bifurcate (Foxtail palm)	Plants for propagation	Australia	Nil	(i) Post-entry quarantine for a period of one year.(ii) Free from soil.
683.	Xanthosoma spp.	Tissue cultured plants	USA	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from <i>Xanthomonas axonopodis</i> pv. <i>Dieffenbachiae</i> (bacterial blight of aroids)	Nil
684.	Yucca spp.	Tissue cultured plants	(i) Brazil (ii) Costa Rica (iii) Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from yucca bacilliform virus.	Nil
			(iv) Columbia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from furcaea necrotic streak virus.	Nil
			(v) Any country Except Columbia, Brazil, Costa Rica, Italy	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus	Nil
685.	Zamia spp.	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Plants for propagation	Any Country	Nil	Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
686.	Zamioculcas	Tissue culture plants	Australia	Certified that the tissue cultured plants were obtained from mother stock tested and maintained free from virus.	Nil

687.	Zantedeschia aethiopica	Plants/ cuttings for propagation	Netherlands	Free from <i>Phytophthora richardiae</i> (root rot)	(i) Free from soil and other plant debris.(ii) Post-entry quarantine for a period of 45 days.
688.	Zea mays (Maize/ Corn)	(i) Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Stewart"s wilt (Pantoea stewartii sub sp. Stewartii) (b) Nebraska wilt (Clavibacter michiganensis sub sp. Nebraskensis) (c) Southern corn blight (Drechslera maydis Race T) (d) Ergot (Claviceps 284isinfest) (e) Tropical rust (Physopella zeae) (f) Anthracnose (Kabatiella zeae) (g) Larger grain borer (Prostephanus 284isinfest) (h) Maize weevil (Sitophilus zeamais) (i) Mycospharella zeae-maydis (j) Burkholderia andropogonis (k) Pantoea agglomerans (l) Pseudomonas fuscaviginae (m) Pseudomonas syringae pv. Coronofaciens (n) Maize chlorotic dwarf machlovirus	(i)Import except the trial material of the same crop species or variety as specified in Schedule XII of this Order subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfarein the Ministry of Agriculture. (ii) Free from soil. (iii) Free from quarantine weed seeds.
		(ii) Grains for consumption or processing	Any Country	Free from: (a) Ergot (Claviceps 284isinfest) (b) Larger grain borer (Prostophonus 284isinfest) I Maize weevil (Sitophilus zeamais)	Fumigation with methyl bromide @ 32 g/m³ for 24 hrs. at 21°C and above under NAP and the treatment shall be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate or by any other fumigant/substance in the manner approved by the Plant Protection Adviser.
689.	Zingiber spp. (Ginger)	(i) Rhizome for consumption (ii) Rhizomes for	(i) Nepal (i) Thailand	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil. (i) Post-entry quarantine for one
		propagation		Nil	growth season. (ii) Free from soil.
690.	Zingiber officinale (Ginger)	(i) Rhizomes for propagation	(i) Australia (ii) Bhutan (iii) China (iv) Fiji (v) Mauritius (vi) Nigeria (vii) Suriname (viii) Nepal	Free from: (a) Pratylenchus coffeae (b) P. brachyurus (c) Radopholus similis Free from Spodoptera frugiperda Nil	(i) Free from soil. (ii) Post-entry quarantine growing for 2-3 month except for research.
		(ii) Fresh rhizomes for consumption		Nil	Free from soil.

			October, 2020)		
691.	Zinnia spp. (Zinnia)	Seeds for sowing	Any Country	Nil	Free from quarantine weed seeds.
692.	Ziziphus spp.	Dried fruits (berries) for consumption	Iran	Free from Lobesia botrana (grape berry moth)	Fumigation with Methyl bromide at 48 g/m ³ for 24 hrs at 21 ^o C and above or equivalent or any other treatment approved by the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India and the treatment should be endorsed on Phytosanitary Certificate issued at the Country of Origin/re-export.
693.	Zizyphus jujube (Chinese date)	Seeds for sowing	China	Nil	 (i) Free from quarantine weed seeds. (ii) Commercial imports subject to prior approval of Department of Agriculture, Cooperation and Farmers Welfare
694.	Zoysia japonica	Seeds for sowing	USA	Free from <i>Gaeumannomyces graminis var. graminis</i> (crown sheath rot)	Free from quarantine weed seeds and soil contamination
696	Larix spp. (Larch)	Timber logs with/ without bark for consumption	Canada	Free from: a) Monochamus scutellatus scutellatus (whites potted sawyer) b) Monochamus scutellatus (white spotted sawyer) c) Otiorhynchus singularis (clay coloured weevil) d) Lachnellula willkommii (European larch canker) e) Dendroctonus simplex (easternlarch beetle) f) Dryocoetes autographus (bark beetle) g) Monochamus scutellatusoregonensis (Oregon fir sawyer) h) Sirex juvencus (steel-blue wood wasp) i) Gnathotirchus sulcatus (western hemlock wood stainer) j) Dendroctonus pseudotsugae (douglas-fir beetle) k) Orgyia leucostigma (white-marked tussock moth) l) Bursaphelenchus xylophilus (pine wilt nematode) m) Orgyia pseudotsugata (douglas-fir tussock moth) n) Trypodendron lineatum (striped ambrosia beetle) o) Ips grandicollis (five-spined bark beetle)	Certificate issued at the country of export/ re-export

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697	Tectona grandis (Teak)	Timber (Sawn	Ecuador	Free from:	(i) Export consignment must
		or sized wood)		a) Coptotermes testaceus (Termite)	comply with Systems
				b) Steirastoma breve (Cocao beetle)	Approach.
					(ii) Pre-shipment fumigation with
				The consignment is free from quarantine weed seeds	phosphine gas @ 3 g/m ³
					(Aluminium phosphide/
					Magnesium phosphide) for 7
					days.
					(iii)Fumigation agency and
					fumigation operator must be
					accredited by NPPO India.
698	Dimorphandra mollis (Fava)	Fava Powder	Brazil		Free from:
	, , ,				(i) Quarantine weed seeds as
				Nil	listed under Schedule VIII of
				INII	PQ Order, 2003.
					(ii) Soil Contamination
					(II) Son Containmation
699	Musa textilis (Abaca/ Manila)	Abaca/ Manila fiber	Philippines	Free from:	
	(vide S.O. 488(E) dt. 31 st			Ralstonia solanacearum Race 2 (Moko wilt)	Nil
	January, 2020)				
700	Ilex paraguariensis (Yerba	Dried and grinded	Argentina	Nil	
	mate)	herb for human			Nil
	(vide S.O.1139(E) dt. 9 th	consumption			INII
	March, 2021)				

SCHEDULE-VII

{See clause 3(7) and 10(2)}

LIST OF PLANTS/ PLANT PRODUCTS WHERE IMPORTS ARE PERMISSIBLE ON THE BASIS OF PHYTOSANITARY CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY THE EXPORTING COUNTRY, THE INSPECTION CONDUCTED BY PLANT PROTECTION ADVISER OR OFFICERS AUTHORIZED BY HIM AND FUMIGATION, IF REQUIRED, INCLUDING ALL OTHER GENERAL CONDITIONS (Replaced vide Third amendment of 2018, S.O.2286 (E), dated 4th June, 2018)

Sl. No.	Scientific Name	Plant Products
1.	Acacia mangium	Brown Sal wood for consumption
2.	Acer spp.	Sycamore/ Maple wood/logs for consumption
3.	Acorus calamus	Cane for consumption
4.	Adansonia digitata	Baobab fruits (dried) for medicinal use
5.	Aegle marmelos	Wood for consumption
6.	Aesculus hippocastanum	Horse Chestnut dried seeds for medicinal use
7.	Agathis dammara	Wood for consumption
8.	Agave sisalana	Sisal fibres
9.	Albizia lebbeck	Acacia wood for consumption
10.	Alpinia officinarum	Galangal Roots
11.	Amomum subulatum	Large cardamom
12.	Anacardium occidentale	Cashew nuts (Raw/ processed)/ husk for consumption
13.	Anacyclus pyrethrum	Pellitory Roots (dried) for medicinal use
14.	Anemone hepatica	Hepatica whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
15.	Angelica spp.	Roots (dried) for medicinal use
16.	Animal feed	Kibbled –crushed seeds / pellets / dried cake form thereby
		denatured and free from weed seeds, bacterial and fungal
		pathogens
17.	Aningeria spp.	Anigre wood for consumption
18.	Anisoptera spp.	Mersawa/ Kaunghmu wood for consumption
19.	Apocynum cannabinum	Indian Hemp Roots (dried) for medicinal use
20.	Aquilaria malaccensis	Agar wood
21.	Arachis hypogea	Peanut (Roasted) for consumption
22.	Aralia racemosa	Spikenard roots (dried) for medicinal use
23.	Arctium lappa	Burdock whole plant including root (dried) except seed for
2.4	4 , 1 1	medicinal use
24.	Arctostaphylos sp.	Uva-Ursi leaves (dried) for medicinal use
25.	Areca catechu	Betel nut (dried) for consumption Priorly poppy whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
26.	Argemone maxicana	Prickly poppy whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
27.	Armoracia rusticana	Horse Radish roots (dried) for medicinal use
28.	(Cochlearia armoracia) Arnica 287isinfe	Celtic Nard whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
29.	Artemisia spp.	Artemisia leaves (dried) for medicinal use
30.	Aspalathus linearis	Rooibos tea (fermented) for consumption
31.	Aspidosperma quebracho-	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
J1.	blanco	Dark (dired) for inedicinal use
32.	Atropa belladonna	Deadly nightshade leaves/roots (dried) for medicinal use
33.	Aucoumea klaineana	Okoume wood for consumption

34.	Azadirachta indica	Margosa/ Neem – dried seed / Neem cake for consumption
35.	Bambusa arundinacea	Bamboo sticks
36.	Baptisia tinctoria	Wild Indigo bark/ roots (dried) for medicinal use
37.	Berberis spp.	Barberry roots (dried) for medicinal use
38.	Borago officinalis	Borage dried leaves/ flowers for medicinal use
39.	Bryonia alba	Wild Hops roots (dried) for medicinal use
40.	Caesalpinia sappan	Sappan wood for consumption
41.	Calamus rotang	Rattan (Cane)
42.	Calophyllum spp.	Bintangor wood for consumption
43.	Camellia 288isinfes	Tea Seed Powder/ Green tea/ Tea powder for consumption
44.	Cannabis sativa	Hemp fibres
45.	Capsicum annuum	Capsicum fruit & seed (dried) for consumption
46.	Carapichea ipecacuanha	Ipecacuanha roots (dried) for medicinal use
	(Cephaelis ipecacuanha/ C.	
	psychotria)	
47.	Carduus sp.	Blessed Thistle whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
48.	Carum carvi	Caraway seed for consumption
49.	Trachyspermum ammi /	Ajwain seeds for consumption
	Carum copticum	
50.	Carya glabra	Pignut Hickory log wood for consumption
51.	Cassia spp.	Senna pods /dry leaves for medicinal use
52.	Catalpa bignonioides	Catalpa roots (dried) for medicinal use
53.	Ceanothus americanus	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
54.	Cedrus spp.	Cedar wood for consumption
55.	Ceiba pentandra	Kapok fibre (lint) without seed for consumption
56.	Centella asiatica	Centella leaves (dried) for medicinal use
57.	Ceratonia sligua	Carob dried pods/ seeds for consumption / medicinal purpose
58.	Chamaecyparis spp.	Juniper berries dried seed for medicinal use
59.	Chamaemelum nobile	Chamomile flowers (dried) for consumption/ medicinal use
	(Anthemis nobilis)	(vide S.O. 6224(E) dt. 18 th Dec. 2018)
60.	Chelidonium majus	Calandine whole Plants (dried) for medicinal use
61.	Chionanthus virginicus	Fringe Tree bark (dried) for medicinal use
62.	Cinchona spp.	Cinchona bark (dried) for medicinal use
63.	Cinnamomum camphora	Dried camphor laurel leaves
64.	Cinnamomum verum	Dried bark and dried leaves (vide S.O. 6224(E) dt. 18 th Dec.
	(Cinnamomum zeylanicum)	2018)
65.	Cinnnamomum cassia	Dried bark and dried leaves (vide S.O. 6224(E) dt. 18 th Dec.
05.	Cimitamontum cassia	2018)
66.	Cinnamomum tamala	Indian Bay leaf (dried) (vide S.O.6224(E) dt. 18 th Dec. 2018)
67.	Clematis recta	Upright virgin's bower leaves/ stem (dried) for medicinal use
68.	Cocos nucifera	Coconut fiber/ powder/ Copra kernel dried for consumption
69.	Coffea arabica	Roasted coffee beans
70.	Cola nitida (Kola vera)	Kolanuts
71.	Collinsonia 288isinfesta	Stone Root roots (dried) for medicinal use
72.	Convolvulus scammonia	Roots (dried) for medicinal use
	(Scammonia sp.)	(
73.	Corchorus capsularis	Jute fibers
74.	Coriandrum sativum	Coriander seed for consumption
75.	Cotinus spp.	Whole plant (without seed) (dried) for consumption
15.	commo spp.	"There prairie ("Turious seed) (diriod) for consumption

76.	Crataegus laevigata	Hawthorn fruits (Dried) for medicinal use
77.	Crocus sativus	Saffron (dried) flowers for consumption
78.	Croton eluteria	Cascarilla Bark (dried) for medicinal use
79.	Cuminum cyminum	Cumin seed for consumption
80.	Curcuma longa	Turmeric rhizome (dried) for consumption
81.	Curcuma zedoaria	Kachura dried rhizome for consumption
82.	Cut Flowers (Except Roses	For decoration / consumption purpose
	& Carnation)	
83.	Cyamopsis tetragonoloba	Guar seeds (broken) for processing
84.	Cynara scolymus	Artichoke leaves (dried) for medicinal use
85.	Dalbergia spp.	Rosewood wood for consumption
86.	Dialyanthera spp.	White Cedar wood for consumption
87.	Digitalis spp.	Digitalis leaves (dried) for medicinal use
88.	Dioscorea villosa	Roots/bulbs (dried) for medicinal use
89.	Diospyros spp.	Malabar ebony wood for consumption
90.	Dipterocarpus alatus	Gurjan / Keruing logs
91.	Dipterocarpus stellatus	Keruing logs
92.	Dryobalanops spp.	Kapur wood for consumption
93.	Duboisia spp.	Duboisia leaves (dried) medicinal use
94.	Dulacia inopiflora (Liriosma	Muira Puama root/ bark (dried) for medicinal use
	sp.)	
95.	Elaeagnus rhamnoides	Sea buckthorn fruit pulp and seeds for consumption
	(Hippophae rhamnoides)	
96.	Elaeis guineensis	Oil Palm cake for consumption
97.	Elaeocarpus ganitrus	Rudraksh
98.	Elettaria cardamomum	Small cardamom
99.	Equisetum arvense	Field Horsetail leaves (dried) for medicinal use
100.	Eriodictyon glutinosum	Yerba santa leaves (dried) for medicinal use
101.	Eryngium spp.	Button snakeroot roots (dried) for medicinal use
102.	Erysimum cheiri	Common wallflower whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
	(Cheiranthus cheiri)	
103.	Erythrophleum spp.	Tali wood for consumption
104.	Eschscholzia californica	California poppy whole plant (dried) except seeds for
		processing
105.	Eupatorium spp.	Indian sage whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
106.	Euphrasia officinalis	Eye-bright whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
107.	Eurycoma longifolia	Tongkat Ali roots/ bark (dried) for medicinal use
108.	Fagus grandifolia	Beech logs
109.	Ficus auriculata	Timla wood for consumption
110.	Ficus carica	Figs (Dried)
111.	Foeniculum vulgare	Fennel for consumption
112.	Fraxinus americana	White Ash logs / White Ash bark (dried) for medicinal use
113.	Fucus vesiculosus	Bladder Wrack (any dried plant part) for medicinal use
114.	Garcinia cambogia	Garcinia (dried) for consumption
115.	Garcinia mangostana	Mangosteen (dried fruit rind) for medicinal use
116.	Gaultheria procumbens	Winter green leaves (dried) for medicinal use
117.	Gentiana spp.	Bitterwort roots (dried) for medicinal use
118.	Geranium maculatum	Alumroot whole plants/ root (dried) for medicinal use
119.	Geum urbanum	Herb Bennet roots (dried) for medicinal use

120.	Ginkgo biloba	Ginkgo leaves (dried) for medicinal use
121.	Gluta spp.	Rengas wood for consumption
122.	Glycyrrhiza glabra	Liquorice/ Mulati
123.	Gmelina spp.	Yemane wood for consumption
124.	Griffonia simplicifolia	Any dried plant part for medicinal use
125.	Guaiacum officinale	Guaiacum whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
126.	Guibourtia spp.	Ovengkol wood for consumption
127.	Haldina cordifolia (Adina	Hnaw logs/ wood for consumption
120	cordifolia)	Witch Hard hould (duied) for modicinal rec
128.	Hamamelis virginiana	Witch Hazel bark (dried) for medicinal use
129.	Harpagophytum procumbens	Devil's Claw roots (dried) for medicinal use
130.	Hevea brasiliensis	Rubber wood
131.	Hibiscus sabdariffa	Hibiscus flowers (dried) for consumption
132.	Humulus lupulus	Hop pellets/hop leaves (dried) for medicinal use
133.	Hydrangea arborescens	Seven Barks roots/ rhizomes (dried) for medicinal use
134.	Hymenaea courbaril	Jatoba Sawn Timber wood for consumption
135.	Hypericum perforatum	St. Johnswort whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
136.	Illicium verum	Star Anise for consumption
137.	Insect Galls	Medicinal use
138.	Intsia spp.	Merbau logs
139.	Ipomoea orizabensis	Scammony roots (dried) for medicinal use.
140.	Jasminum officinale	Poets Jessamine berries (dried) for medicinal use
141.	Jateorrhiza 290isinfe	Colombo roots (dried) for medicinal use
142.	Juglans spp.	Walnut shell (crushed/ powdered) (dried) for consumption
143.	Juncus 290isinfe	Rush rhizome (dried) for medicinal use
144.	Juniperus communis / Juniperus sabina	Howbar / Sabina twig (dried) for medicinal use
145.	Kalmia latifolia	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
146.	Khaya grandifoliola	Mahogani wood for consumption
147.	Koompassia spp.	Kempas wood for consumption
	Krameria spp.	Ratanhia roots (dried) for medicinal use
149.	Laburnum anagyroides	Golden Chair leaves/flowers (dried) for medicinal use
150.	Lactuca virosa	Lactuca whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
151.	Lagerstroemia speciosa	Banaba – Dried plant parts medicinal use
151.	Lamium album	Blind Nettle leaves/ flowers (dried) for medicinal use
153.	Laurus nobilis	Laurel/ Sweet bay leaved dried for consumption
154.	Lavandula angustifolia	Lavender flowers (dried) for consumption
	ē v	Marsh Tea whole Plants (dried) for medicinal use
155.	Ledum spp.	\ /
156.	Leitneria floridana	Corkwood for consumption Common Duckwood whole plants (tried) for medicinal use
157.	Lemna spp.	Common Duckweed whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
158.	Liatris spicata	Gay feather roots (dried) for medicinal use
159.	Limonia acidissima	Wood for consumption
160.	Linum spp.	Flax fibres for consumption/ processing
161.	Litsea spp.	Sticky wood bark (dried) and bark powder (Joss Powder) for consumption (vide S.O. 6224(E) dt. 18 th Dec. 2018)
162.	Lonicera xylosteum	European fly honeysuckle berries (dried) for medicinal use
163.	Luffa spp.	Loofa fruits (dried) for medicinal use
164.	Lycium barbarum	Fruits (dried) for medicinal use/processing
104.	Бустинг багбагинг	1 runs (arrea) for incurental use/processing

165.	Maclura tinctoria	Mora wood for consumption
166.	Magnolia champaca	Sagawa (Champa) wood for consumption
	(Michelia champaca)	
167.	Melissa officinalis	Lemon balm leaves (dried) for processing
168.	Menispermum canadense	Common Moonseed roots (dried) for medicinal use
169.	Mentha spicata (Syn:	Spearmint whole plant / leaves (dried) except seed for
	Mentha viridis)	medicinal use
170.	Metasequoia	Western Red Cedar wood for consumption
	glyptostroboides	
171.	Millettia spp.	Wenge wood for consumption
172.	Mimosa pudica	Lajwanti seeds, root and flower (dried) for medicinal use
173.	Mimusops spp.	Moabi round logs wood for consumption
174.	Morella cerifera	Wax-Myrtle roots/ bark (dried) for medicinal use
155	(Myrica cerifera)	
175.	Myristica fragrans	Nutmeg & Mace for consumption and dried bark for
1776	17. 11	medicinal use
176.	Nigella sativa	Black cumin for consumption
177.	Nuphar lutea	Yellow Pond-lily rhizomes (dried) for medicinal use
178.	Ocimum basilicum/ Ocimum	Basil leaves/ Tukmaria fruits (dried) for consumption
170	spp.	Constitution of the second of
179.	Ocotea spp. Oenothera biennis	Green heart wood for consumption
180.		Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
181. 182.	Okoubaka aubrevillei Onosma echioides	Okoubaka bark/roots (dried) for medicinal use Ratton jot – dried root for medicinal use
183.		
184.	Origanum majorana Origanum vulgare	Majorana whole plants/herbs (dried) for medicinal use
104.	Origanum vuigare	Oreganum – whole plant including seed and leaves (dried) for medicinal use
185.	Ornithogalum umbellatum	Whole plant including flower (dried) except seed for
103.		medicinal use
186.	Orthosiphon spp.	Orthosiphon leaves (dried) for medicinal use
187.	Oryza sativa	Rice bran/ husk dried for processing
188.	Osyris lanceolata	Tanzanian/ African Sandalwood dry roots/ wood for
		consumption
189.	Palaquium spp.	Nyatoh wood for consumption
190.	Panax quinquefolius	Ginseng roots/ Korean Ginseng roots (dried) for medicinal use
191.	Papaver somniferum	Poppy seed for consumption
192.	Parashorea spp.	Seraya wood for consumption
193.	Pareira brava	Velvet leaf roots (dried) for medicinal use
194.	Paullinia cupana	Guarana seeds (dried) for medicinal use
195.	Pausinystalia yohimba	Yohimbe Bark (dried) for medicinal use
196.	Peltogyne paniculata subsp.	Purple Heart/ Amarante wood for consumption
	Pubescens (Peltogyne	
	pubescens)	
197.	Perilla spp.	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
198.	Persea macrantha (Machilus	Jigat (Joss) dried bark powder for consumption
	micarantha)	
199.	Persea spp	Persea bark (dried) for medicinal use
200.	Petasites hybridus (Tussilago	Butter Burr whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
	petasites)	
201.	Petroselinum crispum	Parsley plants/ herbs (dried) for consumption

202.	Peumus boldus	Boldina leaves (dried) for consumption
203.	Phytolacca spp.	Berries/ roots (dried) for medicinal use
204.	Picrorhiza kurroa	Picrorhiza roots (dried) for medicinal use
205.	Pilocarpus jaborandi	Jaborandi leaves (dried) for medicinal use
206.	•	Allspice dried fruit
207.	Pimpinella anisum	Aniseed (dried) for consumption
208.	1	Pine-nut/ Chilgozah roasted seed for consumption
209.	Piper cubeba	Cubebs for consumption
210.	Piper longum	Long Pepper
211.	Piper methysticum	Kava Roots (dried) for consumption
212.	Piper nigrum	Black / white/ green pepper
213.		Piscidia bark (dried) for medicinal use
214.	Pistacia vera	Pistachio dried fruit
215.	Pogostemon cablin	Patchouli dried leaves for consumption
216.	Polygala senega	Senega roots (dried) for medicinal use
217.	Populus spp.	Balm of Gilead bud (dried) for medicinal use
218.		Cherry-Laurel leaves/ Pygeum Bark (dried) for medicinal use
219.	Pterocarpus soyauxii	Padauk logs
220.	Pulsatilla spp.	Anemone – Windflower whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
221.	Punica granatum	Pomegranate dried seeds for consumption
222.	Rauvolfia vomitoria	Rauwolfia root bark (dried) for medicinal use
223.	Reynoutria sachalinensis	Giant Knotweed dried hay/ roots for consumption
	(Polygonum sachalinense)	
224.	Rhamnus spp.	European Buckthorn berries /Alder buckthorn roots/ Cascara
1		1 1 (1:1) 0 1:: 1
		bark (dried) for medicinal use
225.	Rhaponticum carthamoides	bark (dried) for medicinal use Maral root for medicinal use
225. 226.	•	
	•	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use
226.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption
226. 227. 228.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use
226. 227.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for
226. 227. 228.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use
226. 227. 228. 229.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp.	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption
226. 227. 228. 229.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp.	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens Sabal serrulata	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use Saw palmetto root/ fruit (dried) for medicinal use
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens Sabal serrulata Salix alba / Salix nigra	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use Saw palmetto root/ fruit (dried) for medicinal use Willow bark /Black Willow bark (dried) for medicinal use
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens Sabal serrulata Salix alba / Salix nigra Salix spp.	Maral root for medicinal use Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use Saw palmetto root/ fruit (dried) for medicinal use Willow bark /Black Willow bark (dried) for medicinal use Willow Baskets (woven) for consumption
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens Sabal serrulata Salix alba / Salix nigra Salix spp.	Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use Saw palmetto root/ fruit (dried) for medicinal use Willow bark /Black Willow bark (dried) for medicinal use Willow Baskets (woven) for consumption Clary sage leaves/plants/herbs (dried) medicinal/ consumption
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens Sabal serrulata Salix alba / Salix nigra Salix spp. Salvia officinalis	Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use Saw palmetto root/ fruit (dried) for medicinal use Willow bark /Black Willow bark (dried) for medicinal use Willow Baskets (woven) for consumption Clary sage leaves/plants/herbs (dried) medicinal/ consumption use
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens Sabal serrulata Salix alba / Salix nigra Salix spp. Salvia officinalis	Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use Saw palmetto root/ fruit (dried) for medicinal use Willow bark /Black Willow bark (dried) for medicinal use Willow Baskets (woven) for consumption Clary sage leaves/plants/herbs (dried) medicinal/ consumption use Elder berry dried fruits for consumption/ medicinal purpose
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens Sabal serrulata Salix alba / Salix nigra Salix spp. Salvia officinalis Sambucus niger	Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use Saw palmetto root/ fruit (dried) for medicinal use Willow bark /Black Willow bark (dried) for medicinal use Willow Baskets (woven) for consumption Clary sage leaves/plants/herbs (dried) medicinal/ consumption use Elder berry dried fruits for consumption/ medicinal purpose and leaves/ flowers (dried) for medicinal purpose
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens Sabal serrulata Salix alba / Salix nigra Salix spp. Salvia officinalis Sambucus niger Santalum spp. Sapindus emarginatus Sceletium tortuosum	Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use Saw palmetto root/ fruit (dried) for medicinal use Willow bark /Black Willow bark (dried) for medicinal use Willow Baskets (woven) for consumption Clary sage leaves/plants/herbs (dried) medicinal/ consumption use Elder berry dried fruits for consumption/ medicinal purpose and leaves/ flowers (dried) for medicinal purpose Sandalwood (wood/nuts) for consumption
226. 227. 228. 229. 230. 231. 232. 233. 234. 235. 236. 237. 238. 239. 240.	Rhodiola spp. Rhus succedanea Rhus toxicodendron Rosa spp. Rosmarinus officinalis Rubia spp. Ruscus aculeatus Ruta graveolens Sabal serrulata Salix alba / Salix nigra Salix spp. Salvia officinalis Sambucus niger Santalum spp. Sapindus emarginatus	Root (dried) for medicinal use Kakra singhi (dried) for consumption Poison Ivy leaves (dried) for medicinal use Rose flower (dried) and rosehip (whole/ broken) (dried) for medicinal use/ consumption Rosemary for consumption Manjith roots (dried) for consumption Butcher's broom roots (dried) for processing Bitter Herb whole plants (dried) for medicinal use Saw palmetto root/ fruit (dried) for medicinal use Willow bark /Black Willow bark (dried) for medicinal use Willow Baskets (woven) for consumption Clary sage leaves/plants/herbs (dried) medicinal/ consumption use Elder berry dried fruits for consumption/ medicinal purpose and leaves/ flowers (dried) for medicinal purpose Sandalwood (wood/nuts) for consumption Soap nut (dried) for consumption

244.	Scutellaria spp	Helmet Flower whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
245.	Seaweeds - Chondrus spp./	Seaweed dried for consumption
	Ecklonia maxima/ Eucheuma	
	spp./Gelidium spp./	
	Gelidiella spp./ Gracilaria	
	spp./ Kappaphycus spp./	
- 1	Pteroclodia spp.	
246.	Secale spp.	Ergot of Rye grounded form for medicinal use
247.	Sedum spp.	Wall Pepper whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
248.	Sempervivum spp.	Houseleek leaves (dried) for medicinal use
249.	Sequoia sempervirens	Western Red Cedar wood for consumption
250.	Shorea robusta/ Shorea spp.	Sal logs/ Selagan batu logs / Meranti wood for consumption
251.	Silybum marianum (Cardui mariae)	Milk Thistle seeds/ fruits (dried) for medicinal use
252.	Sinopodophyllum hexandrum (Podophyllum hexandrum)	Podophyllum rhizome/roots (dried) for medicinal use
253.	Smilax spp.	Smilax rhizomes/roots (dried) for medicinal use
254.	Stevia rebaudiana	Stevia leaves (dried) for medicinal use
255.	Strychnos ignatii (Ignatia amara)	St. Ignatius' Bean cut (dried) for medicinal use
256.	Swietenia macrophylla	Mahogani wood for consumption
257.	Symphytum officinale	Comfrey roots (dried) for medicinal use
258.	Symplocarpus foetidus (Pothos foetidus)	Skunk Cabbage roots (dried) for medicinal use
259.	Syzygium aromaticum	Cloves/ Cloves stem (dried) for consumption (S.O. 4083 (E) Dated 8 th November, 2019)
260.	Syzygium jambos	Rose Apple fruits and seeds (dried) for medicinal use
261.	Tamarindus indica	Tamarind fruit pulp and seed for consumption
262.	Tanacetum cinerariifolium	Pyrethrum flower powder/flowers (dried) for consumption
	(Chrysanthemum	
	cinerariifolium) / Tanacetum	
	balsamita (Chrysanthemum	
262	tanacetum)	Tanguarda alama (deiad) for madiainal usa
263. 264.	Tanacetum vulgare Taxus baccata	Tansy whole plants (dried) for medicinal use English Yew dried leaves for medicinal use
265.	Taxus baccata Taxus brevifolia	Pacific yew dried leaves for medicinal use
266.	Tectona grandis	Teak Logs
267.	Terminalia spp.	Htauk Kyant wood for consumption
268.	Teucrium marum	Cat Thyme whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
269.	Theobroma cacao	Cocoa powder
270.	Thuja occidentalis	Eastern arborvitae leaves/ twigs (dried) medicinal use
271.	Thymus spp.	Whole plant (without seed) (dried) for processing
272.	Thymus vulgaris	Thyme
273.	Tillandsia usneoides	Spanish moss (dried) for medicinal use
274.	Tribulus terrestris	Caltrop whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
275.	Trigonella foenum-graecam	Fenugreek for consumption
276.	Triplochiton scleroxylon	African white wood for consumption
	T	
277.	Tsuga isinfesta (Abies	Hemlock spruce bark (dried) for medicinal use

278.	Tsuga spp.	Hem-fir/ Hemlock wood for consumption
279.	Turnera diffusa	Damiana whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
280.	Uncaria tomentosa	Cat's claw leaves (dried) for consumption
281.	Urtica dioica	Nettle roots (Dried) for medicinal use
282.	Usnea barbata	Bearded usnea whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
283.	Vaccinium myrtillus	Common bilberry leaves (dried) for medicinal use
284.	Valeriana officinalis	Common valerian roots (dried) for medicinal use
285.	Vatica spp.	Resak wood for consumption
286.	Veronica spp.	Roots (dried) for medicinal use
287.	Viburnum prunifolium	Black Haw barks (dried) for medicinal use
	(Viburnum sp.)	
288.	Vinca minor	Common Periwinkle whole plants (dried) for medicinal use
289.	Vincetoxicum spp.	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
290.	Vitex spp.	Vitex wood for consumption
291.	Voacanga spp.	Voacanga seeds, roots and bark (dried) for medicinal use
292.	Withania coagulans	Paneer dodi fruits (dried) for consumption
293.	Wood/ bamboo products	Wood/Bamboo products Without bark such as manufactured/
		finished/ handicrafts/ furniture/ joinery and articles from
		carpentry (windows/ doors/ shutters/ photo frames/ curtain
		rods/ boxes/ thatch etc)/ conveyances (row boats, vehicle
		decks, trailers etc)/ garden items/house hold articles/ musical
		instruments/ sporting equipments/ tools /toys/flower vase/
		wood fiber/ woody dry branches without bark/ cones/baskets
204	V 1: /V 1:	etc.
294.	Xylia xylocarpa (Xylia dolabriformis)	Pyinkado logs
295.	Zanthoxylum americanum	Prickly Ash berries/bark (dried) for medicinal use
296.	Zanthoxylum bungeanum	Sichuan pepper pods (dried) for consumption
297.	Zea mays	Corn cob ground without grain / Corn leaf pellets (dried) for
271.	Zea mays	consumption
298.	Zingiber officinale	Dry Ginger for consumption
	Abies spectabilis	Leaf (dried) for medicinal use
300.	Acacia catechu	Fruit (dried) for medicinal use
301.		Flower (dried) for medicinal use
301.	Acacia rugata Acacia farnesiana	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
302.	(Synonym – Acacia indica)	Dark (dired) for inedicinal use
303.	Acacia nilotica	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
304.	Aconitum heterophyllum	Root (dried) for medicinal use
305.	Aconitum napellus	Whole plant with root (dried) for medicinal use
306.	Aconitum spp.	Root (dried) for medicinal use
307.	Aesandra butyracea	Seed for medicinal use
308.	Agathosma crenulata	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
500.	(Synonym –Barosma crenulata)	Leaves (arrea) for medicinal use
309.	Ageratina spp.	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
310.	Agropyron repens	Rhizome (dried) for medicinal use
311.	Aletris farinosa	Rhizome/ root (dried) for medicinal use
312.	Allium ursinum	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
313.	Allium wallichii	Root (dried) for medicinal use
314.	Alnus glutinosa	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
J 1 1.		Zam (arrea) for measurement and

315.	Alstonia scholaris	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
316.	Althea officinalis	Root (dried) for medicinal use
317.	Ammi visnaga	Seed / Fruit (dried) for medicinal use
318.	Anamirta cocculus	Seeds for medicinal use
319.	Artemisia abrotanum	Abrotanum – Leaves & young shoots (dried) for medicinal use
320.	Asclepias tuberosa	Root (dried) for medicinal use
321.	Asparagus spp.	Root (dried) for medicinal use
322.	Bauhinia purpurea	Bark/ leaf (dried) for medicinal use
323.	Bauhinia vahinia	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
324.	Bauhinia variegata	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
325.	Berberis aristata	Root/ bark/ stem (dried) for medicinal use
326.	Bergenia ciliata	Root (dried) for medicinal use
327.	Boehmeria rugulosa	Bark, leaves, stem (dried) for medicinal use
328.	Caulophyllum thalictroides	Rhizome/ root (dried) for medicinal use
329.	Chamaelirium luteum	Rhizome (dried) for medicinal use
330.	Chelone glabra	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
331.	Chimaphila umbellata	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
332.	Chlorophytum spp.	Root (dried) for medicinal use
333.	Choerospondias axillaris	Fruits (dried) for medicinal use
334.	Cimicifuga racemosa	Rhizome/ root (dried) for medicinal use
335.	Cinnamomum glaucescens	Fruit (dried) for medicinal use
	(Synonym – Cinnamomum	
	cecidodaphne)	
336.	Citrullus colocynthis	Seed for medicinal use
337.	Conium maculatum	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
338.	Convallaria majalis	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
339.	Crataeva nurvala	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
340.	Curculigo orchioides	Root (dried) for medicinal use
341.	Cyperus spp.	Root (dried) for medicinal use
342.	Daphne mezereum	Mezereum – Bark (dried) for medicinal use
343.	Delphinium denudatum	Root (dried) for medicinal use
344.	Delphinium himalayae	Root (dried) for medicinal use
345.	Delphinium staphisagria	Seeds for medicinal use
346.	Desmodium gangeticum	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
347.	Dioscorea spp.	Root (dried) for medicinal use
348.	Dioscorea communis	Root (dried) for medicinal use
	(Synonym – Tamus	
2.40	communis)	
349.	Echinacea angustifolia	Whole plant with root (dried) for medicinal use
350.	Eucalyptus spp.	Stem, Leaf (dried) for medicinal use
351.	Ficus benghalensis	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
352.	Ficus religiosa	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
353.	Galega officinalis	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
354.	Gelsemium sempervirens	Root (dried) for medicinal use
355.	Gnaphalium polycephalum	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
356.	Grindelia camporum /	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
257	Grindelia robusta	Dead (Idial) Commedicial
357.	Hedychium spicatum	Root (dried) for medicinal use

358.	Helleborus niger	Rhizome (dried) for medicinal use
359.	Ipomoea spp.	Root and Flower (dried) for medicinal use
360.	Juglans regia	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
361.	Juniperus spp.	Stem/ leaf (dried) for medicinal use
362.	Leonurus cardiaca	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
363.	Leptadenia reticulata	Root, Stem (dried) for medicinal use
364.	Lindera neesiana	Seed, Fruit (dried) for medicinal use
365.	Lobaria pulmonaria	Lichen (dried) for medicinal use
366.	Lycopodium clavatum	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
367.	Lycopus virginicus	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
368.	Marsdenia cundurango	Condurango – bark (dried) for medicinal use
369.	Melilotus officinalis	Mililotus – Inflorescens (flowering top) (dried) for medicinal
309.	Memons Officinalis	use
370.	Mitchella repens	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
371.	Moringa oleifera	Bark/ leaf (dried) for medicinal use
372.	Mosannona depressa	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
	(Synonym –Guatteria	
	gaumeri)	
373.	Murraya koenigii	Stem/leaf (dried) for consumption/ medicinal use
374.	Myrsine semiserrata	Fruit (dried) for medicinal use
375.	Neopicrorhiza	Root (dried) for medicinal use
	scrophulariiflora (Synonym	
	– Picrorhiza	
	scrophulariiflora)	
376.	Oroxylum indicum	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
377.	Paeonia officinalis	Root (dried) for medicinal use
378.	Paris polyphylla	Root (dried) for medicinal use
379.	Peumus boldus	Boldo – Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
380.	Phyllanthus niruri	Root/whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
381.	Physostigma venenosum	Seeds for medicinal use
382.	Plumbago zeylanica	Root (dried) for medicinal use
383.	Polygonum punctatum	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
384.	Polypodium vulgare	Stem (dried) for medicinal use
385.	Potentilla fulgens	Root (dried) for medicinal use
386.	Rheum australe	Root/ stem/ leaf (dried) for medicinal use
387.	Rhododendron anthopogon	Stem, Leaf, Flower (dried) for medicinal use
388.	Rhododendron aureum	Leaves and Flower (dried) for medicinal use
	(Synonym – Rhododendron	
200	chrysanthum)	Dowle (duied) for modicinal was
389.	Robinia pseudoacacia	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
390.	Rumex nepalensis	Root (dried) for medicinal use
391.	Sambucus canadensis	Flowering heads (dried) for medicinal use
392.	Sanguinaria canadensis	Rhizome (dried) for medicinal use
393.	Sapindus mukorossi	Fruit (dried) for medicinal use
394.	Saraca asoca	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
395.	Schleichera oleosa (Lac	Lac gum- Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
207	gum)	Condition and Heimiters
396.	Schleichera trijuga	Seed for medicinal use

397.	Selinum wallichianum	Root (dried) for medicinal use
	(Synonym – Selinum	
	tenuifolium)	
398.	Senecio aureus	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
399.	Smilax 297isinf (Synonym – Smilax regelii)	Sarsaparilla – Root (dried) for medicinal use
400.	Solanum virginianum	Fruit, whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
	(Synonym – Solanum	
	xanthocarpum)	
401.	Solidago virga-aurea	Flowering heads (dried) for medicinal use
402.	Spigelia marilandica	Rhizome (dried) for medicinal use
403.	Stereospermum suaveolens (Synonym – Stereospermum chelonoides)	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
404.	Strophanthus hispidus	Seeds for medicinal use
405.	Swertia spp./ Swertia	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
	chirayita	
406.	Symplocos racemosa	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
407.	Syzygium cumini	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
408.	Teramnus labialis	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
409.	Thysanolaena maxima	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
	(Synonym – Thysanolaena	
410	latifolia)	
410.	Tinospora 297isinfes	Root/ stem (dried) for medicinal use
	(Synonym - Tinospora cordifolia)	
411.	Trichosanthes wallichiana	Seed for medicinal use
412.	Trillium govanianum	Root (dried) for medicinal use
413.	Uraria picta	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
414.	Valeriana jatamansi	Root (dried) for medicinal use
415.	Veratrum album	Rhizome/ root (dried) for medicinal use
416.		Rhizome/ root (dried) for medicinal use
	Helonias viride)	
417.	Veronicastrum virginicum	Leptandra – Root (dried) for medicinal use
418.	Vigna trilobata (Synonym –	Whole plant (dried) for medicinal use
	Phaseolus trilobus)	
419.	Xanthoxylum fraxineum	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
420.	Zanthoxylum armatum	Fruit (dried) for medicinal use
421.	Ziziphus jujuba	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
422.	Actaea spicata	Roots (dried) for medicinal use
423.	Adonis vernalis	Whole plant (dried) (except seeds) for medicinal use (Listed under Appendix II of CITES which require prior export permit
		under Appendix-II of CITES which require prior export permit from exporting country)
424.	Aethusa cynapium	Whole plant (dried) (except seeds) for medicinal use
425.	Agathosma crenulata (Syn:	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
	Barosma crenulata)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
426.	Agrimonia eupatoria	Whole plant (dried) (except seeds) for medicinal use
427.	Ailanthus glandulosa	Stem/ bark/ flowers (except seed) (dried) for medicinal use
428.	Alnus serrulata	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
	TITTUD DOLLAUM	Dark (arroa) for invarental abo

429.	Alstonia constricta	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
430.	Anagallis arvensis	Whole plant (dried) (except seeds) for medicinal use
431.	Angostura 298isinfesta (Syn: Galipea officinalis (Angostura)	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
432.	Anthamantha oreoselinum (Antha mantha)	Whole plant (dried) (except seeds) for medicinal use
433.	Apocynum androsaemifolium	Rhizome and root (dried) for medicinal use
434.	Arctostaphylos uva-ursi – Bearberry	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
435.	Aristolochia serpentaria	Rhizome and root (dried) for medicinal use
436.	Arum maculatum	Root (dried) for medicinal use
437.	Asarum canadense	Rhizome and root (dried) for medicinal use
438.	Asarum europaeum	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
439.	Asclepias curassavica	Whole plant (dried) except seed and root for medicinal use
440.	Asclepias 298isinfest	Root (dried) for medicinal use
441.	Bellis perennis	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
442.	Betonica officinalis	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
443.	Buxus sempervirens – Common Box wood	Leaves and stems (dried) for medicinal use
444.	Calluna vulgaris – Heather	Stem (dried) for medicinal use
445.	Canna glauca (Syn: Canna angustifolia)	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
446.	Castanea sativa	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
447.	Castela tortuosa (Syn: Castela texana/ Chaparro amargoso)	Bark and stem (dried) for medicinal use
448.	Centaurium chanetii (Syn: Centaurium chilense) (Centaurium)	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
449.	Cicuta virosa	Root (dried) for medicinal use
450.	Colchicum autumnale	Corm (dried) for medicinal use
451.	Comocladia 298isinfe	Leaves and bark (dried) for medicinal use
452.	Cornus florida	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
453.	Crocanthemum canadense (Syn: Helianthemum canadense / Cistus 298isinfesta)	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
454.	Cyclamen europaeum	Root (dried) for medicinal use (Listed under Appendix-II of CITES which require prior export permit from exporting country)
455.	Cypripedium parviflorum var. pubescens (Syn: Cypripedium pubescens)	Rhizome and root (dried) for medicinal use
456.	Daphne indica	Bark of branches (dried) for medicinal use
457.	Dieffenbachia seguine (Syn: Caladium seguinum)- Dumb cane	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
458.	Drosera rotundifolia	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use

459.	Dryopteris filix-mas	Rhizome (dried) for medicinal use
460.	Ephedra gerardiana	Stem (dried) for medicinal use
461.	Epifagus virginiana	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
462.	Epigaea repens	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
463.	Equisetum hyemale	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
464.	Euonymus atropurpureus	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
465.	Fabiana 299isinfest (Pichi)	Stem (dried) for medicinal use
466.	Ferula moschata (Syn: Ferula sumbul) (Sumbul)	Root (dried) for medicinal use
467.	Filipendula ulmaria	Stem (dried) for medicinal use
468.	Glechoma hederacea	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
469.	Gratiola officinalis	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
470.	Gymnocladus dioica (Syn: Gymnocladus 299isinfesta)	Pulp surrounding the seed (dried) for medicinal use
471.	Herniaria glabra	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
472.	Hyacinthoides non-scripta (Syn: Agraphis nutans)	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
473.	Hydrastis 299isinfesta	Rhizome (dried) for medicinal use (Listed under Appendix-II of CITES which require prior export permit from exporting country)
474.	Iberis amara	Seeds (dried) for medicinal use
475.	Ilex aquifolium	Leaf and fruit (dried) for medicinal use
476.	Inula helenium	Rhizome and root (dried) for medicinal use
477.	Jacaranda caroba	Inflorescence (dried) for medicinal use
478.	Lachnanthes tinctoria	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
479.	Levisticum officinale	Rhizome (dried) for medicinal use
480.	Lobelia 299isinfe	Whole plant (dried) except seed and root for medicinal use
481.	Menyanthes 299isinfesta	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
482.	Mikania amara (Guaco)	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
483.	Myrtus communis	Whole plant (dried) except seed and roots for medicinal use
484.	Nepeta cataria – Catnip	Leaves and inflorescence (dried) for medicinal use
485.	Oenanthe crocata – Dead tongue	Root (dried) for medicinal use
486.	Onosmodium virginianum – Virginia marble seed	Root and seed (dried) for medicinal use
487.	Opuntia ficus-indica (Syn: Opuntia vulgaris) – Prickly pear	Whole plant (dried) excluding seed for medicinal use (Listed under Appendix-II of CITES which require prior export permit from exporting country)
488.	Oxydendrum 299isinfest	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
489.	Paris quadrifolia	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
490.	Parthenocissus quinquefolia (Syn: Ampelopsis quinquefolia)	Bark and stem (dried) for medicinal use
491.	Piper angustifolium – Matico	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
100	1 0	
492.	Podophyllum peltatum	Rhizome (dried) for medicinal use

494.	Prunus spinosa – Black thorn/Sloe	Flower buds (dried) for medicinal use
495.	Ptelea 300isinfesta	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
496.	<i>Quercus robur</i> – Common Oak	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
497.	Quillaja saponaria	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
498.	Ranunculus bulbosus – Butter cup	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
499.	Ranunculus sceleratus	Whole plant (dried) except seed and roots for medicinal use
500.	Rheum officinale – Rhubarb	Rhizome and root (dried) for medicinal use
501.	Rhus 300isinfes	Bark of root (dried) for medicinal use
502.	Rhus glabra	Stems and leaves (dried) for medicinal use
503.	Rhus venenata	Stems and leaves (dried) for medicinal use
504.	Rumex acetosa – Sorrel	Leaves (dried) for medicinal use
505.	Saponaria officinalis – Soapwort	Root (dried) for medicinal use
506.	Sarracenia purpurea – Purple Pitcher plant	Whole plant (dried) excluding seed for medicinal use (Listed under Appendix-II of CITES which require prior export permit from exporting country)
507.	Selenicereus grandiflorus (Syn. Cactus grandiflorus)	Inflorescence (dried) for medicinal use (Listed under Appendix-II of CITES which require prior export permit from exporting country)
508.	Senecio bicolor	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
509.	Simaba cedron (Cedron)	Seeds (dried) for medicinal use
510.	Stillingia sylvatica – Queen's Root	Root (dried) for medicinal use
511.	Strophanthus gratus	Seed (dried) for medicinal use
512.	Strychnos malaccensis – Hoang-Nan	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
513.	Tilia europaea (Syn: Tilia vulgaris)	Inflorescence (dried) for medicinal use
514.	Trillium erectum (Trillium pendulum) – Indian balm/ Beth root	Root (dried) for medicinal use
515.	Ulmus rubra (Syn: Ulmus fulva)	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
516.	<i>Urtica urens</i> – Annual nettle	Whole plant (dried) except seed for medicinal use
517.	Wikstroemia indica (Syn: Wikstroemia veridiflora)	Bark (dried) for medicinal use
518.	Wyethia helenioides	Root (dried) for medicinal use
519.	<i>Yucca filamentosa</i> – Adams needle	Root/ leaves/ flowers (dried) for medicinal use

SCHEDULE-VIII

[See Clause 3 (12)] List of Quarantine Weed Species

(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
1.	Alectra vogelii (Yellow witchweed)	30.	Helianthus ciliaris (Texas blueweed)
2.	Allium vineale (Crow garlic / Wild garlic)	31.	Heliotropium amplexicaule (Blue heliotrope)
3.	Amaranthus blitoides (Prostrate pigweed)	32.	Leersia japonica (Cut grass)
4.	Ambrosia 301isinfes (Sea ambrosia)	33.	Lolium multiflorum (Italian ryegrass)
5.	Ambrosia psilostachya (Perennial ragweed)	34.	Lonicera japonica (Japanese honeysuckle)
6.	Ambrosia trifida (Giant ragweed)	35.	Matricaria 301 isinfest (False chamomile)
7.	Anthemis cotula (Dog fennel)	36.	Orobanche 301isinf (Sunflower broomrape)
8.	Apera spica-venti (Loose silkybent grass)	37.	Orobanche minor (Common broomrape)
9.	Bromus secalinus (Rye brome)	38.	Oryza longistaminata (Perennial wild rice)
10.	Cenchrus incertus (Syn. Cenchrus tribuloides) (Spiny burrgrass)	39.	Pennisetum macrourum (African feather grass)
11.	Centaurea diffusa (Diffuse knapweed)	40.	Polygonum lapathifolium (Pale persicaria)
12.	Centaurea maculosa (Spotted knapweed)	41.	Proboscidea louisianica (Devil's claw)
13.	Centaurea solstitialis (Yellow starthistle)	42.	Pueraria 301isinfe var. 301isinfe (Rhodesian Kudzu)
14.	Centrosema pubescens (Butterfly pea)	43.	Raphanus raphanistrum (Wild radish)
15.	Chrysanthemoides monilifera (Boneseed)	44.	Richardia brasiliensis (White eye – Australia)
16.	Cichorium pumilum (Dwarf chicory)	45.	Salsola vermiculata (Mediterranean saltwort)
17.	Cichorium spinosum (Spiny chicory)	46.	Senecio inaequidens (African ragwort)
18.	Cirsium vulgare (Spear thistle)	47.	Senecio jacobaea (Common ragwort)
19.	Conyza sumatrensis (Tall fleabane)	48.	Senecio madagascariensis (Fireweed)
20.	Cordia curassavica (Black sage/ Wild sage)	49.	Solanum carolinense (Horse nettle)
21.	Cuscuta australis (Australian 301isinf)	50.	Striga aspera (Witchweed)
22.	Cynoglossum officinale (Hound's tougue)	51.	Striga hermonthica (Witchweed)
23.	Digitaria velutina (Velvet finger grass)	52.	Thesium 301isinfe (Austral toadflax)
24.	Echinochloa crus-pavonis (Gulf cockspur grass)	53.	Thesium humiale (Dwarf thesium)
25.	Fallopia japonica (Syn. Polygonum cuspidatum) (Japanese knotweed)	54.	Thlaspi arvense (Field pennycress)
26.	Froelichia floridana (Florida snake cotton)	55.	Urochloa plantaginea (Syn. Brachiaria plantaginea) (Plantain signal grass)
27.	Fumaria officinalis (Common fumitory)	56.	Veronica persica (Creeping speedwell)
28.	Galium aparine (Cleavers)	57.	Viola arvensis (Field pansy)
29.	Helianthus californicus (California sunflower)		

Schedule IX [See clause 5] A-Inspection Fees

	71	Numbers/	
Sl.		Weight/	
No.	Particulars of Import	Volume	Fee
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	i) Plants/ Planting materials	(i) Up to 100 numbers	Rs. 400/-
1.	· ·	· / •	
	including cuttings, saplings,	(ii) Above 100 and up to	Rs. 400/- plus Rs. 120/-
	bud wood, seed sprouts, bulbs,	1,000 numbers	per hundred numbers or part
	tubers, and corns, rhizomes etc.		thereof.
	requiring post entry	(iii) Above 1,000 numbers	Rs. 1480/- plus Rs. 800/-
	quarantine	and up to 10,000	per 1,000 numbers or part
		numbers	thereof.
		(iv) Above 10,000 number	Rs. 8680/- plus Rs. 4500/-
			per 10,000 numbers or part
	"'\ T'	(') II (100 1	thereof.
	ii) Tissue Culture	(i) Up to 100 numbers	*Rs. 100/
		(ii) Above 100 and up to	*Rs. 100/- plus Rs. 20/-
		1,000 numbers	per hundred numbers or
			part thereof.
		(iii) Above 1,000 numbers	*Rs. 280/- plus Rs. 100/-
		and up to 10,000	per 1000 numbers or part
		numbers	thereof.
		(iv) Above 10,000	*Rs. 1180/- plus Rs. 500/-
		numbers	per 10,000 numbers or part
			thereof.
2.	Cormlets/ Bulblets of size up to	(i) Up to 1 kg	Rs. 150/-
	1 cm diameter requiring post	(ii) Above 1 kg and up to	Rs. 150/- plus Rs. 15/- per
	entry quarantine	10 kg	kg or part thereof.
		(iii) Above 10 kg	Rs. 285/- plus Rs. 50/- per
			10 kg or part thereof.
3.	Mushroom spawn Culture	(i) Up to 1 kg	Rs. 150/-
		(ii) Above 1 kg and up to	Rs. 150/- plus Rs. 15/- per
		10 kg	kg or part thereof
		(iii) Above 10 kg	Rs. 285/- plus Rs. 50/- per
			10 kg or part thereof.
4.	Seeds for sowing	(i) Up to 10 kg	Rs. 400/-
		(ii) Above 10 kg and Up to	Rs. 400/- plus Rs. 400/- per
		100 kg	10 kg or part thereof.
		(iii) Above 100 kg and up to	Rs. 4000/- plus Rs. 2000/-
		1,000 kg	per 100 kg or part thereof.
		(iv) Above 1,000 kg	Rs. 22000/- plus Rs. 10000/-
		(11) 1100 VC 1,000 Kg	per 1,000 kg or part thereof.
L			per 1,000 kg of part mercor.

5.	Plant material such as	(i) Up to 2 kg	Rs. 80/-
	seeds/fruits/nuts/grains/timbers	(ii) Above 2 kg up to 100	Rs. 80/- plus Rs. 8/- per
	for consumption	kg	additional kg or part thereof.
	Note: Fraction of Kg may	(iii) Above 100 kg up to	Rs. 860/- plus Rs. 300/-
	be rounded off to the nearest	1000 kg	per additional 100 kg or part
	unit.		thereof.
		(iv) Above 1000 kg	Rs. 3500/- plus Rs. 200/-
			per additional 1,000 kg or
			part thereof.
			Rs. 4,000/- plus Rs. 150/- per additional 1,000 kg or
			part thereof in case of
			pulses.
6.	(i) Soil, growing media (with	(i) Up to 10 kg	Rs. 80/-
	soil, peat or other organic		D 00/ 1 D 0/
	materials) and Peat or Sphagnum	(ii) Above 10 kg and up to	Rs. 80/- plus Rs. 8/- per
	moss	100 kg	additional kg or part thereof.
		(iii) Above 100 kg and up	Rs. 860/- plus Rs. 300/- per
		to 1000 kg	additional 100 kg or part
			thereof.
		(iv) Above 1000 kg	Rs. 3500/- plus Rs. 200/- per
			additional 1,000 kg or part
		(') II (10001	thereof.
	(ii) Sand, similar materials:	(i) Up to 1000 kg	Rs. 150/-
	inorganic soil additives, leonardite, lignite, pure sand	(ii) Above 1,000 kg	Rs. 150/- plus Rs. 5/- per additional 1,000 kg. or part
	(silica, zircon, quartz etc.), pure		thereof.
	clay like kaolin etc., rock		thereor.
	aggregates and gravel, volcanic,		
	pumice, chalk, rock salt,		
	diatomaceous earth, all kinds of		
	ore, vermiculite, perlite, gypsum,		
	geoliote etc., and Stone		
7.	i) Insect and other arthropods/	(i) Up to 100 numbers	* Rs. 150/-
	Nematodes		* Rs. 150/- plus Rs. 100 /-
		1,000 numbers	per additional 100
			numbers or part thereof.
		(iii) Above 1,000 numbers	* Rs. 1050/- plus Rs. 150/-
			per additional 1000
	ii) Fanai/Dantani (C	(:) II., 4., 1.,	numbers or part thereof.
	ii) Fungi/Bacteria (Spores)	(i) Up to 1 gm	* Rs. 150/-
		(ii) Above 1 gm	* Rs. 150/- plus Rs. 100/-
			per additional 1 gm or part
			thereof.

iii) Fungi/Bacteria (Liquid	(i) Up to 1 litre	* Rs. 500/-
cultures)	(ii) Above 1 litre	* Rs. 500/- plus Rs. 250/-
		per additional 1 litre or
		part thereof
iv) Fungi/ Bacteria and other Bioagents (In Petri Plates/Vials/	(i) Up to 10 numbers	* Rs. 500/-
Culture tubes etc.,)	(ii) Above 10 up to 100	* Rs. 500/- plus Rs. 250 /-
<i>"</i>	Numbers	per additional 10
		numbers or part thereof.
	(iii)Above 100 numbers	* Rs. 2750/- plus Rs. 1500/-
		per additional 100
		numbers or part thereof.

^{*} Plus costs/fees for any special tests as per rates fixed by concerned approved institutes.

B. FUMIGATION/DISINFECTION/DISINFESTATION CHARGES

1.	2.	3.	4.
1.	Plants / Planting materials/ Planting products/Dry fruits/ Fresh fruits/ Vegetables/ Seeds/Soil/earth/clay	(A) On volume basis (i) Up to 5 cu.m (ii) Above 5 cu.m	Rs. 900/- Rs. 900/- plus Rs. 450/- per additional 5 cu.m or part thereof.
	[The importer shall arrange for fumigation, 304isinfestations of consignment at his cost, under the supervision of Plant Protection Adviser or an officer authorized by him in this behalf]	(B) On container basis (i) 20' container (33 cu.m) (ii) 40' Container (66 cu.m)	Rs. 3600/- Rs. 6500/-

C. SUPERVISION CHARGES

Sl. No.	Particulars of Import	Numbers/Weight/Volume	Fee
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Supervision Charges	-	Rs. 750/- per day per consignment

SCHEDULE-X

[See Clause 2 (xii) and Clause 3(3)]

List of Permit Issuing Authorities for Import of Seeds, Plants and Plant Products and other articles

S. No.	Issuing Authority	Jurisdiction	Authorized to issue permits for
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Plant Protection Adviser	All notified points of entry	All kinds of plants/plant materials and other items as: insects, microbial cultures, biocontrol agents, soil, growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials), sand, peat or sphagnum moss, similar materials and stone etc.
2.	Additional Plant Protection Adviser (PQ)	All notified points of entry	All kinds of plants/plant materials and other items as: insects, microbial cultures, biocontrol agents, soil, growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials), sand, peat or sphagnum moss, similar materials and stone etc.
3.	Director, National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, New Delhi	New Delhi	All kinds of import of plant germplasm for public/private sectors/ Institutions in the country.
4.	Officer-In-Charge, Regional Plant Quarantine Station, New Delhi	(i) New Delhi Airport (ii) All Notified points of entry in Northern Zone in the States of Delhi, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, J&K, Rajasthan, U.P. and Uttaranchal.	Import of all kind of plants/ plant materials for sowing, planting, propagation and consumption and other items as: soil, growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials), sand, peat or sphagnum moss, similar material and stone.
5.	Officer-In-Charge, Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Amritsar	(i) Amritsar Airport (ii) All notified points of entry bordering Pakistan in the States of Punjab & UT Chandigarh	Import of all kind of plants/ plant materials for sowing, planting, propagation and consumption and other items as: soil, growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials), sand, peat or sphagnum moss, similar material and stone.
6.	Officer-In-Charge, Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Chennai	(i)Chennai Airport/Seaport (ii)All notified points of entry in Southern Zone in	Import of all kind of plants/ plant materials for sowing, planting, propagation and consumption and other items

		the States of Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Tamil Nadu, Uts A&N Islands, Lakshadeep and Pondicherry.	As: soil, growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials), sand, peat or sphagnum moss, similar material and stone.
7.	Officer-In-Charge, Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Kolkata	(i) Kolkata Airport/Seaport (ii) All notified points of entry in Eastern Zone in the States of Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Jharkhand, Meghalaya, Manipur, Nagaland, Orissa, Sikkim, Tripura, West Bengal and Mizoram.	Import of all kind of plants/ plant materials for sowing, planting, propagation and consumption and other items as: soil, growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials), sand, peat or sphagnum moss, similar material and stone.
8.	Officer-In-Charge, Regional Plant Quarantine Station, Mumbai	(i)Mumbai Airport/Seaport (ii) All points of entry notified in Western Zone in the States of Goa, Gujarat, M.P., Chhatisgarh, Maharastra and UT Dadra & Nagar Haveli, Daman & Diu.	Import of all kind of plants/ plant materials for sowing, planting, propagation and consumption and other items as: soil, growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials), sand, peat or sphagnum moss, similar material and stone.
9.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Agartala	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
10.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Ahmedabad	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
11.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Bagdogra	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
12.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Banbasa	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
13.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Bengaluru	Andhra Pradesh, Telengana and Karnataka	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and all kinds of soil, growing media (with soil, peat or other organic materials), peat or sphagnum moss and mushroom spawn.

14.	Officer-In-Charge,	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant
14.	Plant Quarantine Station, Bhavnagar	Concerned Port of Entry	materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
15.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Bongaon	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
16.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Calicut	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
17.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Coimbatore	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
18.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Cochin	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (iii, v & vi) under the category of soil only.
19.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Guwahati	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
20.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Haldia	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
21.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Hyderabad	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
22.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Jamnagar	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
23.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Jogbani	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
24.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Kakinada	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
25.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Kalimpong	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.

26.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Kandla	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
27.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Krishnapatnam	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (iii, v & vi) under the category of soil only.
28.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Lucknow	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
29.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Mangalore	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (iii, v & vi) under the category of soil only.
30.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Mundra	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
31.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Panitanki	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
32.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Pipavav	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
33.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Sonauli	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
34.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Raxaul	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
35.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Rupaidiha	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
36.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Tiruchirapalli	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.
37.	Officer-In-Charge, Plant Quarantine Station, Thiruananthpuram	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant materials for consumption and other items (v & vi) under the category of soil only.

38.	Officer-In-Charge,	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant
	Plant Quarantine Station,		materials for consumption and
	Tuticorin		other items (iii, v & vi) under
			the category of soil only.
39.	Officer-In-Charge,	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant
	Plant Quarantine Station,		materials for consumption and
	Vishakhapatnam,		other items (v & vi) under the
			category of soil only.
40.	Officer-In-Charge,	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant
	Central Integrated Pest		materials for consumption and
	Management Centre, Goa		other items (v & vi) under the
			category of soil only.
41.	Officer-In-Charge,	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant
	Plant Quarantine Station,		materials for consumption and
	Indore (Mdhya Pradesh)		other items (v & vi) under the
- 10	0.07		category of soil only.
42.	Officer-In-Charge,	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant
	Plant Quarantine Station,		materials for consumption and
	Nagpur (Maharashtra)		other items (v & vi) under the
12	0.00	G ID OF	category of soil only.
43.	Officer-In-Charge,	Concerned Port of Entry	Import of Plants and Plant
	Central Integrated Pest		materials for consumption and
	Management Centre, Patna		other items (v & vi) under the
			category of soil only.

SCHEDULE-XI

[See clause 2 (xi)] PART – I

List of Inspection Authorities for Certification of Post entry quarantine facilities and inspection of growing plants

S. No.	State/Union Territory	of growing p	Designated Inspection Authorities
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Andaman & Nicobar	Entire Union	Officer-in-charge,
	Islands	Territory	Indian Council of Agricultural Research,
			Research Complex, Port Blair.
2.	Andhra Pradesh	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology, Acharya N.G. Ranga Agricultural University, Guntur, Andhra Pradesh. (vide S.O. 6224(E) dt. 18 th Dec. 2018)
3.	Arunachal Pradesh	Entire State	Joint Director, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Research Complex for North- Eastern Hill Region, Arunachal Pradesh Center, Basar, Arunachal Pradesh.
4.	Assam	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology, Assam Agricultural University, Jorhat.
5.	Bihar	Except North and South Chota Nagpur, Santhal Region	Head, Division of Plant Pathology, Rajendra Agricultural University, Pusa, Bihar.
6.	Bihar	North and South Chota Nagpur, Santhal Region.	Head, Division of Plant Pathology, Bisra Agricultural University, Ranchi, Bihar.
7.	Chandigarh	Entire Union Territory	Head, Division of Plant Pathology, Punjab Agricultural Universitgy, Ludhiana
8.	Daman & Diu	Entire Union Territory	Head, Division of Plant Pathology, Gujarat Agricultural Universitty, Banaskantha.
9.	Delhi	Entire Union Territory	Head, Division of Plant Pathology and Mycology, Indian Agricultural Research Institute, New Delhi –110012.
10.	Goa	Entire State	Officer-in-charge, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Research Complex for Goa, Ele Farm, Ele, Old Goa-403 402.

11.	Gujarat	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology, Gujarat Agricultural University, Dantiwada.	
12.	Haryana	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
12.	11ai yana	Entire State		
12	II' 1 1 D 1 1	Г.	Haryana Agricultural University, Hissar.	
13.	13. Himachal Pradesh Entire		Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
		State (Agriculture)	Himachal Pradesh Krishi Vishva Vidyalaya,	
			Palampur.	
14.	14. Himachal Pradesh Entire State		Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
		(Horticulture and	Dr. Y.S. Parmar University of Horticulture	
		Forestry)	and Forestry, Solan.	
15.	Jammu & Kashmir	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
			Sher-e-Kashmir Agricultural University of	
			Science and Technology, Srinagar/Jammu	
16.	16. Karnataka Shimoga,Chitterdu		Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
		a, South Kanada,	University of Agricultural Sciences,	
		Chickmaglur,	Bangalore 560067.	
		Kolar, Bangalore,		
		Hassan, Coorg,		
		Mandya, Mysore		
17.	Karnataka	Belgaon, Bellary,	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
17.	Txurruunu	Bidar, Bijapur,	Dharwar University of Agricultural Sciences,	
		Dharwar, Gulbarga,	Dharwar.	
		Raichur and Uttar	Simi war.	
		Kannada		
18.	Kerala	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
			Kerala Agricultural University, Trichur.	
19.	Lakshadweep	Entire Union	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
	1	Territory	Kerala Agricultural University, Trichur.	
20.	Madhya Pradesh	All districts of state	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
		except Raipur, Durg,	Jawahar Lal Nehru Krishi Vishva Vidyala,	
		Rajnandgaon,	Jabalpur.	
		Bilaspur, Rajgarh,		
		Surguja and Bastar		
21.	Madhra Pradesh	Raipur, Durg,	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
		Rajnandgaon,	Indira Gandhi Krishi Vishva Vidyalaya,	
		Bilaspur, Rajgarh,	Raipur.	
		Surguja and Bastar	1	
22.	Maharashtra	Konkan and	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
		Revenue Division	Konkan Krishi Vidyapeeth, Dapoli.	
		of Bombay	,,	
23.	Maharashtra	Revenue Division	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
		of Pune and Nasik	Mahatma Phule Krishi Vidyapeeth, Rahuri.	

24.	Maharashtra	Revenue Division	Head ,Division of Plant Pathology,		
		of Aurangabad (7 districts)	Marathwada Krishi Vidyapeeth, Parbhani.		
25.	Maharashtra	Revenue Division	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,		
		of Nagpur and	Panjabrao Krishi Vidyapeeth, Akola.		
		Amravati			
26.	26. Manipur Entire State		Indian Council of Agricultural Research,		
			Research Complex for North-Eastern Hill		
			Region, Manipur Center, Lamphelpat, Manipur.		
27.	27. Meghalaya Entire State		Indian Council of Agricultural Research,		
			Research Complex, Meghalaya.		
28.	Mizoram	Entire State	Indian Council of Agricultural Research,		
			Research Complex for North-Eastern Hill		
			Region, Mizoram Center, Kelasib,		
			Mizoram.		
29.	Nagaland	Entire State	Indian Council of Agricultural Research,		
			Research Complex for North-Eastern Hill		
			Region, Nagaland Center, Jharnapani,		
			Nagaland.		
30.	Orissa	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,		
			Orissa University of Agriculture and		
			Technology, Bhubaneswar.		
31.	Pondicherry	Entire Union	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,		
		Territory	Tamil Nadu Agricultural University,		
			Coimbatore.		
32.	Punjab	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,		
			Punjab Agricultural University,		
			Ludhiana.		
33.	Rajasthan	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,		
			Rajasthan Agricultural University, Bikaner.		
34.	Sikkim	Entire State	Head, Indian Council of Agricultural		
			Research, Research Complex for North-		
			Eastern Hill Region, Sikkim Center,		
			Tadong, Gangtok, Sikkim.		
35.	Tamil Nadu	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,		
			Tamil Nadu Agricultural University,		
			Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu.		
36.	Telangana	Entire State	Head, Deivision of Plant Pathology, Professor		
			Jayashankar Telangana State Agricultural		
			University (PJTSAU), Rajendranagar,		
			Hyderabad, Telangana		
			(vide S.O. 6224(E) dt. 18 th Dec. 2018)		

37.	Tripura	Entire State	Officer-in-charge, Indian Council of	
			Agricultural Research, Research Complex,	
			Agartala, Tripura.	
38.	Uttar Pradesh	Lucknow, Jhansi,	Head Division of Plant Pathology,	
		Agra and Allahabad	Chandrasekhar Azad University of	
		Division	Agriculture and Technology, Kanpur.	
39.	Uttar Pradesh	Kumaon, Garhwal,	Head Division of Plant Pathology,	
		Rohilkhand, Meerut	G.B. Pant University of Agriculture and	
		Division.	Technology, Pantnagar.	
40.	Uttar Pradesh	Faizabad,	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
		Gorakhpur and	Narender Dev University of Agriculture and	
		Varanasi Division	Technology, Faizabad.	
41.	West Bengal	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology,	
			Bidhan Chandra Krishi Vishva Vidyalaya,	
			Kalyani, Mohanpur, Nadia (West Bengal).	
42.	Karnataka	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology, IIHR,	
			Hessarghata, Bangalore, Karnataka.	
43.	West Bengal	Entire State	Head, Division of Plant Pathology, Uttar Banga	
			Krishi Viswavidyala, Cooch Beher, West	
			Bengal	

PART – II LIST OF INSPECTION AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN SPECIFIED PURPOSES

S. No.	Name of Inspection Authority	Jurisdiction	Purpose
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	Head, Advance Center for Plant	Entire Country	Tissue Culture raised plants
	Virology, IARI, PUSA, New Delhi	-	
2.	Head, Indian Institute of Horticultural	Entire Country	Tissue Culture raised plants
	Research, Hesarghatta, Bangalore		
3.	Head, Institute of Himalayan Bio-	Entire Country	Tissue Culture raised plants
	Resources Technology, Palampur,		
	Himachal Pradesh		

SCHEDULE-XII [See clause 3 (4)]

Quantities of seeds permitted for trial purpose/accession to gene bank of National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources.

Crop Species	Multi-location Trials (MLT)(Kg)	Agronomic Trials (AT)(Kg)	MLT+ AT (Kg)	Accession To gene bank (Gm)
Black gram	6.0	14.0	20.0	200/2500
2. Castor	6.0	9.0	15.0	900/4500
3. Chick pea	30.0	70.0	100.0	800/2500
4. Cowpea	10.0	20.0	30.0	300/2500
5. Green gram	6.0	14.0	20.0	500/2500
6. Groundnut (Pod)	50.0	100.00	150.00	900/2500
7. Lentil	10.0	20.0	30.0	70/2500
8. Linseed	10.0	15.0	25.0	15/2500
9. Maize	10.0	10.0	20.0	700/4500
10. Minor millet	4.0	6.0	10.0	15/4500
11. Niger	4.0	4.0	8.0	10/4500
12. Paddy			16.0	50/2500
13. Pearl millet	2.0	3.0	5.0	15/4500
14. Peas	30.0	70.0	100.0	600/2500
15. Pigeon pea	6.0	14.0	20.0	400/2500
16. Rajmah	20.0	30.0	50.0	500/2500
17. Rape/ Mustard	2.0	3.0	5.0	6/2500
18. Safflower	4.0	6.0	10.0	100/4500
19. Sesamum	2.0	3.0	5.0	6/2500
20. Sunflower	4.0	6.0	10.0	100/4500
21. Sorghum	4.0	6.0	10.0	35/4500
22. Soybean	20.0	55.0	75.0	400/2500
23. Wheat			5.0	150/2500

^{*}The seed size varies considerably from variety to variety of crop. Hence, number of seeds per variety as per the gene bank standards for self/cross pollinated is also given for each crop. Seeds should not be treated with any chemical.